The China Press
大陸報

NO. 3733 VOL XIII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 癸亥年九月十九日 SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1923 大正十二年十月廿八日 第三種郵便物認可 20 CENTS

Weather

Overcast weather. The maximum temperature yesterday was 70.7 and the minimum 56.8, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 74.3 and 49.0.

The Mail Box

MAILS for U. S. and Europe. Str. Pres. Jefferson, 10 a.m. today.

FROM U. S. and Europe. Str. Emp. of Australia, 9.30 a.m. Tuesday.

FROM -Europe via Suez. Str. Nyanza, p.m. tomorrow.

Tea Exports

Exemption On Duty Russian Consumption Demand In U. S.

MR. L. A. Lyall, the Commissioner of Customs at Shanghai, a few days ago issued a notice to the effect that on instructions received from the Inspector-General of Customs, the period of exemption of duty for Chinese tea exported abroad is extended until the end of 1925. China was once the world's principal source for tea, but in recent years it has been steadily losing ground as an exporter. The Chinese tea industry had in previous years been accustomed to supplying the greater part of Russia's imports, and while the loss of so important a market has been felt by all tea-producing countries, China in this respect has been the principal sufferer. China monopolised the tea markets of the world up to the close of the eighteenth century. India then entered the field as a serious competitor and then Japan came in to add to China's troubles in this respect, and Ceylon followed suit to oust Chinese tea from its preeminent world favor.

The great loss of Russia to the tea trade of this country can be better appreciated by comparing the exports last year to Russia of tea grown in China with the export figures of a year before the great European war. Before the war we used to export on an average some 190 million pounds of tea to Russia. Last year, according to the statistics published by the Chinese Maritime Customs, the exports to Russia reached some 458,603 piculs, or, roughly some 61 million pounds. From first position China has sunk to fourth in the international market as a tea producer, India now retaining the position previously the pride of China, followed by Ceylon and Java in the order named.

RUSSIA'S DECLINE

Prior to 1914 Russia took about two-thirds of China's exports of tea, and this consumption was maintained until 1918. In the following year Russia only drew upon China to the extent of a fifth of her pre-war average takings. The decline then set in rapidly, the figures each year showing a steady drop. It is hardly surprising that the Inspector-General of Customs should have issued the ukase granting exemption of export taxation to Chinese tea for a further period of two years. Although the loss of the Russian trade was compensated to a small extent by the American market, still the situation is not roseate. Although the elimination of Russia from the international tea market placed the United States next to the United Kingdom as a consumer of tea, the consumption in the former country has hardly grown rapidly. It stands at around a quarter of that of the United Kingdom, and exporters, therefore, would rather welcome the re-entry of Russia into the Chinese tea market as a purchaser to her old capacity than any increase in the consumption in the United States.

It is true that the consumption of tea in the United States has increased 50 percent as a result of the prohibition movement. During the next ten years it is quite likely that consumption in America will be double of what it is today. Tea merchants in China are trying to develop the American market, and the question of standardising tea products, the elimination of middle men, the advisability of launching an advertising campaign and other means of increasing the export of Chinese tea are receiving the serious attention of teamen in China.

PRODUCT IS GOOD

It is universally admitted that Chinese tea possesses qualities superior to that produced in any other part of the world, due to a large extent to the favorable climate and peculiar soil as well as to the skill of manufacture by generations of producers. There is no reason why China should not adopt the Indian scheme of

(Continued on Page 8)

WHAT IS LOVE?

IS the answer the same through the ages,—or does Love vary with the generations?

IS the love of our grandmothers in their lavendar-scented hoop-skirts the same as the flapperish young sheba's of today?

THE CHINA PRESS announces the publication of a series of six articles on 'What Is Love?' beginning on Tuesday. Bruno Lessing, one of the most famous of American writers, carries the general theme and Samuel Merwin, David Belasco, Jack Lait, Mrs. C. N. Williamson, William Dudley Pelley, and Mrs. Wilson Woodrow all contribute their views.

Read Tuesday's China Press!

WEIHAIWEI DISCUSSION DEADLOCKED, PEKING SAYS

Negotiations Are Now At Standstill, Report

BRITAIN IS FIRM

Opposes Chinese Claim For Modification Of Agreement

(Eastern News Agency)

Peking, Oct. 26.—According to today's Chinese press reports, the negotiations on the rendition of Weihaiwei have been brought to a deadlock, and the outline in connection therewith is as follows:

The memoranda recently exchanged between the British and Chinese delegates were immediately notified to their respective Governments. As a result of an interview, lasting many hours, made at the end of September between Sir Ronald Macleay, the British Minister, and Dr. Wellington Koo, Chinese Minister for Foreign Affairs, on China's concrete plan which had been revised on the basis of the memorandum submitted by the Chinese delegate, the British Minister asked his Home Government for instructions as to what steps he should take.

A reply having been received from the British Government, it was of late handed to the Waichiaopu. The gist of the reply is reported to be that the British Government by no means approve of China's assertion and that in case China stubbornly insists upon the modification of the memorandum from the British delegate, Great Britain will withdraw her intention to return Weihaiwei to China.

SILVER ROBBERY ABOARD STEAMER MYSTIFIES POLICE

Big Theft Of Dollars Reported On Board The Chang An

When the San Peh Steam Navigation Company's steamer Chang An comes into port today the Nantao police will try to pick up the threads leading toward the unravelling of the mystery surrounding a disappearance of several thousands of silver dollars being transported to Hankow on the steamer's last trip for the Bank of Communications.

The consignment to the Hupeh city totaled $200,000 and the exact amount of the theft is not yet known here. It is believed, however, that the loss runs high. The discrepancy was not discovered until the ship reached Hankow, when an investigation was immediately set afoot and the Nantao police here were informed.

Since each box of the coins weighs in the neighborhood of 300 pounds and the cargo was presumably stored in a place not ready of access, the method of its removal is a puzzle. Local officials of the San Peh company would give no information regarding the robbery yesterday. It is believed by the police that members of the crew were involved and they will be questioned on the ship's arrival here.

The Chang An left Shanghai for Hankow on October 19 and sailed on the return trip October 24.

British Agrees To Twelve-Mile Limit For Booze, Report

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Oct. 26.—It is reported that Britain has accepted in principle Mr. Hughes's proposal for the establishment of a 12-mile limit for contraband search, the expert committee of the Imperial Conference having drafted a plan which, it is believed, will meet the essential points of the American request.

Kid Volstead Scores Kayo

Eddie Johnson, Heavyweight, Pins On White Ribbon

J. Barleycorn Takes Count

Mr. Eddie Johnson, pugilist, who on Thursday evening knocked one Al Belknap for a row of tin pagodas, signed the pledge yesterday. He's not going to let vile 'likker' pass his lips for 365 more days.

Johnson signed his monicker on the dotted line promising to love, honor and obey the W. C. T. U. at the suggestion of U. S. Commissioner Nelson E. Lurton after the prizefighter had plead guilty to imbibing too much of the cup that cheers on Friday evening and doing a little promiscuous training in the Hongkew district with passers-by as unwilling sparring partners.

The prize-fighter was arrested shortly after 6 o'clock Friday evening—missing the fisticuffs teaparty at the New Carlton despite the fact that he had a hardboiled shirt all ready for the fray—and conveyed to the American jail for safe-keeping. The police informed U. S. Marshal Thurston Porter, the keeper of the keys, that Johnson had been 'doing his stuff' all through the Hongkew district, pushing Chinese off the side-walk in all directions and elevating one beggar who approached him for alms into temporary oblivion with one slap before he came within the clutches of the law.

SIGN HERE

After Johnson had explained that because he won his fight at the Stadium on Thursday evening he was surrounded by a host of admirers who simply insisted that he have 'just one more', they were so tickled at the manner in which he had caused Belknap to kiss the canvas. He forgot exactly just when the 'one more' was taken and had no recollection of 'carrying on' in Hongkew under the mistaken idea that he was still clad in ring armor and padded mitts. Furthermore he promised he'd never do it again.

Commissioner Lurton suggested the pledge and Johnson replied he would be only too pleased to accomodate the learned Judge.

"Sign here," said Commissioner Lurton yanking out his fountain-pen in the best approved manner.

Johnson hesitated a fraction of a second.

"Could I have just a glass o' beer now and then," he asked.

"There are no conditions—bone dry!" Mr. Lurton said.

Johnson signed as Commissioner Lurton raised the hand of Kid Volstead aloft and the poor, weary form of Battling John Barleycorn was carried out by the sponge-squad.

Really, It's More Fun To Watch The Manly Art!

By Irene Corbally Kuhn

My dear, you should have been with us! A group of us here is taking up boxing in a serious way and as Chairman of the Society Swatters, as we call our little organisation of athletic girls, I went with Westa, the Sporting Editor, and some of the other gentlemen of the press, to the Carlton the other night. They were staging some sort of a boxing tournament; "fights," the men called the thing, although we girls referred to them as "bouts."

I must say I was a bit timid at first, especially when I saw such an array of men, literally hundreds of them. However, the fistic-fan-frails began trooping in until there must have been fully a dozen of us of the Evening Gown brigade, as Westa so naively put it, and I wasn't so self-conscious.

Before I tell you about the bouts I must say a word about the costumes. So many of the ladies there were wearing red—quite an appropriate color for such an occasion for, disgusting as it is I must tell you that some of these bouts are not without a little blood-letting.

IT ISN'T RIGHT!

Well, they started off with a preliminary exhibition by two young men, hardly past the school age. Really, I don't think that was quite right. It doesn't seem nice to subject good-looking youngsters to the dangers of scars, black eyes and, perhaps, horrible thought, what are known in sports circles as "cauliflower ears." I just felt for the parents of those youngsters all the time they were on the stage.

Something should be done about the costumes, too. It really doesn't seem quite *gentil* you know, with ladies present, to have the young gentlemen who are boxing appear without leg coverings or some sort of shirt. However, I am quite broadminded about these things and I am of the opinion that if they wore socks or leggings it would hamper their style. I do think, though, that besides the looks of the thing it would be better for the protection of their skin if they were required to wear a short-sleeved lawn or dimity blouse of some kind, with a turn-over collar and, perhaps, a narrow tie of the color of their school, or organisation or whatever else they are boxing for.

QUITE TOO AWFUL

One of the most exciting bouts there was really quite too awful. The boys were little fellows but very sturdy and exceptionally fast. One of them was named Fedora or something like that and he seemed to have quite a few supporters in the house. They were egging him on, actually encouraging him to *hit* his opponent. One uncouth person in the back of the hall kept yelling, "Come on Fedora, come on, you've got him going now." I really didn't see where "he" could be going for they had ropes all around the place so they couldn't get out and anyway, Dr. O'Hara, who is no sylph of nymphlike proportions, believe me, was there to see that they didn't leave till he said so. Besides all that, Dinny Doyle was in the front row with one of those dirty looks for which he is justly famous on his naturally pugnacious face. Dinny was marking time or something. Anyway, he had a watch and a bell and every time things were going good and the boys had their game of tag really started in the "ring" there, Dinny would ring his bell and they'd have to stop. So you see he must have had some authority.

This uncouth person who, as I remarked, was continually disturbing things by giving advice to the performers, was especially disagreeable when Fedora, inadvertently, I am sure, for he seemed like a perfect gentleman to me, slapped the other young chap

(Continued on Page 2)

INVENTORS OF INSULIN GIVEN NOBEL PRIZE

Canadian Physicians Honored For Finding Remedy For Diabetes

(Reuter's Service)

Stockholm, Oct. 26.—The Nobel Prize for Medicine for 1923 has been awarded to the Canadians, Dr. Banting and Dr. McLeod, in connection with their discovery of insulin as a remedy for diabetes.

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Oct. 27.—The Nobel Prize for medicine has been awarded to Dr. Archibald Hill, Professor of Physiology at Manchester University, and M. Otto Mayerhoff, Professor of Physiology at Kieff. The Prize for medicine for 1923 has been awarded to Drs. Banting and McLeod of Toronto, who discovered insulin.

ARMS DEALER FOILS GUARD, ESCAPES FROM BRITISH JAIL

George Dixon, 3 Months' Prisoner, Still At Large

POLICE DRAGNET

Climbs Wall On Window-Washer's Ladder

George Dixon, who was sentenced on Monday to three month's imprisonment at hard labor for selling 50 revolvers, made a sensational escape from the British jail in Amoy Road on Friday afternoon and was still at large at a late hour last night.

The Municipal, Chinese and French police were immediately notified by the British authorities and have thrown a drag-net over the Settlement and the surrounding territory in the attempt to recapture him. All trains and ships leaving the city are being closely watched by detectives and as he is without funds and has no passport it is believed that he will soon be recaptured.

Details of the manner in which Dixon made his escape have not been made public by the British authorities, but it is said that he had been given a ladder on which to wash the jail windows and was at work a few minutes before his disappearance was discovered. Taking advantage of a brief interval when his guard's back was turned Dixon threw the ladder against the wall surrounding the jail courtyard and managed to climb over and drop free on the outside before an alarm could be raised. It is the first time a prisoner has escaped from the British jail in many years.

ARMS DEALER

Dixon was arrested by the Municipal police after a Chinese detective had made a purchase of 50 revolvers from him. Mrs. Dixon was also arrested but was found not guilty by Magistrate G. W. King and the charge dismissed. Dixon, however, pleaded guilty, saying that he had been tempted by the apparently easy money to be made in dealing in contraband arms and ammunition. He was not the principal, but merely the go-between, he said.

It is thought that Dixon has made his way into Chinese territory and is now taking refuge in the home of some Chinese friend or acquaintance. The police are also making renewed efforts to discover the identity of the alleged man 'higher-up' in the belief that Dixon may be being given refuge by him. Dixon was formerly in the Customs service here and is well acquainted with the river district.

MAY VALIDATE PARLIAMENT AS CHOSEN IN 1920

Kiangsu Tuchun's Suggestion Would Eliminate New Election

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 25.—In view of the fact that the tenure of office of the present Parliament has been extended to the day prior to the convocation of the new Parliament, considerable importance is being attached to the suggestion emanating from General Chi Hsieh-yuan, Tuchun of Kiangsu, who proposes that the election carried out in 1920 under the auspices of General Chin Yun-ping, then Premier, be regarded as valid, by which expedient he considers that time, effort and money will be saved. It will be remembered that owing to the overthrow of the Anfu party in that year the election in question was not completed by the convocation of members elected at that time, though the election was never declared null and void. Naturally, the suggestion is not acceptable to the present Members of Parliament, who profess to see in it a design to eliminate them.

Famous Electrical Engineer Dies

Dr. Steinmetz, Chief Consulting Engineer of the General Electric Company, and recognised as the world's foremost electrical inventor and scientist, who has just died, photographed while working on a new invention in a strange posture. The electrical wizard was a cripple.

FRANK KELLOGG WILL BE ENVOY TO ST. JAMES

Former Senator Selected To Represent U. S. At London

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Oct. 26.—Mr. Frank Kellogg, Republican ex-Senator for Minnesota, has been appointed American Ambassador to Britain.

Mr. Kellogg was a close friend of the late President Harding. He was a leader of the mild reservationists in the fight over the Versailles Treaty and came to the fore as special Government counsel during the Taft administration, which included proceedings against the Standard Oil Trust and actions to dissolve important railway mergers.

Former United States Senator Frank Billings Kellogg of Minnesota, who has just been named as the American Ambassador to the Court of St. James in succession to Col. George Harvey, who resigned, is a native of Potsdam, New York. While still a youngster his parents moved to Minnesota, where he has since resided. He received a common school education in the Minnesota schools and then studied law, being admitted to the bar in 1877.

He began his political career by becoming City Attorney of Rochester, Minn., the site of the famous Mayo Brothers hospital, and then became County Attorney of Omstead county. He then moved to St. Paul, became a member of a prominent legal firm there, and received his firm fame as a nationally known lawyer by acting as special counsel for the United States in the sensational cases brought against the 'paper trust and the Standard Oil Company.

'TRUST BUSTER'

Continuing his brilliant work as a special counsel he represented the Interstate Commerce Commission in the investigation of the Harriman railroads and served as special counsel in the Government's successful suit to dissolve the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railway combine.

He was elected United States Senator from Minnesota in 1917 and served until early this year, being succeeded by the Farmer-Labor candidate, Senator Magnus Johnson. In addition to recognising his ability President Coolidge unquestionably gave consideration to his valuable services to the Republican party while he was in the Senate in naming him for the London post.

The new Ambassador was the government delegate to the Universal Congress of Lawyers and Jurists in St. Louis in 1904, and was president of the American Bar Association in 1912-13. He has also served as the Minnesota member of the Republican National Committee.

STEINMETZ, 'ELECTRICAL WIZARD', DEAD

Noted Engineer Succumbs In New York City At Age Of 58

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Oct. 26.—The death is announced of Mr. Charles Proteus Steinmetz, the well-known electrical engineer, at the age of 58.

Dr. Steinmetz was known over the entire world as the 'Electrical Wizard' and without doubt was the greatest electrical engineer of the times. He was born at Breslau, Germany, on April 9, 1865, and received his early education in Breslau, Zurich, and Berlin and then specialised in mathematics, electrical engineering and chemistry.

He received an honorary degree from Harvard in 1902 and his Ph. D. from Union University, New York, in 1903. He has been consulting engineer for the General Electric Company at Schenectady, New York, since 1893, and has been a professor of electrophysics at Union University since 1902.

Dr. Steinmetz was the author of a dozen authorities on electrical problems as well as sundry papers of theoretical ideas and experimental investigations in electrical engineering. In addition he took an active interest in politics, being a Socialist, and has contributed his ideas of political problems in a number of articles.

He was past President of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, president of the Electrical Illumination Engineering Society, and has served as president of the Board of Education of Schenectady as well as president of the Common Council.

Dr. Steinmetz was deformed and never married. Several years ago, however, he adopted an entire family of husband, wife and four children who have since lived with him. Dr. Steinmetz returned to his home only a month ago from an extensive tour of the West during which he spent considerable time in Los Angeles and San Francisco. He delivered two lectures, one of which, "Electricity in Civilisation," was widely printed throughout the United States, while he was in San Francisco. He was accompanied on the trip by his adopted family.

Earl Of Athlone Named Governor Of South Africa

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 26.—The Earl of Athlone has been appointed to succeed Prince Arthur of Connaught as Governor-General of South Africa.

FRENCH AGREE TO PROBE, BUT WON'T TREAT WITH BERLIN

Stand Firm On Rights Under Versailles Treaty

NO NEGOTIATIONS

Any Inquiry Must Be Subject To Commission

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Oct. 26.—It is authoritatively stated that France has notified the United States that she would welcome the presence of an American representative on a committee of experts to investigate Germany's capacity to pay, but that such a committee must be appointed by the Reparations Commission and be subordinate to it.

The statement adds, however, that there can be no question of opening negotiations with Germany until France is satisfied that passive resistance has entirely and practically ceased.

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Oct. 26.—Unusual prominence is given to Marquess Curzon's and Mr. Hughes's correspondence, but up to the present opinion has not had time to crystallise.

The New York Times says that General Smuts's cry that Europe has no longer strength to save herself must have been written without any feeling of real despair for, as far as President Coolidge and Mr. Hughes are concerned, he presumably knew that there was a special reason for having faith in America. Yet America can only help on Mr. Hughes's conditions.

The New York World writes that it now turns out that Colonel Harvey spoke for the Administration and it is practically certain that General Smuts knew what Col. Harvey had been authorised to say when he appealed for a conference. The journal declares that the real purpose of the campaign opened by General Smuts was to smoke out M. Poincare and to make him reveal whether his aims can be defended in conference or whether they rest on intrigue and force.

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Oct. 26.—The German Ambassador has returned from a visit to Germany. He declares that Germany will not attempt to float a loan in America or elsewhere until the reparations question has been settled.

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Oct. 26.—The French press emphasises favorably the passage in Mr. Baldwin's speech yesterday at Plymouth indicating the will of Britain to make Germany pay, and declaring "that M. Poincare now represents the opinion of almost the whole of France." Nevertheless, the majority of newspapers doubt the efficacity of the inter-Allied conference proposed by Britain to settle the problem of reparations.

The Liberte points that Germany herself has just requested the Reparations Commission to examine her capacity for payment and that the latter has not yet had time to reply.

The Journal des Debats emphasises the reservations made by the United States who, while declaring herself ready to participate in an economic conference, replied to the suggestion from London that Germany ought not to be encouraged in resistance or relieved of her responsibilities, that the questions of reparations and debts should remain distinct and that the American Government would send experts without official status, reserving freedom of action if unanimity of the Allies were not obtained.

The Temps understands that the French Government has already informed London and Washington that it will agree to a meeting of a committee of experts in which the United States will participate on condition that the committee shall be appointed by the Reparations Commission in conformity with the Treaty.

The British delegate on the Reparations Commission having returned from Paris, the members of the Commission will exchange views on the German Note this morning in semi-official conversations.

Speaking at Hagen yesterday the German Chancellor, Dr.

The Mail Box

MAILS for U. S. and Europe. Str. Pres. Jefferson, 10 a.m. today.

FROM U. S. and Europe. Str. Emp. of Australia, 9.30 a.m. Tuesday.

FROM -Europe via Suez. Str. Nyanza, p.m. tomorrow.

Stresemann, according to the Temps, violently indicted not only France but on occasion all the Allies. The speech is considered as forming part of the demonstrations by which the increasing force of the Right movement against the Left is strengthening itself.

The newspapers announce that the negotiations in the Palatinate between the heads of the different parties on the subject of organization of an autonomous government are continuing.

The Journal des Debats states that the Separatist movement appears to be gaining in depth. An executive committee has been installed at Treves. The Separatists are masters of Coblenz, where no trouble is reported. The Rhineland flag continues to float over the town-hall of Bonn. The Republic has been proclaimed in several districts, including St. Goar.

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Oct. 27.—Although no German appeal for food has been received officially, President Coolidge believes that, if conditions develop on the lines forecast by Americans who have recently returned from Germany, the United States would generously respond.

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Oct. 27—The newspapers rejoice at the agreement on a reparations conference. The New York World says that President Coolidge and Mr. Hughes have crossed the Rubicon. The New York Tribune wants the Allies to insist on defaulting Germany being brought to book. The New York Times declares that the old cordial spirit of common effort for common good has been restored.

Really, It's More Sport To Watch The Manly Art!

(Continued from Page 1)

hard in the face and made his nose bleed. This member of the audience rose to his feet, clapped his hands, and *begged* Fedora to "follow it up!" Actually! Why, I believe he wanted them really to hurt each other. However, the fighters were little gentlemen and they didn't press their advantages.

PAGE THE AMAH

Oh, I must tell you! At the next fights I am going to brug my massage amah to learn some new rubs. The performers retire to different corners of their roped-off space—this must be Dinny's idea, too, to give him a chance to ring his bell and see what time it is every few minutes or so—and then kind-hearted friends wash their faces, comb their hair and wipe them down. Usually, there is one of these friends who massages their legs so they can go back and play tag and they really have a fine technique. Buffalo-san should see it.

Dinny was always breaking this little bit of pleasure up for them, too. He'd bark "seconds out, round 3." or something, and out they'd go and the boys would begin all over again, mussing their hair and getting themselves all sweaty.

It was quite an evening all around. There were such good-looking clothes coming in toward the last, however, that I lost interest in the boxing, so I shall have to go again. It really is more fun!

Croker's Widow Offers Estate To Tammany Hall

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Oct. 27.—The New York Herald states that Mrs. Croker has offered to Mr. Murphy, the leader of Tammany Hall, her late husband's estate for the use of the organization.

Dutch Cabinet May Resign As Navy Bill Loses

(Reuter's Service)

The Hague, Oct. 26.—The resignation of the Cabinet is expected in consequence of the Second Chamber rejecting the Naval Bill by 50 votes to 49. The Leftist parties and 10 Catholics voted against the Bill. The result of the divisions was loudly cheered by the Leftists.

AT
SILBERMAN'S
Sale This Week
52 Styles in Arrow Collars
¼ ½ & ¾ sizes
All Styles to Clear at
$5.00 dozen
Note the address
5 BROADWAY
Opp. Astor House

BRITISH NAVY CHIEF TELLS OF PLAN TO GUARD SHIPS

Admiral Leveson Talks Regarding Work Of River Patrol

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hankow, Oct. 26.—Admiral Sir Arthur Leveson returned to Hankow from Chungking yesterday and was entertained to dinner in the evening by the British Chamber of Commerce. In his speech, the Admiral opposed the placing of guards on board ships as being useless and a cause of provocation. The most important thing was to establish very reliable wireless on up-river gunboats, which, he said, was being done. It was now possible to have direct communication with Chungking. He was very desirous of securing a berth on the Bund for a reserve gunboat in Hankow so that in time of trouble in any part of the river there would be no delay in proceeding to the scene.

A special meeting of the Council this morning came to the conclusion that a berth was required.

H.M.S. Gnat arrived at Changsha this morning. A wireless from the vessel states that tension has relaxed for the present. The situation is improving.

Hankow Will Get Hospital

(Independent News Service)

Hankow, Oct. 23.—It has been decided by the Chinese authorities in consultation with the French and Italian Consuls, that a Memorial Hospital for Father Melotto should be erected in Hankow, in accordance with the proposal of the Roman Catholic Mission. There has been some discussion recently regarding the memorial structure, as it had been suggested that a memorial school should be built in Teinfu where Father Melotto devoted his life to the missionary work.

In The U. S. Court For China

MOTION CALENDAR

Monday, Oct. 29, 1923, 3 p.m.

Cause No. 2020, Russo-Asiatic Bank v. Max Wulfsohn and Co. Motion to dismiss. Schuhl and Schoenfeld; R. T. Evans; Fessenden and Holcomb.

Cause No. 2329, Asia Life Insurance Co. v. W. R. Rice. Motion to set. Haskell and Moss; Schuhl and Schoenfeld.

Cause No. 2325, Krausch v. Krausch. Motion to set. Williams, Franklin and Falson.

Cause No. 2336, In re John Ruscombe Harvey's estate. Petition for letters of administration. Rodger and Husar.

Cause No. 1488, Henry Gensburger v. Barnes Moss. Motion to set. Schuhl and Schoenfeld Fessenden and Holcomb.

Gives $6,000,000 For Art Gallery

Dr. Albert C. Barnes

DR. Albert C. Barnes, noted chemist and art collector, of Philadelphia, has returned from Europe, where he gave orders for $600,000 worth of marble to be used in the construction of an art museum near Philadelphia, in which he will house his $6,000,000 modern art collection. He will then deed the museum to the public.

Canton Warned By American Legation

Canton Warned By American Legation

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 27.—With reference to the Reuter telegram from Washington on October 24 relative to the instructions given by the Washington Government to the American gunboat at Changsha to return the fire of any guns directed against the property of American nationals, it has been explained that, upon receipt of the latest reports from Changsha indicating that the city might be bombarded in the course of factional fighting in that neighborhood, the American Legation notified the Canton Government that, if the open port of Changsha were bombarded the U. S. S. Villalobos stationed there would return fire.

Paris Plans Fight On Living Costs

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, October 26.—A commission composed of the interested Ministers and the Prefect of Police, after hearing the report of the latter on the situation in the various Paris markets, decided to submit certain measures to the approval of the next Cabinet meeting with a view to combatting the high cost of living.

SPECIAL SALE
THIS WEEK ONLY
SANTAL-MIDY
$1.50
CALIFORNIA PHARMACY
George Wilhelmi, Manager.
155 Avenue Joffre. Tel. Central 1805.

ARTIST LOSES GREATER PART OF LIFE WORK

Etchings And Oil Paintings Of Joseph Pennell Are Destroyed

(Exclusive China Press)

New York, Dept. 29.—The loss of almost all his etchings and oil paintings except those in private collections and museums, has been announced by Mr. Joseph Pennell. Work that has occupied the famous American artist since 1900, as well as his own and his wife's library, and correspondence with famous men of the last century, was destroyed by a flood in the basement of a London storehouse, where thirty cases of their belongings were placed by the Pennells in 1917.

In his statement Mr. Pennell said: "We lost our very lives in this tragedy. Every oil painting I made in my life, things I labored on from 1900 until 1917, and had never shown because I was waiting to make a ten strike or a fiasco on them, was utterly ruined."

Much of the material was destined for the Congressional Library in Washington. Mrs. Pennell's collection of cook books, said to be the finest in the world, was in the thirty destroyed cases.

Admit Japanese At Labor Parley

(Reuter's Service)

Geneva, Oct. 26.—The International Labour Conference has decided to accept the credentials of the Japanese delegate and has adopted the majority report of the Verification of Powers Commission with an amendment hoping that in future a Japanese labor delegate would be appointed who would be generally acceptable so as to advoid the protests raised at every meeting in the last four years.

Troops Dispatched To Pursue Bandit

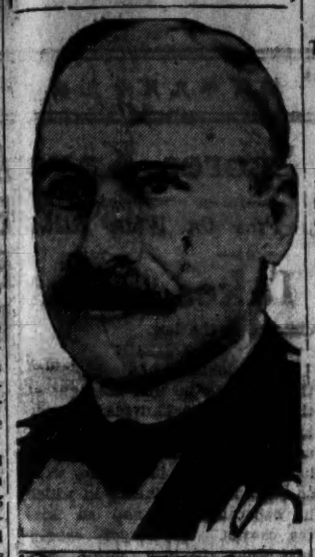
(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 25.—General Chang Fu-lai, Tuli of Hunan, has telegraphically informed the Government that he has despatched a regiment of soldiers to Chumatien to assist the troops already operating there against the bandits who attempted to hold up an express train on the Kin-Han Railway.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 25.—General Ma Chi, chief of the general staff of the army sent to reinforce local troops in defending the Hunan border against General Tan Yen-kai's soldiers, arrived on October 23 at Yochow, where he has established his headquarters.

Improves On Newton's Law Of Gravity



Professor T. J. J. See

PROFESSOR T. J. J. See has announced before the California Academy of Sciences that, after 40 years of research, he has determined the causes of magnetism and gravity. Since Isaac Newton, 235 years ago, discovered the law of gravity, efforts of scientists to discover its cause have been futile.

Trading Reopened On Tokio Exchange

(Eastern News Agency)

Tokio, Oct. 27.—The Tokio Stock Exchange reopened its spot share transactions today, after having been closed since the earthquake. The market showed much activity.

ITINERARY FOR BRITISH CRUISE IS MADE PUBLIC

Ten Months' Trip Around The World Will Be Made By Great Fleet

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 26.—The Admiralty has issued a program of the forthcoming ten months' world cruise. The naval squadron will leave Devonport on November 27 and will proceed round Africa, and thence to Ceylon. The light-cruisers will reach Penang on February 4 and stay four days, while the battlecruisers will arrive at Port Swettenham on February 5 for a similar period. The whole squadron will arrive at Singapore on February 10 and stay eight days, after which they will go to Australia, Fiji, Western Canada and San Francisco, where they will arrive on July 7 for four days. The light cruisers will then visit the principal South American ports, while the battlecruisers will go through the Panama Canal and visit the West Indies and Eastern Canada. The squadron will reach their home ports on September 28, 1924.

French To Apply New Border Law

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Oct. 26.—The Premier has addressed to the Swiss Minister in Paris, a letter stating that in the question of the free zones the French Government, in face of the prolonged silence of the Federal Government to whom four friendly demarches were made in the course of the summer, has found itself obliged to put into application the new regime before the recess of the French Chambers. The Note adds that the application of the law of February 16 will not prevent the Swiss Government from presenting proposals, which will be studied in the most conciliatory spirit.

FIRE INSURANCE LIFE
OUR NEW BRANCH OFFICE
in Canton along with our present ones in Hankow, Tientsin and Harbin.
MEANS BETTER SERVICE
to policy holders in China.
Send for
Bruce & Jenkins
CENTRAL 1044 15 NANKING ROAD
MARINE PASSENGER BASKETS MOTOR CAR

A.O.B.C.
INSURE YOUR FUTURE
The owner of one of our savings accounts is taking out insurance on his own future.
Opportunity belongs to him, and the possibility of financial misfortune has no fears that are not largely dispelled by a glance at our little pass-book which shows his bank balance.
Capitalize your future by building up a savings account in the present.
This Bank will be glad to open an interest bearing account with you. Inquire for our favorable rates.
SAVINGS ACCOUNTS IN
Mexican Dollars U. S. Dollars
Sterling
Taels Yen
The
American-Oriental Banking Corporation
"The Bank of Personal Service"
15 Nanking Road
A.O.B.C.

WEST--189--
LOWEST RATES
CLOSED OR OPEN
MOTOR CARS
$1.00 For 20 Minutes $3.00 Per Hour
FORD HIRE SERVICE
WEST--189--

Lane, Crawford & Co., Ltd.
"Chilprufe"
All Wool Underwear
FOR
Ladies and Children
Guaranteed Thoroughly Shrunk
NEW STOCKS JUST ARRIVED
TELEPHONE C. 960
Lane, Crawford & Co., Ltd.

SIDE LIGHTS ON PRESIDENT COOLIDGE ON LIFE INSURANCE

WHITE HOUSE,
WASHINGTON

Every insurance policy is a declaration of independence, a charter of economic freedom. He who holds one has overcome adversity.

He who sells an insurance policy sells a certificate of character, an evidence of good citizenship, an unimpeachable title to the right of self-government.

There is no argument against the taking of life insurance. It is established that the protection of one's family, or those near to him, is the one thing most to be desired, and there is no medium of protection that is better than life insurance. Our government has given close attention to the insurance companies, and they are on so sure a foundation that it is in substance a guaranteed method of protection for our people.

CALVIN COOLIDGE

ASIA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
Operating under American Charter
MAIN OFFICE: 3 CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI.
Branch Offices:
CANTON HANKOW PEKING TSINANFU TIENTSIN
Agencies in Principal Cities throughout China

H. S. HONIGSBERG & CO., INC.

announce the

NEW

BUICK

LINES

for 1924

First shipment arriving per s.s.
"President McKinley" on November 15th

"BUICK 1924—It's a great car!"

A GENERAL MOTORS PRODUCT

News Brevities

Miss Madeleine Chapin of Honolulu, who has been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. George Douglas for the past month, returned to her home on the President Cleveland sailing yesterday.

* * *

Mr. Cyrus E. Wood, American Ambassador to Japan, and his family will join the President Cleveland, which sailed from Shanghai yesterday, at Kobe for the trip to the United States. The Ambassador is returning to Washington on short leave.

* * *

Miss Esther Harper of the Nursing staff of the Peking Union Medical College will leave Peking in the near future to go to the United States. Miss Harper's engagement to Dr. Gatewood of the Presbyterian Hospital, Chicago, was announced in the late Spring.

* * *

Owing to the postponement of the date of the arrival of the Empress of Australia, by which steamer the Rev. E. Strong, M. A. is arriving from Japan, the meeting arranged for Monday next the 29th inst. at the Cathehraj School at 9.30 p.m. is unavoidably cancelled.

* * *

It is requested that all reservations for tables for the Mah-Jongg and Bridge, to be given by the Building Fund Dept., American Woman's Club, at 66 Szechuen Road, Monday evening Oct. 29, be made not later than this evening. Those wishing to play Mah-Jongg will please bring their own sets. The party is open to all who desire to attend. Tickets are $1.50 including refreshments. Mrs. R. I. Clapp, 'phone West 883, has charge of reservations.

* * *

"Forbidden Fruit" will be presented at the Isis Theater all next week commencing tomorrow.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Beckley, who have been visiting in Shanghai for some time, returned to their home in Honolulu on the President Cleveland yesterday.

* * *

The temperature in Peking was below freezing on last Tuesday. Icicles made their first appearance and small puddles in the gutters were frozen over.

* * *

The ban placed by Australia on lumber from the Philippines has been lifted. 1,100,000 feet of lumber has already been ordered from the islands.

* * *

The sudden departure of Chang Yu, Minister, and F. S. Chien, vice-minister of Finance for Tientsin and Shanghai respectively is considered by Tsao Kun as detrimental to the interest to the Chihli party and he now contemplates drastic measures against the two for forsaking their offices without permission.

* * *

Dr. Sun Yat-sen has manufactured a new presidential seal for the Republic. It is made of jade, bearing six characters to mean the Seal of the Republic of China.

* * *

The reorganisation meeting of the Advertising Club of China will be held on Friday, November 9, at 8 o'clock. Films of the Peacock Motion Picture Co. will be screened at the dinner. New officers will be elected.

* * *

When Governor-General Wood read his annual message to the legislature he received no applause, according to the Philippines Herald. When he finished the legislators went on about their business without even referring the message to a committee for discussion.

* * *

An old Chinese woman and a man have just been sentenced to death in Hongkong for the murder of the woman's husband.

* * *

The engagement is announced of Mr. Tom Mead Winsley of the Asiatic Petroleum Company at Singapore, and Miss Alice Kathleen, daughter of Mr. W. A. White, director of External Audit, Straits Settlements.

* * *

Miss Robbie Louise Stewart of Motagorda, Texas, became the bride of Mr. L. H. Nuland of The Texas Company at Amoy at a wedding in Hongkong on October 13. They are spending their honeymoon at Fanling.

* * *

Governor-General Wood has refused to accept the resignation of Mayor Rodriguez of Manila. The Mayor offered to resign immediately after Manuel Quezon charged that he was an ex-convict, in order not to embarrass the Governor-General.

* * *

Two of the Russian ships now in the Philippines under Admiral Stark have just been sold under authority from Washington, according to the Manila Times. The Farwaster was purchased by Teodoro Yangco and the Patrokol was purchased by Representative Gregorio Perfecto.

* * *

Brigadier General Wendell Cushing Neville, who has just arrived in Manila to assume command of the U.S. Marines, was formerly a newsboy in the Norfolk Navy Yard, where he was first inspired to become a Marine officer.

* * *

Mr. L. Pollock of the Shanghai and Canton Silk Corporation returned to Shanghai from a trip to the South on the Empress of Asia yesterday. Other arrivals on the same vessel were Mr. C. S. Gubbay, Mr. D. B. Sparks, Mr. and Mrs. J. Trevor-Smith, and Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Wemyss.

* * *

A special meeting of the Civic Department of the American Woman's Club will be held on Tuesday, October 30 at 10 a.m. at headquarters. All members and others who are interested in social service and civic work are urged to attend as many important topics will be discussed.

* * *

Miss Annie Mullen, representative of a San Francisco firm in the Orient, who was injured during the earthquake in Japan, died on board the Empress of Australia just before it reached Vancouver.

* * *

Mrs. Carl Crow of The Jade Tree is sailing for an extended visit in the United States on the Empress of Asia this morning.

* * *

Among passengers who are sailing for Vancouver on the Empress of Asia today are Mrs. F. H. Bugbird, Mr. P. E. Coldman, Mrs E. F. Heath, and Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Welch and Miss Mabel Welch.

* * *

Major A. Hilton Johnson, and Mr. V. D. Gerzburger were passengers on the President Cleveland yesterday for Kobe.

* * *

Major General Sir John and Lady Fowler arrived in Shanghai yesterday on the Empress of Asia from Hongkong. Sir James Jamieson British Consul-General at Canton, arrived on the same vessel for a short visit.

* * *

General Thomas Hartigan of Manila, who is coming to Shanghai to enter the practice of law with his son, Mr. Leonard Hartigan, arrived on the President Cleveland. Judge Charles S. Lobingier was among those who greeted the General upon his arrival.

* * *

Captain W. I. Eisler, Shanghai representative of the United States Shipping Board, returned to Shanghai yesterday on the President Jefferson from a business trip to Manila.

* * *

Sir Ronald Macleay, the British Minister to Peking, left Shanghai yesterday on the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank's big houseboat for a five day's shooting trip in the country.

* * *

The Australian and New Zealand ladies in Shanghai wish to publicly thank Mr. A. H. V. Lumsdaine, Representative of the Australian Manufacturers Ltd., for his help in connection with the Australasian Exhibition held in connection with Ye Olde English Fayre. Apart from his very liberal donation of goods, it was due to his untiring efforts, and the fact that he shouldered the greater part of the spade work and decoration scheme that the Exhibition was such a success.

* * *

Mr. S. T. King, chief clerk in E. Department of the Shanghai-Nanking Railway has been transferred to the department of the Traffic Manager Train Contractor, (T. M. T. C.) and Mr. H. K. Tseng, Goods Inspector, of B. Wushih section, succeeds Mr. King. Mr. S. T. Chow, chief clerk at the Traffic Manager's office, will take up the position vacated by Mr. Tseng.

* * *

It will be something of a novelty to Shanghai to have a shop devoted entirely to the sale of corsets. This new establishment, under the name of "Fanny" will be found in the new Carlton building, 50 Bubbling Well Road.

MUTT & JEFF
Life's Pretty Sweet After All Says A. Mutt
By Bud Fisher
Copyright 1923 By H. C. Fisher, Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
JEFF, I HAVEN'T EATEN FOR THREE DAYS! LET'S KICK OFF AND END THIS UTTERLY USELESS STRUGGLE FOR EXISTENCE!
SUITS ME, MUTT!
LIFE AIN'T WORTH NOTHING TO US! WE OWE A MONTH'S RENT AND NO JOB IN SIGHT! BOO HOO HOO!
FAREWELL CRUEL WOILD! BAW-W-W!
AND WE'LL BE LAID AWAY IN POTTERS FIELD WITH NOTHING BUT A WOODEN STAKE TO MARK OUR LAST RESTING PLACE! (SNIFF)
WHAT DYE MEAN, POTTERS FIELD? I'VE GOT ENOUGH COIN TO BUY A FINE LOT AND A COUPLE OF NIFTY TOMBSTONES!
ROLL
YOU'VE SAVED MY LIFE, JEFF!
AND YOU'VE DOUBLE-CROSSED ME, YOU BIG BUM!
SAME! ROLL!

Mutiny In Greece Fully Overcome

(Reuter's Service)

Athens, Oct. 26.—A communique states that the remaining mutineers have surrended and that the mutiny has now been put down throughout Macedonia.

Great Program Is Planned By Baldwin

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 26.—Sir Samuel Hoare, the Minister of Air, in a Speech at Salisbury, amplified Mr. Baldwin's reference to taking a verdict.

He said that we had reached a very important moment in the history of the Conservative party. Mr. Baldwin would sooner or later ask for a mandate to carry out a great constructive program for the defence of our industries and the development of the Empire.

It was not a repetition of the old Tariff Reform-Free Trade controversy, but was a program which would solve the problems of unemployment and restoration of the agricultural industry.

Hankow Resists Cigarette Tax In Concessions

(Independent News Service)

Hankow, Oct. 22.—The foreign Concession authorities are very determined in resisting the cigarette tax within the Concession limits, in spite of efforts of the Cigarette Tax Bureau to obtain permission to collect tax. Many of the British-American Tobacco Co. dealers have removed into the British, Russian and French Concessions, where they are immune from the cigarette tax collectors.

The present income of the Bureau in Hankow alone is about $21,000 a month, and from outports an aggregate of some $10,000 per month is a safe estimate. The Bureau are losing money, it is said, as they have chartered at a high price for the right of collection from the Tuchun yamen in Wuchang.

Isn't this what you want in a cigarette?

A cigarette that's mild and yet lets you know you're smoking.

A cigarette that's blended to give you every bit of the tobacco's fine flavor.

A cigarette that tastes right all day long whether you smoke three or twenty.

A cigarette that *satisfies*.

If *this* is what you want in a cigarette, *try* Chesterfield.

Chesterfield

CIGARETTES

Of finest Turkish and American tobaccos—blended

They Satisfy

LIGGETT & MYERS TOBACCO CO.

MOUTRIE PIANOS

A dependable Piano at a modest Price and an instrument whose worth is never doubted.

They have a reputation for lasting quality that dates back for over thirty years.

15% Discount for Cash with order or may be purchased on our plan of graded payments.

S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.

37 NANKING ROAD

啤酒 TRADE AKTIESELSKABET UNION BRYGGERI SHANGHAI MARK 上海

U.B. Pilsener Beer

Aktieselskabet Union Bryggeri

Scandinavian Brewery Co. Ltd.

SHANGHAI

The beer to be had EVERYWHERE

U. B. PILSENER.
U. B. DARK.
U. B. SPECIAL.

OUR BEER IS PURE AND CONTAINS NO CHEMICALS

Only the best imported raw materials are used

Fresh Supplies Always to be had at the

Aktieselskabet Union Bryggeri,

(Scandinavian Brewery Co. Ltd.)

TOWN OFFICE: 17 Museum Road

TEL. C. 4897-1462

Chow Jiekong, Chinese Agent. Tel. C. 2900

華總經理周乾康電話中央二一九零零 請飲最馳名上海啤酒

FURS! FURS! FURS!

Real best Silver Fox just received. Big stock of various kinds of furs on hand. Great reduction allowed. Visit us immediately.

Yuen Sung Tai Fur Co.

General office: 123 C. Honan Road
Branch: 4 C. Honan Road, Shanghai
Telephone C. 4048

GREETINGS

The Management of the ISIS THEATRE takes pleasure in announcing that they have secured the rights and will soon start to present to the public of Shanghai regularly a series of special screen productions which have won great fame and popularity in every country of the world, namely

PARAMOUNT PICTURES

For the last two or three years the Famous Players Lasky Corporation (Paramount) has produced bigger and better screen productions, and today Paramount Pictures are shown in more than fifty per cent of the motion picture theatres throughout the world, and in more than seventy-five per cent of the first class theatres of the United States, Europe, Australia, North and South America and other parts of the World.

For a number of years we have been endeavouring in every way possible to secure the very best brand of pictures obtainable, and in securing Paramount Pictures we believe we have gone very far in attaining that end, and we also believe that the Shanghai public will approve of our efforts and will cordially support our theatre in the future as they have done in the past. We feel grateful for the support our Shanghai patrons have given us in the past and believe that we shall now merit an even greater support, and that our patrons will be more than satisfied with the productions we shall henceforth present for their entertainment.

N. B. All the pictures we have secured under our new venture are ***brand new ones*** *and of* ***late releases.***

BANDIT TROOPS OF HONAN BACK AT OLD TRICKS

Refuse To Be Sent To Fight On Szechuen Front, Tuli Reports

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Oct. 27.—General Chang Fu-lai, the Tuli of Honan, in a report to the Cabinet, says that when he took over the post some ten thousands of bandits were ravaging Honan and upwards of ten foreigners were captives. The position had aroused the indignation to the Government and people as well as of foreigners. Soon he was in a position to bring the bandits to subjection and he had intended to carry out their entire suppression throughout the province, but in order to save the lives of the foreigners, it became necessary to enter into an arrangement with the bandits whereby some of them were enrolled as soldiers, while others undertook to return to their homes.

The bandits so enrolled were placed under the command of Generals Chang Kuo-hsing and Chang Kuo-wei and were stationed in the districts of Hsia and Lou over which Military Commissioner Wan exercised jurisdiction. At first the bandits behaved well, but as time passed they returned to their former ways and reports began to reach General Chang Fu-lai from the people imploring deliverance from this terror.

General Chang Fu-lai was resolved to send the ex-bandits to fight on the Szechuen front, but General Chang Kuo-hsing demurred, contending that he must first have the vacancies in his ranks filled and also receive 160,000 rounds of rifle ammunition. General Chang Fu-lai sent to advise obedience but without success.

These bandit soldiers are more dangerous and harder to suppress than ordinary bandits. According to the latest reports, they have effected a combination with the bandits of Shantung for co-operation during the coming winter. From this it is clear that very stern measures are necessary.

General Chang Fu-lai adds that he has requested General Wu Pei-fu to send regular troops to the districts of Hsia and Lou and to station troops along the Peking-Hankow Line in order to prevent the bandits crossing while the neighboring provinces have been requested to prevent their escape over the Honan border. General Chang Fu-lai in conclusion says that he is determined to inflict field punishment on General Chang Kuo-hsing and other leaders while others who surrender and give up their arms may be pardoned.

(China Press Correspondence)

Kaifeng, Honan, Oct. 24.—There is a decided renewal of activity on the part of Honan bandits.

October 21 the northbound train on the Hankow-Peking Line was attacked just south of Cheng Chow near Hsincheng. The attack was made at night. The soldiers guarding the train returned the fire and the bandits fled in the darkness. The train backed out of the district and did not come on north that night. The Express was also called off this week. Both Chinese and foreigners are avoiding trains and other travel as much as possible for fear of other attacks.

Authentic news from the south part of the province states that the bandits are gathering in two strong centers preparing for some massed action. The British Vice-Consul from Hankow is stationed at Kaifeng and Superintendent Joyce is in the south both trying to effect the release of Misses Darroch and Sharp. It is now stated that the bandits have ceased to treat except for re-instatement in the army.

At Kwei Teh Fu there has been a little battle with Lao Yang-jin, the exbandit who mutinied with all his troops because he would not obey orders to go to Szechuan. They were ordered to give up their arms but many refused and are being pursued by troops from Kaifeng. These troops of Lao Yang-jin are scattering by the hundreds all over the province and are a bad lot. One of his majors was caught and beheaded at Cheng Chow. Today a dozen more of his gang were brought to Kaifeng in chains.

Yesterday was Tuli Chang Fu-lai's birthday and an airplane from Cheng Chow sailed over Kaifeng dropping papers containing greetings. One wonders whether the airplanes could not help to break up the bandit rendezvous.

Fish Are Future Source Of Petroleum, Is Claim

(Reuter's Service)

Philadephia, Sept. 19.—Fish constitute the sole source of petroleum, in the opinion of Dr. John M. MacFarlane, for many years professor of botany at the University of Pennsylvania, who has just completed a long research on the subject.

Dr. MacFarlane, in reaching his conclusion, emphasised these points:

That a knowledge of this fact will enable man to locate with almost scientific accuracy new oil deposits. That there is no danger of the exhaustion of the world's oil supply. That the recognition of scientific principles regarding the origin and location of fish deposit beds will result in the cheaper production of oil and hasten the development of its commercial value for motive power and heating purposes. Scientists who have seen the result of Dr. MacFarlane's researches, say he eliminates all doubt as to fish being?

Union Church Literary And Social Guild

The Union Church Literary and Social Guild has delayed its opening this autumn on account of the many other events of interest, more specially the Fayre held by the British Women's Association. The usual opening concert is now arranged for Wednesday evening, October 31, at nine o'clock when Miss Frommel will give several numbers with the trio who played at the open air concert at the Majestic Hotel last summer, and Mrs. Bowes-Smith will sing. Other numbers will be announced for the program later.

Former members and intending members are asked to apply for tickets to any member of the Committee who will be pleased to supply them, or tickets may be obtained at the door on the opening night. Committee members are Rev. A. N. Rowland, 25 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

Mr. J. A. Bailey, 89 Range Road.

Mrs. N. Viloudaki, 9 Hankow Road.

Miss Davenport, 75 Chaoufoong Road.

Mr. A. Youngson, Brunner Mond and Co.

Mr. F. W. Gill St. John's College.

Mr. Ferguson, Shanghai Dock and Engineering.

The Secretary 20 Museum Road.

Lectures have been arranged for the autumn session of unusual interest. Rev. J. T. Proctor, D. D., has promised to speak on November 14th of his trip across Siberia. Rev. J. T. Keyte, M. A., of Peking, will lecture on November 14th on "Things seen in Egypt" with lantern illustrations, and in December Mr. R. M. Vanderburgh will show his pictures of Foochow and the Min River.

Dr. Cook's Co-Defendants Plead Guilty To Fraud

Fort Worth, October 16.—Seven of those who were indicted with Dr. Cook, the Arctic explorer, charged with using the mails to defraud investors in furthering their oil schemes, entered pleas of "guilty." The remainder of the defendants, including Cook, will stand trial.

FINE PROGRAM FOR SYMPHONY CONCERT TUESDAY

The first of the ten subscription symphony concerts to be given by the Municipal Orchestra, assisted by local amateurs, will take place at the Town Hall Tuesday evening, beginning at 9:15 o'clock.

The soloist for the evening is Mrs. R. M. Vanderburgh, soprano, and the program will include works by Mozart, Strauss and Tschaikowsky. Maestro Paci will conduct.

The first number of the concert is to be the overture to Mozart's "The Magic Flute," after which Mrs. Vanderburgh will give two airs from the same composer's "Le Nozze de Figaro," with orchestral accompaniment. The tone poem "Death and Transfiguration" of Strauss follows, and three Strauss songs, "Tomorrow," "Love's Pleading" and "To My Baby." The concluding number will be the Tschaikowsky Symphony in F minor.

In connection with the concert those in charge are bringing out a very neat and effectively explanatory program of analytical notes and text of the songs and including photographs of the soloist and conductor—which should prove a most popular souvenir of the occasion.

PARIS-LONDON RATE

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Oct. 2.—The Paris-London cross rate is quoted today at:—£1-= -6,805.

Happy children

are the little ones who are nourished by SCOTT'S Emulsion. Each drop of SCOTT'S Emulsion provides pure cod liver oil for the nourishment of growing tissues and limbs and for the protection of the delicate tissues of the throat and chest. Ask for genuine

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Watch your little ones grow stronger day by day as they take this body-building food tonic.

Used in Hospitals and Sanatoria throughout the world.

PO TUNG & CO.

Manufacturers of Drawn-Thread-Work, Laces, Embroideries, and Purely Handmade Articles of all Kinds. Importers, Exporters, and Commission Agents

List of Goods

Bed Spreads	Tray Cloths	Skirts
Crochet Lace	Napkins	Table Covers
Doilies	Night Gowns	Table Runners
Hand Bags	Pillow Covers	Side Board Covers
Handkerchiefs	Luncheon Set	Etc., Etc.
Filet Lace		

No. 110 Seng Ping Street,
SWATOW, CHINA

62193

"CHINA NORTH & SOUTH"

(2nd and revised edition)

An unique Gift Album of 30 photographic studies of China, comprising a selection of the best pictures that have appeared in our former publications, together with some new studies.

AN ARTISTIC XMAS GIFT for HOME FRIENDS.

Price $7.50

A. S. WATSON & CO.
(The Shanghai Pharmacy, Ltd.)
16 Nanking Road.

MERCUR
F. 28 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Opposite Race Course
Tel. C. 5634

Can supply all your needs in Footwear for Ladies, Gentlemen & Children.

Stocks of imported & local-ly made materials always on hand.

PLANS FOR NEW TOKIO EMBASSY SENT TO LONDON

British Propose To Erect Structure Costing $2,000,000

(Exclusive China Press)

Tokio, Oct. 25.—The British embassy here has already forwarded to London plans for the erection of a new embassy building to replace that which was destroyed in the earthquake. The cost of the new structure is estimated at nearly $2,000,000.

American Ambassador Cyrus Woods, who is returning to America, states that he believes that an operation on his mother-in-law will be necessary on reaching San Francisco as a result of the injuries which she suffered during the quake. The Ambassador expects to return her by the first of the year.

Ambassador Woods' departure is being made the occasion for renewed demonstrations on the part of the Japanese people of their gratitude for America's prompt and bountiful sympathy in the recent earthquake disaster.

Air Conference To Be Opened At Rome

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Oct. 27.—The International Air Conference will open tomorrow at Rome. M. Laurent Eynac, the French Under-Secretary for Air, has left for Rome on board the dirigible "Mediterranee."

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses.
SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS. PRICE IN ENGLAND 3s.
DR LECLERC Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., N.W.5, London.
SEE TRADE MARKED WORD "THERAPION" ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO GENUINE PACKETS

TAXI PHONE WEST **189**
FORD HIRE SERVICE
$8 per hr. $1.00 per 20 min.
77 ROUTE VALLON

'YE OLDE ENGLISH FAYRE' ENDETH' IN JOLLYEST ROUT!

Brilliantly successful, in spite of the melancholy weather dished out by the clerk of such things, was the second day's session at "Ye Olde English Fayre" conducted by the British Women's Association yesterday at the Race Club.

The stalls, picturesque and alluring, and with stores of attractive commodities, ranging from French dolls to raspberry jam, drew the crowd and withdrew its shekels in highly effective and satisfying style.

In the afternoon there was a pleasing entertainment in the "concert room" by Mme. Kelvey's talented pupils, while in the evening the cabaret dancing arrangements, formulated by Mrs. Massey gave delight to the terpsichorally inclined.

Among the many new features added to the program were the Morris Dances on the green, which gave pleasure to onlookers as well as participants while the graceful performers made animate the foreground.

The cabaret supper and dance in the large dining room at the Race Club was a heavily attended affair, furnishing an excellent climax to an excellently arranged and carried-through program.

Erewhile the suppers, and fox-trotters, gathered there was a boxing exhibition wherein M. Billie Tingle and M. Tigora, exponents par excellence of the fistic art, gave the populace an intimation of what may be done with 12-ounce gloves if the occasion arises.

Taken altogether, by and large, and in the aggregate, as the saying goes, "Ye Olde English Fayre" was a gratifying success.

Agfa

The sign of Quality

Can be used in any kind of Film-Pack-Box

Berlin Aniline Co., Ltd.
Berlin S. O. 36
For Sale at the prominent Dealers

ELECTRICALLY EQUIPPED GRAMAPHONES

To be identified with fine furniture these instruments designed and executed by us, have been individually considered and are perfect in tonal and acoustic design.

We have a selection of historical styles on view in our showrooms which will appeal to those of highest artistic appreciation with discriminating choice in fine furniture and fine music.

We are able to design cabinets and equip them to conform with personal requirements at prices that should interest prospective buyers.

WEEKS & CO., LTD.

PAINTING & DECORATING
PHONE WEST 3466
125 Bubbling Well Road
UPSON PAINT COMPANY, INC.

"SHIP IN FIBRE"

Can Not Be Pilfered Without Detection

Safe arrival of goods is insured when shipping by BOAT, RAIL or PARCEL POST if packed in our

FIBRE SHIPPING CASES

MINIMUM WEIGHT
MAXIMUM STRENGTH

Just PHONE EAST 556 and our salesman will call and design a BOX for your particular wants.

China Fibre Container Co.
P. O. Box 261 Shanghai

The Shanghai Hotels, Limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Pedder Street, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, on Monday, the 15th day of October, 1923, at 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following Resolutions as Extraordinary Resolutions, namely:—

1. That it is expedient to effect an amalgamation of this Company with The Hongkong Hotel Company Limited whose Registered Office is situate at Victoria in the Colony of Hongkong and with a view thereto that this Company be wound up voluntarily and that Walter John Hawker, of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up with full power to delegate all or any of his duties as he in his absolute discretion may think fit for the purpose of appointing a person or Corporation in Shanghai in the Republic of China to act in conjunction with him and under his control and as his Agent for the purpose of carrying out such liquidation.
2. That the Conditional Agreement submitted to this Meeting for the Amalgamation of this Company with The Hongkong Hotel Company Limited upon the terms (*inter alia*) of the acquisition by The Hongkong Hotel Company Limited of the complete undertaking, business, goodwill and property of this Company in return for the issue to members of this Company (other than The Hongkong Hotel Company Limited) of Two shares of the Hongkong Hotel Company Limited of the nominal value of Ten Dollars ($10.00) each credited as fully paid up in respect of each and every complete share held by such members of this Company respectively, be and the same is hereby approved and that the Liquidator be and he is hereby authorised pursuant to Section One hundred and eighty five of the Companies Ordinance One thousand nine hundred and eleven to adopt the said Agreement and carry the same into effect with such (if any) modifications either before or after the execution thereof as the said Liquidator may think expedient.

N.B.—A copy of the said Conditional Agreement may be inspected at any time during business hours at the Registered Office of the Company, Powell's Building, Des Voeux Road Central, Victoria, Hongkong, and at the office of Messrs. Deacon, Harston and Shenton, No. 1 Des Voeux Road Central aforesaid the Solicitors to this Company, and also at the Shanghai Office of the Company, No. 14 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

3. That the aforesaid shares of The Hongkong Hotel Company Limited shall be allotted to such aforesaid members who are on the Register of Shareholders of this Company on the date of the confirmation by this Company of the Special Resolution confirming the said Conditional Agreement.

N.B.—The shares of The Hongkong Hotel Company Limited to be allotted under the said Conditional Agreement to such aforesaid members of this Company will participate in all dividends declared by The Hongkong Hotel Company Limited in respect of the financial year ending 31st December, 1923, *pari passu* with the existing issued shares ("Old") of The Hongkong Hotel Company Limited.

4. That the Liquidator be and he is hereby authorised to give such consent as may be necessary to the name of The Hongkong Hotel Company Limited being changed to "The Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels Limited."

SHOULD THE ABOVE RESOLUTIONS be passed by the requisite majority they will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions to a Second Extraordinary General Meeting to be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Pedder Street aforesaid on Wednesday, the 31st day of October, 1923, at 11 o'clock in forenoon for the purpose of considering and if thought fit confirming such Resolutions as Special Resolutions accordingly.

NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that Registered Shareholders of this Company may attend the above mentioned Meetings and vote thereat in person or by Proxy provided that all Proxies and the Powers of Attorney (if any) under which the same are signed are deposited duly stamped at the Head Office of the Company (namely the Registered Office of the Company at Powell's Building, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong aforesaid) not less than Twenty-four hours before the time fixed for holding the said Meetings.

Any Proxies or Powers of Attorney not deposited in accordance with the above provision will not be available for use at the said Meetings.

Dated this 24th day of September, 1923.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD
WALTER J HAWKER,
Secretary.

62331

PRES. JEFFERSON TAKES AMERICAN MAILS TODAY

Empress Of Asia Also Sailing This Morning

Mail matter for the United States to go on the President Jefferson will close at 10 o'clock this morning, and registered article at an hour earlier. The Jefferson docked at the China Merchants Lower Wharf yesterday, and will sail for Seattle via Japan at noon today.

The Empress of Asia, which anchored at Woosung yesterday noon, will also sail for Vancouver this morning, and the tender with passengers for the steamer is to leave the Customs jetty at 7.30 o'clock.

Bringing mail from America, the Empress of Australia will arrive at Woosung from Vancouver at 2 a.m. Tuesday, and the tender with passengers from the ship is expected at the Customs jetty about 9.30 a.m. The Australia is to sail for Hongkong direct on Tuesday night, and the outgoing tender with passengers and baggage for Woosung will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m.

Following the arrival of the Porthos yesterday, the next mail from Europe is due on the Nyanza tomorrow afternoon, and mail for Europe will be dispatched on the Caledonia on Tuesday. The Caledonia sails for London via ports, and the tender with outgoing passengers for the vessel will leave the Customs jetty at 12.30 p.m. Mail closes at 10.30 a.m. Tuesday, and parcels should be posted before 2 p.m. tomorrow.

Opera Stars To Give Concert At Olympic Oct. 30

Two famous opera stars of the State Academic Theaters at Moscow and Petrograd, formerly the Imperial Theaters—A. M. Labinsky and L. N. Balanovska—will give a grand concert at the Olympic Theater on October 30.

Labinsky is said to be one of the best known Russian tenors and has earned a high reputation throughout Russia and the Far East. Balanovska has been praised to the skies by Russian newspapers critics as a dramatic soprano. They will be assisted by A. G. Simzies-Brian at the piano. Tickets are on sale at Moutrie and Company.

Governor Welcomed By Indo-Chinese

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Oct. 26.—The Indo-Chinese press unanimously bears witness to the confident welcome given to Governor-General Merlin by the Indo-Chinese people, who are profoundly attached to France who has educated them.

CONCERT POSTPONED

Owing to Mr. Dumbarton's regrettable illness it has become necessary to postpone the concert fixed for next Sunday, November 4, to the ballroom of 179 Bubbling Well Road. Those who have bought tickets can retain them for the present or return them either to Messrs. Moutrie and Co's store or to B. W. A. Headquarters and have their money refunded. The date to which the concert has been postponed will be announced at the earliest possible moment.

Rebel Among Bandit Troops Sentenced To Die

Ting Kai-fa a commander of a company in the Shantung force now under command of Brigadier General Sun Mei-yao former bandits chief of Linchen fame, has been sentenced to death, according to reports reaching Peking.

Ting, according to the official report called his men together and told them General Sun, having been bandit was not worthy to command them and he advised a mutiny. He asked all who favored a mutiny to hold up their hands. Remembering the ways of General Sun none raised his hand.

Then some reported the matter to General Sun who called Ting before him. Ting confessed.

When the case was referred to General Cheng the new Tuli, the order for execution was issued.

MORE PARKING SPACE

With a view to providing additional facilities for parking motor traffic on occasions when a number of athletic events fall on the same date, the conversion into a Parking Space of a small area north of the Recreation Club Ground which is not required for athletic purposes, has been authorized according to the Municipal Gazette. In view of the necessity for more parking space and the fact that the Recreation Ground Trustees are unable to allocate funds for this purpose, the Council will bear the cost of the work, estimated at Tls. 750, for which there is no provision in the current Budget.

BIRTH

On Oct. 24, 1923 at Dr. Fearn's Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Osborn, a daughter.

GODOWNS TO LET

TO LET, godown about 5,000 square feet, central district, sprinkler installed. Modern fire proof building, ground floor. Apply Asia Realty Co. 15 Nanking Road. Tel. C. 65.

No. 15

TO LET, godowns, situated at North Soochow Road (corner of North Chekiang Road). For particulars, please apply to The Wing On Co., Ltd. T. F. 156

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED by two bachelors, a small well furnished house, with bathroom and servants' quarters. Apply to Box 700, THE CHINA PRESS.

63061 O 28

WANTED by two bachelors to take over four or five roomed house, in French Concession, for a period of six months or longer, during owner's absence. Address to Box 706, THE CHINA PRESS.

63013 O 28

DANCING CLASSES

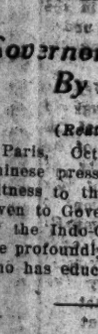
SHANGHAI Ballet School, Madame K. M. Koulichevskaya, maestro of the Imperial Ballet School at Petrograd, resumed her classes in classical dancing. Class and private lessons. For particulars phone W. 603. Room 31, Burlington Hotel, 173, Bubbling Well Road.

62910

KATZ & FALKIN

HIGH CLASS GENTLEMEN'S

TAILORS



Beg to announce the arrival direct from Scotland of a fine selection of Tweeds, Woollens, Suitings and Overcoatings. Also we have ready made clothes in stock.

Your Patronage is Solicited

Astor House Block

34 Broadway Tel. N. 1846

62894

The LIU-HO-KOU MINING Co.

C 183 Honan Road Shanghai.

High Steam Coal

Pig Iron. Coke

Phone C. 5568 62591

All Advertisements must be prepaid. Replies must be called for.

Classified Advertisements

3 Cents a Word Minimum Charge 60 Cents

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED, smart salesman for spot cargo, sundries. Good commission. Apply to Post Office Box 276.

63033 O 28

PASSAGE to Europe by middle of November, offered for lady or nurse willing to take charge of young infant. Thorough competence and highest references required. Apply to Box 713, THE CHINA PRESS.

63042 O 28

WANTED by American company, a steno typist secretary who understands business routine, cable codes, etc. Reply stating qualifications, nationality, and s. required to Box No. 716, THE CHINA PRESS.

63050 O 28

ASIA Life Insurance Company and American - Asiatic Underwriters, large affiliated life, fire and marine insurance organisations with branches and extensive business throughout China, are in need of aggressive, capable men. The work involves a period of technical training, and applicant must prove both insurance sales ability and genuine capacity for getting on with Chinese. Branch offices and other openings in prospect. Call for Vice-President at 3, Canton Road, Shanghai.

62974

WANTED by an old established British company, compradore for marine and fire business. Apply to Box 710, THE CHINA PRESS.

63028 O 30

WANTED, immediately, several sales girls to work on a sound proposition on liberal commission basis. Splendid opportunity for working into a good position with salary and commission if proved efficient. Apply to Box 702, THE CHINA PRESS.

63005 O 28

WANTED by local architectural firm, first class assistant with thorough knowledge in building construction. Apply to Box 696, THE CHINA PRESS.

62989 O 28

LOST AND FOUND

LOST, young fox terrier "Petit." License: Z 1430. Kindly return to 124, Szechuen Road, flat 4. Ward Building.

62939 O 30

APARTMENTS TO LET

TO LET, modern apartment, at 392, Route Ferguson, provided with every modern convenience, central heating, and garden in front. Best service. Apply to The Continental Corporation of China. Telephone Central 7311-2.

62509

TO LET, furnished flat, two rooms verandah, bathroom, kitchen and small room, in Darroch Road, close to trams. Apply to Box 707, THE CHINA PRESS.

63017 O 28

UNFURNISHED flat or rooms, to let, with bath and kitchen. 7, Wayside Road.

62909 O 30

NEWLY furnished self-contained flat, in French Concession. Phone West 3813.

62563 O. 31

EDUCATIONAL

ENGLISH ladies give lessons: English, (business, literature, conversation), shorthand, typewriting. Miss Ryan, 3A, Wongkashow Gardens. Telephone West 2779.

63031

A well educated foreign lady, accepts pupils of drawing and oleum painting. Moderate terms. Apply Chinese Post Office Box 724.

63037 O 30

Y. S. Ting's Mandarin studio. An English-speaking Chinese Mandarin from Peking to give Mandarin conversation lessons to foreigners in Shanghai, also courses in Soochow, Shanghai and Ningpo dialects. Daily hours 7.30-8.30 a.m. or 5.30-6.30 p.m. except Sundays. Tuition $10 per month. Special hour by arrangement $20 a month. Lessons given at homes $30 per month. For further information, apply Mr. Sun, International Dispensary, Foochow Road.

63014

WELL educated Russian lady desires to give Russian lessons. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 688, THE CHINA PRESS.

62946 O 28

GENTLEMAN can accept French pupils desiring to learn Shanghai dialect. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 637, THE CHINA PRESS.

62804 N.1

FEVERISH FABLES

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, (or for sale) brick bungalow, facing South, three minutes' walk to Railway Station, Kiangwan, upstairs three bedrooms, one bathroom, downstairs, one dining room, one 3-in-1 large reception room, garden, greenhouse, kitchen and servants' quarters, on a site of two mow land. Rent moderate. Apply Dr. Bartelt, Kiangwan.

63036

FOUR roomed house, all modern conveniences. Early occupation. Contract till November 1924. 14, Tracey Terrace, Route des Soeurs. View any time.

62978 O 30

CORNER MacGregor and Baikal Roads, newly built four-roomed houses, with two attic rooms, two bathrooms, hot and cold water, usual servants' quarters, etc. Rent Tls. 65. Apply Brandt and Rodgers, Ltd., No. 123, Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1119.

62955 N 1

A detached residence, new seven-roomed, on four mows of land, modern plumbing, tennis court, garage, servants' quarters and central heating, etc. No. 1325, Rue Lafayette. Apply Brandt & Rodgers, Ltd., No. 123, Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1119.

62956 N 1

SEMI-FOREIGN houses, five rooms, near Range Road. Apply Brandt and Rodgers, Ltd., No. 123, Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1119.

62957 N 1

NEWLY built semi-foreign house, East Paoshing Road. Apply Brandt and Rodgers, Ltd., No. 123, Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1119.

62953 N 1

No. 10, Muirhead Road, seven-roomed house, Rent Tls. 80. Apply Brandt and Rodgers, Ltd., No. 123, Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1119.

62959 N 1

No. 8, Kiangwan Road, opposite Hongkew Park, two minutes walk to tram line. Apply Brandt and Rodgers, Ltd., No. 123, Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1119.

62960 N 1

SEMI-FOREIGN houses, five rooms, Pao Shan Road. Rent Tls. 35. Apply Brandt and Rodgers, Ltd., No. 123, Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1119.

62961 N 1

No. 45, Boone Road, further particulars, apply Brandt and Rodgers, Ltd., No. 123, Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1119.

62962 N 1

TO LET, newly built house for foreign residence, Hsiang Yin Road, near Kiangwan Race Course, with modern equipped bathrooms, bedrooms, dining and sitting rooms, verandahs, garage and modern conveniences. Rent Tls. 150. Will be ready for occupation December 1st, 1923. Can be seen by appointment. Apply to Box 687, THE CHINA PRESS.

62937 O 26

TO LET, from 1st November, six roomed house, with attic two bathrooms, servants' quarters, all modern conveniences, telephone. Furniture to be taken over at a cheap price. Inspection 10 to 2 and after 6.30. Close to French Park, 490, Rue Lafayette.

62917 O 30

TO LET, from 1st November, four roomed house, with large bathroom, and geyser, servants' quarters, etc. Two minutes' from trams. Fittings to be taken over at reasonable price. Apply 38, Muirhead Road.

62889 O 28

NEWLY built semi-foreign houses, with bathrooms, water, East Yalu Road. Apply Cc628, East Yuhang Road. 62892 O 30

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, four large and two small roomed houses, opposite Race Course. Furniture to be taken over. Address Box 719, THE CHINA PRESS.

63054 O 31

TO LET, seven-roomed house, modern installation, French Concession, one minute from Avenue Joffre. Furniture must be taken over. Cheap. Address to Box 704, THE CHINA PRESS.

63010 O 28

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO LET, one building of four stories, at 19-20 Avenue Edward VII. Apply to Hwa Dah Bank, 52 Rue Montauban.

63056

LARGE ground floor office to be let on lease, about 2,000 square feet, corner two important thoroughfares in central district, suitable for offices or shops. Moderate rental. Apply to Box 165, THE CHINA PRESS.

K. P.

OFFICES to let. On the 2nd and 3rd floors of No 7 The Bund. Also at No. 7a the premises immediately behind No. 7. Apply to The Commercial Bank of China.

T. F. 185

TO LET. Offices and flats in modern building in most desirable Central location, two lifts, steam heating, modern bathrooms. Zylstra building, 27 Nanking Road (office on 2nd floor).

T. F. 189.

USED CARS

FIVE seater Studebaker, excellent condition, new battery, practically new tires. Tls. 600. Apply to Box 715, THE CHINA PRESS.

63043 N 1

WINTER top for Studebaker four. Sale cheap. Apply to Box 660, THE CHINA PRESS.

62867

OFFICE TO LET, corner of Kiukiang Road and Szechuen Road. For particulars, please apply to Bank of Canton Ltd. 2 Ningpo Road.

T. F. 141

TO LET, bright airy office rooms, centrally and conveniently located. Also godown space in Hongkew district. Reasonable rent. For details, apply Asia Realty Company, 15, Nanking Road. Tel. C. 65

No. 12

BUICK-FOUR limousine, 1923 model, with many accessories; run only 5000 miles; 18 miles to the gallon. A handsome car condition as new. Trial by appointment. Reply to Box 668. THE CHINA PRESS.

T. F.

FOR SALE, one Packard special roadster car, two to four seats, six cylinders, beautiful and in good condition. Write to 66, Sinza Road for date of inspection.

62949 O 31

FOR SALE: Two seater runabout in good running condition. For demonstration please apply to Park Garage Inc., 198, North Szechuen Road.

62914 O 31

PROFESSIONAL

ALICE CHANG, masseuse and manicurist, work done at her house or will visit customers. Apply EC80, Medhurst Road, in Avenue Road, Telephone W. 3611.

62928 O 30

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED lady steno-typist, (British) familiar with correspondence work seeks employment. Reasonable salary. Apply to Box 694, THE CHINA PRESS.

62980 O 28

MISSOURIAN recently arrived, seeks clerical work in American firm. No objection outports. References. Apply to Box 711, THE CHINA PRESS.

63035 O 30

COMPETENT, experienced stenographer, with knowledge of cabling, filing etc., open for immediate engagement. Apply to Box 718, THE CHINA PRESS.

63052 O 28

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER will call at office for dictation. Prompt service. Translations in French, Italian, Spanish, Russian and German, done by experienced translator formerly connected with Inter-Allied Technical Board. 20, Jinkee Road. Telephone Central 2351.

62332

WHEN you are in need of office clerks, typists, etc., etc., ring up C. 5200 or write to Employment Dept., Chinese Y. M. C. A. 120 Szechuen Road.

T. F. 66

AMERICAN woman, thoroughly experienced, seeks stenographic position. Best references. Willing accept moderate salary. Apply to Box 705, THE CHINA PRESS.

63011 O 31

THE Remington Typewriter School undertakes all descriptions of public stenography work, typewriting, French, German and Spanish translations, mimeograph duplication, etc., at reasonable rates. 3, Kiukiang Road, (top floor). Phone C. 1671.

T. F. 213

POSITION wanted. A well experienced and capable engineering and architectural draftsman wants to get a good position. Satisfactory rererences and certificates can be shown if required. Apply to Box 697, THE CHINA PRESS.

62991 O 31

FOREIGN sales manager seeks responsible position. Ten years' executive, organising and selling experience in the Orient. Travelled extensively. Speaks Chinese and Japanese fluently. Age 30. Apply to Box 681, THE CHINA PRESS.

62920 O 30

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET

WELL furnished double or single rooms, with board or without board. Moderate charges. Apply 59E, Range Road.

63041

LARGE furnished bedroom, modern bathroom attached, to let, without board, in detached house. Avenue Road. Address Box 714, THE CHINA PRESS.

63043 N 1

TO LET, Western district one large attic room, with small balcony and bathroom attached. Breakfast if desired. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 717, THE CHINA PRESS.

63052 O 28

LARGE room, beautifully furnished, all modern conveniences, with or without board. 210, Bubbling Well Road. Phone West 2603.

63027 O 28

TO LET, nicely furnished rooms, with private bathroom, without board. 58, Range Road.

63009 O 31

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET

Connaught House.

8 and 9 Quinsan Gardens Vacant with Board one large furnished room with bath room attached also one small room.

14 and 15 Quinsan Gardens

To let with full board bedroom and sitting room with bath attached; also one small room. Telephone North 483.

BOSTONIA

61 Carter Road.

One large and one small room, connecting bathrooms, now vacant.

10847

TO LET, in central district, a big comfortable room, with or without board. Tel. North 138.

63051 O 28

TO LET, in small family, well furnished room, with or without board, suitable for two friends or married couple. 269, Avenue Foch, corner Route des Soeurs.

63032 O 31

TO LET, double and single furnished rooms, with board, tennis, garage and telephone. Apply No. 1, Ferry Road. W. 1987.

63034 N 3

TO LET, big nicely furnished room, with verandah, without board. Apply 316, Avenue Joffre, between 12-2 and 5-7 p.m.

63060 O 28

ROOMS to let, with board or without. Apply No. 12, Kungping Road. Tel. North 3325.

63021 O 31

NEAR French Park, one beautiful single room with modern bath, French board, first class cooking. Also attic room. 127, Route Vallon.

63024 O 28

A private family wants to share two rooms with bathroom, and one single room with attached bathroom, near Victoria Theater. Apply C. P. O. Box 724.

62929

TO LET, comfortably furnished double and single rooms, good food and service. Apply 103, Bubbling Well Road. Tel. West 805.

62943 O 31

EIGHTEEN Quinsan Garden. Beautifully furnished large clean double room, private bath, (geyser). Real home cooking. Unexcelled service. Centrally located. Telephone.

62900 O 30

TO LET, central, near French Bund, one nicely furnished room, bathroom attached, no board, suitable for a gentleman of quite habits. Kindly give phone number when applying. Address to Box 676, THE CHINA PRESS.

62902 O 28

34, Haskell Road, furnished rooms, bath and verandah attached. 70 to 100 single, 100 to 150 per couple. Excellent table.

62855 N 2

ROOMS and flats, at 98, Avenue du Roi Albert, modern conveniences, each room has bath, with or without food. Cheap. West 4071.

T. F. 215

EXCLUSIVE foreign boarding house, nicely furnished rooms with private bath and modern conveniences. Excellent table. Phone West 3056, or call A101, B101, C101, Avenue Road, near Gordon. Mrs. H. Russell.

62518

EXCHANGE AND MART

WRIGHT AND BELYEA. For House boats and Motor boats. Works Woosung. Telephone Central 1133.

T. F. 3

FOR SALE Violin, copy of Antonius Stradivarius, fine tone. Cheap. Call 5 to 7 p.m. Mr. Douglas, 11, Jinkee Road.

63045 O 28

INDIAN motor cycle for sale, light twin cylinder Scout model, excellent condition, practically new. Will sell at sacrifice. Apply 720, Avenue Joffre, or phone West 1491.

63044 O 28

CROSS stitch, embroidered linens, applique bedroom sets, etc. from five different mission plants. The beautiful Szechuen crepe also to be had, at 93, Avenue du Roi Albert. Our sales are on Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning; special appointments by phone West 4076, Woman's Exchange.

62593

SAFETY Razor Blades sharpened like new, three cents single four cents double blades. Send your old blades to the Y.M.C.A. Barber Shop—The Sanitary Shop, 120 Szechuen Road.

T. F. 78

WANTED to buy a victrola, in first class condition. Apply to Box 698, THE CHINA PRESS.

62933

FOR SALE. Furniture for dining room, sitting room and bedroom, also English made gentleman's evening and day suits, five feet six inches. Apply to Box 709, THE CHINA PRESS.

63020 O 30

QUICK SALE: Russian sables, astrakhan fur-coat, gobelins, beautiful as Christmas presents. Any reasonable price will be accepted. 16, Haining Road.

63022 O 28

WANTED to buy Carlowitz code. Apply to Box 701, THE CHINA PRESS.

63002 O 30

FOR SALE: Canoe-shaped Victoria, together with harness and mafoo's uniform etc., also Australian horse. Apply Tel. W. 1490.

63008 O 30

FOR SALE: Foot's invalid armchair, adjustable back and foot-rest, with reading lamp, table and book-rest attached. Apply to Box 682, THE CHINA PRESS.

62921 O 30

I. S. S. Bonds, two half bonds, 25 months paid up. What offers? Apply to Box 630, THE CHINA PRESS.

T. F.

FOR SALE: Sporting ammunition 12, 16 and 20 bore Cartridges $8 per 100, Pasco Trading Co. 26, Canton Road.

62319 O 28

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED, tiffin car arrangement from corner Avenue Haig, Route Say Zoong down-town, by punctual passenger. Address Box 703, THE CHINA PRESS.

63007 O 31

MONEY to lend, Tls. 100,000 in amounts from Tls. 5,000 to Tls. 50,000 or more against real estate security only. Apply to Box 699, THE CHINA PRESS. 62995

CHINA PRESS WANT-AD CHIT

Fill out this form send it in by coolie or by mail, Want-ads Must be Prepaid. The rate is three cents per word per day. Minimum charge sixty cents for twenty words. Black-face type six cents. Enclose the amount with the ad. and your box number receipt will be returned by bearer.

*Name*_____ *Classification*_____

*Street*_____ *Number of Insertions*_____

*Amount Enclosed. Mex. $*_____ *Signature*_____

THREE CENTS PER WORD PER INSERTION. *Minimum Charge Twelve Words*

1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35

NOTE: If it is desired to use a box number please add 7 words: "Apply to Box.....The China Press. All arbitrary signs, such as $—£—%' (feet)—" (inches) etc., are charged as one word. Please write very distinctly.

Tea Exports

(Continued from Page 1)

advertising Chinese tea in the United States. The tea-advertising scheme of the Indian tea estates involves an expenditure on the basis of £40,000 yearly, beginning with the second half of the financial year 1922-1924.

It is doubtful whether China could pursue the same methods as have been adopted by the Indian tea estates in raising the funds for the advertising campaign in the United States. Previously a cess of a quarter rupee per hundred pounds of tea exported was levied to meet this advertising expenditure, but recently the appropriation was decided to be increased, and the government of India made to accede to the increased taxation to six annas per hundred pounds. It was the unanimous wish of the tea estates to have all tea leaving the shores of India be taxed on this basis. The question is whether similar action can be taken in China and the Imperial Maritime Customs made to secure the sanction of the Treaty Powers to a cess somewhat similar to that being raised at present in India.

OF GREAT VALUE

There is no doubt that such a measure would be of great value to the China tea industry as a whole, and help to expand a very potential market. There is no reason why Chinese tea cannot replace Java and Indian teas in the United States, because of its superior quality. Tea from China is universally admitted to be the best in the world both from the point of view of fragrance as well as purity. With systematic advertising opened in America towards the end of further popularising this tea the exports to the States from here should swell considerably. There is the germ of a big idea in this, and with a little co-operation the achievement should not be difficult.

The reclamation of what was once China's greatest industry is even at the present moment the aim of the different tea guilds in China, and with this object they have been obtaining the support of the Central Government and have secured concessions in interior taxation and also exemption from export duty. The first movement of the Chinese Government towards resuscitating the tea industry was in 1905, when a tea commission was sent to India and Ceylon from China. As a result of the investigations of this commission a tea industrial training school was established at Nanking where the sons of tea planters from all the provinces of China were sent to learn up-to-date methods of tea cultivation. In 1915 tea experimental stations were established and arrangements made for granting subsidies to deserving tea planters.

DUTY IS REDUCED

The first experimental station was established in the heart of the tea producing district of Keemun, in Anhwei Province, to study and perfect the cultivation and manufacture of tea.

The duty on tea has always been low, but in order to encourage the industry and to increase the exportation of the product a reduction of the duty was advocated and effected in 1915. The rate was reduced 20 percent from one tael two-and-a-half mace (Tls. 1.215) to one tael per picul of 133 1-3 pounds. Unfortunately, owing to constant internal disorder the Central Government has not been able to continue successfully the good work started in former years, and it is hoped that one day the scheme of the commission that was sent out to India and Ceylon would be conscientiously and energetically pursued. There is no argument required to support the contention that China must leave no stone unturned in order to maintain her position in the world as the most ancient and greatest tea producing country.

The year has shown large increases in the exports of tea from China, almost every market taking larger quantities this year compared with last. The only exception is the United States, where a decline of approximately 17 percent for the year 1922-1923 has to be recorded over 1921-1922. The following figures recently published show that there is a fine field in the United States, which could be developed with a little energy. The United States imported the following quantities of Chinese tea: —In 1913, 23,700,000 lbs., 1918 14,200,000 lbs., 1919, 10,600,000 lbs., 1920 10,600,000 lbs., 1921 14,600,000 lbs., 1922 16,200,000 lbs., and 1923 13,500,000 lbs.

From Japan in these years the United States drew as follows:— 1913, 44,400,000 lbs., 1918 56,400,000 lbs., 1919, 40,000,000 lbs., 1920, 29,700,000 lbs., 1921 21,400,000 lbs. 1922 26,600,000 lbs., 1923 36,000,000 lbs.

From other countries the takings of the United States were: 1913 16,700,000 lbs., 1918, 63,400,000 lbs., 1919 30,360,000 lbs., 1920, 49,900,000 lbs., 1921, 40,490,000 lbs., 1922 43,342,000 lbs., and 1923, 47,169,000 lbs.

His Consular Job Ended Quickly

Pickney Tuck, Jr.

BECAUSE America refused to recognise the Russian Soviet Government, Pickney Tuck, Jr., found himself United States Vice Consul at Vladivostok for just five days, when the Reds ordered him to leave. He has just landed at San Francisco.

10 Years Added To Expectancy Of Life

Detroit, October 15.—Dr. George Vincent, president of the Rockefeller Foundation, speaking on the subject of the American child today, said the Foundation has added ten years to the average expectancy of human life during the last 20 years. During that time the infant mortality rate has been cut in half. He placed the credit chiefly with specific public health activities.

Saito Named Japanese Consul At New York

Tokio, October 16.—Hiroshi Saito, former Japanese consul at Seattle, has been appointed consul at New York succeeding the late Dumasdi Saito.

The new consul was formerly attached to the Japanese embassies in Washington, London and Paris

Governor Walton Summoned To Trial

(Reuter's Service)

Oklahoma City, Oct. 26.—Ex-Governor Walton has been ordered to appear on November 1 before the Senate, sitting as a Court of Impeachment.

Once Of 400 Now Taximan

New York, Oct. 16—Francis Ormund French, cousin of William S. H. Vanderbilt, having failed to raise a loan on Wall Street, is now driving a taxicab. French said his first tip amounted to $1, and that he made $10.40 during the first day's work.

Speaking at a strike-vote meeting of the brotherhood of taxicab drivers, he said: "Gentlemen I greet you. Today I kissed the button of the first labor union I ever belonged to. I was never so complimented in my life as when I was permitted to join your union. I feel honored now that I am asked to address you."

Eastern Garage
Phone C. 1156
4 Soochow Road
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS

"HAVE A HEART"

Treat your watch to an annual cleaning and oiling.
It ticks "only" 150,000,000 times a year.
Send it to an expert foreign watchmaker.

HEACOCK & CHEEK
16A Kiukiang Road, (Second Floor)
Opposite Cathedral Garden

Ginling College Opens 6 New Buildings October 31

Ginling College, the Union Christian College for Chinese women in Nanking, formally opens its ninth year on the new campus, October 31. The thirty acre campus lies west and south of the Drum Tower about one-half mile from the University of Nanking. Six buildings, built in Chinese architectural style with curved tile roof and caves with soft colored columns, have been completed and another is in the course of construction. The present buildings face a central quadrangle open to the east and are only a part of the fourteen buildings planned.

Two dormitories house the ninety-six Chinese woman students in present attendance which tests the capacity and precludes further admissions until another dormitory is available. Eventually the College plans to accommodate four hundred students. All of the buildings are fire-proof, have heat, electric light and running water. The interior is as well-planned for modern comfort and utility as the exterior is beautiful.

The College is supported by regular appropriations from seven mission Boards: the Baptist, North; Disciples of Christ; Methodist Episcopal, North; Methodist Episcopal, South; Presbyterian, North; London Mission; German Reformed and Smith College. The latter gave the central buildings which is used as a Recreational and Social Hall. The money for these buildings is in large part the result of a campaign for several oriental colleges which has been carried on for two years in America, reaching a total of nearly three million dollars.

To Mrs. Lawrence Thurston, President of the College is due the successful culmination of the plan for this ideal women's College in China. The central location makes it accessible to many who might otherwise be deprived of a higher education because of the great distance of the other women's college in China. Assisting Mrs. Thurston in carrying on this magnificent work are twenty-eight men and women of whom three are Chinese teachers and Mr. Norman A. Wood who is doing special work in taxidermy.

The staff of teachers representing 15 American Colleges are: Mrs. Lawrence Thurston, President; Miss Alice L. Butler; Miss Emily I. Case; Miss Flora M. Carncross; Miss Anna Rebecca Clark; Miss Ellen P. Cook; Miss Virginia H. Corbett; Miss Ada A. Grabill; Miss Helen Y. McCoy; Miss Ruth M. Chester; Miss Ethel Comstock; Miss Adelaide Gundlach; Miss Rebecca W. Criest; Miss Ella M. Hanawalt; Dr. Llewella M. Merrow; Miss Cora D. Reeves; Miss Eva Dykes Spicer; Miss Mary V. Thayer; Miss Mary Bosworth Treudley; Miss Minnie Vautrin; Miss Edna Frances Wood; Miss Laura H. Wild; Miss Georgia Grave Thomas, Secretary. The Chinese staff is made up of Miss Phoebe Hoh; Mr. Ma Chen-kuen; Mr. Wang Beh-han; and Mr. Djang Dji-tsi.

Ginling College was founded in November 1913 by the representatives of five Mission Boards. The first class entered in September 1915 and there were five women graduates in the first class in 1919. Forty-two women have been given their degrees in the past five years and they have gone into mission and government school work. These students represent thirteen provinces. Forty students have been added to the fifty-six students formerly enrolled.

The program for the Formal Opening of Ginling College is as follows:

October 31. 9 o.m. Inspection of Buildings. 10:30 a.m. Dedication Exercises.

November 1. Alumnas and Founders Day. 6:30 p.m. Founders Day Banquet.

November 2. Citizens Day. 2:30 to 5:30 p.m. Inspection of Buildings.

November 3. Students Day. 2:30 to 5 p.m. Inspection of Buildings.

British North Borneo Co.

(Reuter's Service)

London, Oct. 26.—The British North Borneo Company's report for the year 1922 gives the following figures:

Total Revenue	£391,000
Expenditure	249,000
Available balance after payment of interest etc.	368,000
Carried forward	275,000

The report states that the Company is now experiencing some benefit from the improved rubber position. The Court has justified the recommending of a dividend of 3½% for the year 1922.

THE CARLTON BARBER SHOP
HAS OPENED
IT'S ABSOLUTELY UP-TO-DATE—A SANITARY HAIR DRESSING SALOON
CLEANLINESS OUR WATCHWORD
CARLTON BUILDING

TO ALL POLICY HOLDERS

Do you know how your interests are protected?

Securing a policy at a given rate and securing one at a rate decreasable by your share in the surplus earnings of the company, is the difference between Non-participating and participating insurance

In the case of ANY policy, a certain definite portion of the premium must be set aside as a reserve and that reserve is the present day value of the policy. Under no conditions can this amount of money be impaired. The balance of the premium goes to meet expenses and allow a margin on which the company can make a profit. In the case of NON-PARTICIPATING insurance, the stockholders are the only ones who share in this profit and likewise, if the company should have excessive expense or lose money, the stockholders have to stand the loss. THE POLICYHOLDERS HAVE NO INTEREST IN THE PROFITS OR LOSSES OF A COMPANY, issuing this form of policy.

On the other hand, PARTICIPATING insurance provides that the policyholders are to share in the surplus earnings of the company through dividends which, under American Law, must be declared ANNUALLY. As explained above, the reserve must be kept intact but in the interest of the policyholders, it is the duty of the management to keep down expenses and make carefully selected investments so that the dividends will be increased.

The WEST COAST LIFE is the only American Company issuing participating policies in the Orient and their past dividend record shows that approximately 25% of the premiums have been returned to the policyholders.

WEST COAST LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY
SAN FRANCISCO • CALIFORNIA
W. R. RICE & CO. GENERAL AGENTS
3 CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI

Convenient Location

Glasses Adjusted Without Charge

Highest Quality Optical Goods

Reasonable Charges

We never charge for small repairs

Lenses Duplicated While You Wait

at Work or Play

Announcing the Arrival of

Dr. Leo. D. Goehring, (Opt. D.)

In line with our policy of affording our patients the most expert professional services, we have obtained the services of Dr. Goehring who brings from America the most up-to-date methods in eye examinations and modern style in optical goods.

Dr. Goehring is one of the best known specialists in optometry on the Pacific Coast, having been associated with the largest practice in the United States for seventeen years.

Dr. Goehring is a member of The American Optometric Association; Western Washington Association of Opticians, also The Optometry Section, Seattle Chamber of Commerce. He has made a study of the most complicated errors of refraction and muscular imbalance, as well as being recognized one of the finest laboratory men in America.

The Institute now offers the combined services of Two American Doctors of Optometry, one German Doctor of Medicine, one British Optician and one affiliated surgeon.

The only establishment in the Orient offering a complete personnel which ensures undivided responsibility. We are able to undertake the medical, surgical and optical requirements of all eyework, while our completely equipped manufacturing plant enables us to fill our own prescriptions, accepting complete responsibility for the combined services.

Oculists' Institute Co.

49a NANKING ROAD

Tel. Central 5061

DOLLAR DAY

MONDAY, Oct. 29th
UNTIL
SATURDAY, Nov. 3rd

AT

WHITEAWAY'S

MONDAY, Oct. 29th
UNTIL
SATURDAY, Nov. 3rd

EVERY DOLLAR SPENT MEANS A DOLLAR SAVED

The following New Goods are included with the Dollar values

20 Pieces, 1,200 Yards All Wool English Serge in Navy or Black, 54 inch wide
This Week $1.00 yard

10 Pieces, 720 Yards, Plaid Dress Material 40 inch wide
This Week $1.00 yard

10,000 Yards English Striped Flannellette, soft finish, 27 inch
This Week $1.00 2 yards

10 Cases—5,000 Pieces High grade American Aluminium Ware Saucepans, Fry Pans, etc.
This Week $1.00

15 Cases Best French and American Moulded Glass Fruit Bowls and Stands
This Week $1.00 each

500 Dozen Best Crystal Water Tumblers, Fluted Design, usually sold by us at $9.50 doz.
This Week $1.00 for 4

THOUSANDS OF SPECIALLY SELECTED DOLLAR VALUES INCLUDING 30 CASES OF NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

DO NOT MISS THIS GREAT DOLLAR EVENT

THE FINEST VALUE EVER OFFERED FOR A DOLLAR

YOUR DOLLAR WILL GO TWICE AS FAR THIS WEEK

20 TABLES PACKED WITH DOLLAR VALUES IN THE MAIN AISLE, GROUND FLOOR.

ALL DEPARTMENTS REPRESENTED

DRESS GOODS,
MEN'S WEAR,
FANCY GOODS,
HARDWARE,
CHINA & GLASS WARE
FURNISHING GOODS,
STATIONERY GOODS,
TOILET GOODS,
FANCY LINENS,
LADIES' WEAR.

The following Lines are Typical of the Value we are offering.

100 Dozen Mea's all Wool Ribbed Socks, Heather Mixture, all Sizes.
This Week $1.00 pair

125 Dozen Men's Smart English Tweed Caps, Various Patterns. All Sizes.
This Week $1.00 each

300 Dozen Men's all Cashmere Socks in Brown, Black, Grey.
This Week $1.00 pair

100 Dozen Men's smart Open-end Neckties various patterns.
This Week $1.00 each

1000 Dozen Ladies' fine white Lawn Handkerchiefs.
This Week $1.00 for 9

920 Dozen Children's Coloured Picture Handkerchiefs.
This Week $1.00 for 8

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & COMPANY, LIMITED, SHANGHAI
TERMS CASH. **"WAYLOO CORNER"** **NO CREDIT**
NANKING ROAD —— SZECHUEN ROAD

U. S. Court For China

HEARINGS:

October 16, 1923, Cause No. 1351, Nanyang Brothers Tobacco Co. v. Green Star S. S. Co.; on stipulation of facts.

October 19, 1923, Cause No. 1378, American Sales Corporation v. U. S. Shipping Board et al.; testimony taken of R. P. Meyer, B. C. Haile, L. Everett, C. A. Perkes; submitted.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 2294, F. J. Schuhl v. Beckman-Linden Engineering Co.; no motion for judgment by default; passed for one week.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 2307, U. S. v. L. D. Kearny; on motion to set for argument; passed.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 2317, U. S. v. L. D. Kearny; on motion to set for argument; passed.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 1361, Charles North v. Andersen, Meyer & Co. Ltd.; on motion for dismissal; submitted.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 2275, In re The Kearny Co. Inc.; on application for appointment of a receiver; submitted.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 2020, Russo-Asiatic Bank v. Max Wulfsohn & Co.; on motion for commission; on motion to dismiss; passed.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 2216, George A. Mayer v. L. D. Kearny et al; on motion to recall execution; submitted.

October 23, 1923, Cause No. 2311, Carl Fick v. American Commercial & Industrial Co., Ltd.; testimony taken of plaintiff.

JUDGMENTS AND ORDERS

October 17, 1923, Cause No. 2226, George A. Mayer v. L. D. Kearny et al; judgment for plaintiff.

October 20, 1923, Cause No. 2185, A. Szyszlo v. The Shanghai Estate Co. Inc.; judgment for defendant.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 1804, Charles North v. Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.; order of dismissal.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 228, Boris Holman v. I Herskovitz & Bro. Inc.; order giving defendant ten days to file amended answer.

October 23, 1923, Cause No. 1867, Mao Tung Products Co. v. North China Cold Storage Co. Inc.; judgment for plaintiff.

MISCELLANEOUS FILINGS:

October 17, 1923, Cause No. 2330, U. S. v. Arthur W. Smith; marshal's return of warrant; bond.

October 17, 1923, Cause No. 2331, U. S. v. Arthur W. Smith; marshal's return of warrant; bond.

October 17, 1923, Cause No. 2332, U. S. v. Arthur W. Smith; marshal's return of warrant; bond.

October 17, 1923, Cause No. 1861, Luk Hop Co. v. American Express Co.; defendant's reply brief.

October 17, 1923, Cause No. 2307, U. S. v. L. D. Kearny; motion to set for argument.

October 17, 1923, Cause No. 2317, U. S. v. L. D. Kearny; motion to set for argument.

October 17, 1923, Cause No. 2258, In re Henry V. S. Myer's will; inventory.

October 17, 1923, Cause No. 2245, Louis Frank Roth v. The Kearny Co. Inc.; marshal's return of subpoena.

October 17, 1923, Cause No. 1351, Nanyang Brothers Tobacco Co., Ltd. v. Green Star S. S. Co.; amended stipulation.

October 18, 1923, Cause No. 2226, George A. Mayer v. L. D. Kearny et al; praecipe for execution; writ of execution issued.

October 18, 1923, Cause No. 2275, In re The Kearny Co. Inc.; amended application for dissolution of company and appointment of receiver.

October 18, 1923, Cause No. 2333, William Jacks & Co. v. A. B. Rosenfeld; complaint; summons issued.

October 18, 1923, Cause No. 2313, L. H. Woo v. J. B. Katz et al; demurrer.

October 18, 1923, Cause No. 1870, D. E. Swinehart v. Harriet Swinehart et al.; stipulation; trustee's report.

October 18, 1923, Cause No. 1800, Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger v. Montgomery Ward & Co.; bill of exceptions.

October 19, 1923, Cause No. 1351, Nanyang Brothers Tobacco Co. v. Green Star S. S. Co.; motion; request for special findings of fact.

October 19, 1923, Cause No 2333, William Jacks & Co. v. A. B. Rosenfeld; marshal's return of summons.

October 19, 1923, Cause No. 1801, Charles North v. Andersen, Meyer & Co. Ltd.; defendant's motion to dismiss; notice of motion.

October 19, 1923, Cause No. 2323, Pai Ching Ting v. E. W. Fraser & Co.; answer.

October 19, 1923, Cause No. 1896, In re Katharine C. Mullikin's will; affidavit and receipt.

October 20, 1923, Cause No. 1852, Ping Kee v. Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.; writ of execution issued.

October 20, 1923, Cause No. 1351, Nanyang Brothers Tobacco Co. Ltd. v. Green Star S. S. Co.; defendant's objection to deposition; defendant's memorandum.

October 20, 1923, Cause No. 2334, Louis E. Osburn v. Charles Hennigs; complaint; summons issued.

October 20, 1923, Cause No. 2307, U. S. v. L. D. Kearny; motion to set case for argument and offer to stipulate.

October 20, 1923, Cause No. 2317, U. S. v. L. D. Kearny; motion to set case for argument and offer to stipulate.

October 20, 1923, Cause No. 2136, Kingdom of Italy v. The Robert Dollar Co.; stipulation.

October 20, 1923, Cause No. 2020, Russo-Asiatic Bank v. Max Wulfsohn & Co.; motion for commission to take depositions.

October 20, 1923, Cause No. 2226, George A. Mayer v. L. D. Kearny et al; marshal's return of execution.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 2126, U. S. v. S. B. Fair; bond.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 2226, George A. Mayer v. L. D. Kearny et al; motion to recall execution; motion for appointment of receiver.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 2020, Asiatic Bank v. Max Wulfsohn & Co.; motion to dismiss; notice of motion; objection to cross interrogatories; motion to take depositions.

October 22, 1923, Cause No. 2134, Auto-Palace Co. v. H. S. Honigsberg & Co.; plaintiff's brief.

October 22, 1923, Corpn. No. 147, Louis Henkel & Co. Inc.; articles of incorporation.

October 23, 1923, Cause No. 2317, U. S. v. L. D. Kearny; bond.

(By the Commissioner)

October 17, 1923, Civil No. 133, W. Brydon v. G. E. Young; motion for judgment by default.

October 17, 1923, Crim. No. 521, U. S. v. Arthur W. Smith; affidavit; demurrer.

October 17, 1923, Crim. No. 522, U. S. v. Arthur W. Smith; amdavit; demurrer.

October 17, 1923, Crim. No. 523, U S. v. Arthur W. Smith; amdavit; demurrer.

October 18, 1923, Civil No. 133, W. Brydon v. Geo. E. Young; marshal's return of summons.

October 18, 1923, Civil No. 132, E. P. Shpilberk v. C. C. Boer; complaint; summons issued.

October 18, 1923, Crim. No. 524, U. S. v. G. Mark, complaint.

October 18, 1923, Crim. No. 525, U. S. v. P. Boutross; complaint.

October 18, 1923, Crim. No. 526, U. S. v. M. L. Moody; complaint.

October 20, 1923, S. P. No. 37, In re coroner's inquest on the body of J. R. Harvey; jurors' oath; verdict; jurors' discharge.

October 22, 1923, Civil No. 140, G. W. Thornton & Co. v. F. Ritter; complaint; summons issued.

Fei Lung Garage
Phone W. 933
P.1787-89 Bubbling Well Rd.
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS

Smoke better cigarettes!
—How much better?
—As much better as Tareytons.
—There *are* no better than that!
Herbert Tareyton
London Cigarettes

-:- The Golden West -:-

By Henry Seidel Canby

Editor the Literary Review of the New York Evening Post

As every American knows, the Golden West is California. The Great Open Spaces, where Men are Men, begin where the grass of the Mississippi valley thins to scrub and sage, and end at the crest of the Sierra. South lies the land of butte and mesa. North, a country of dripping forests, grassy prairies, white peaks, for which the Northwest is too weak a name. Between is the Golden West of California.

San Francisco was born sophisticated, and grew up careless, gay and rough. Life was easy for the Spanish predecessors, and life has been easy ever since, easy and sometimes cheap. The people of San Francisco bay are children of the sun, which they court in their architecture and seek tirelesaly upon the foothills. They live in the sun when they may, and its warmth melts the New England conscience in their veins and dissolves the phlegm of the Middle West. The Irish stock exalts itself like the eucalyptus in San Francisco. The sea fog, bestirring itself at sunset beyond the Golden Gate, and stretching one lazy arm after the other over the mountains and cities of the bay, keeps the Irish and Celtic while the white California sun of noon gives power to their blood. New Englanders learn how to live, in California. The pressure of mere existence, always high for them, relaxes; weather goes by the clock, any day is good for vacation. The land is set in broad masses, picturesque but without detail; brown hills, dimpled with the live oaks, sharp rows of eucalyptus, carpets of fruit trees these combined and compounded make anywhere like everywhere, and all beautiful. Life, likewise, escapes from detail and complexity. Domestic problems sit easily in a land of little cold and abundant food. New Englanders cease to scan their impulses, New Yorkers to drive, Middle Westerners to bustle.

It is the bay of San Francisco that will color the literature of California, in sharp contrasts like its green and purple, its gray fog and bright sunlight. Santa Barbara, San Diego, Carmel are exotic. The East has captured their beauties for literary recreation; writers write in but not of them. Los Angeles is otherwise employed. If it has learned to know itself on Monday, by Friday a new wave of immigration from Iowa or Kansas has submerged the budding personality. But San Francisco, tawdry, beautiful, careless, energetic, absorbs her invaders. Cocky pioneer and tolerant Spaniard gave her the character which she keeps. It is not merely gayety. A flowing life circle cut into contrasting angles is the figure that suggests itself. Hills change over a week from garish green to golden brown; days are hot in the sun and cool in the shade; dense fog or spotless sky, giant trees or bare slopes; burnt sand or riotous flowers; and also intense conservatism or violent radicalism, exaggerated religiosity or careless skepticism, complete self-sufficiency or jealousy of any merit anywhere in the world beyond California.

And by and through and of all this shall California literature be made. There is no literature of California. What passes as literature there might quite as well have been written in New York. In the newspapers, which contain many features but little news, the gay energy which is already characteristic displays itself in a smartness beyond New York. But that is all. The good books out of California are not in any deep-going sense Californian. Bret Harte and Joaquin Miller in this respect, were merely descriptive. Frank Norris could have applied his Russian manner more successfully to Kansas or Nebraska. Mrs. Atherton is national rather than sectional.

California is inexpressive in literature because she has not yet found her soul. It is a common complaint in America. Most of our writers of fiction in particular are merely craftsmen who have no emotion in themselves and no artist's responsibility to beauty and ultimate truth. They narrate and describe, but they cannot rise above their source, nor can they find the soul in others, having never found their own. But in California the soul of a civilisation itself is still nebulous. A cheerful light, a whirl of energy, a spectrum of bright, contrasting colors are there, but the star is still in the making.

Yet there will certainly be a literature of—not necessarily about—California. The thing is certain, for there is already a civilisation which has very definite and distinguishing characteristics. It will not be an ethical literature like that by which New England in her emotional prime sought out her heart. It will not be a literature of protest like the Middle West's saga of disappointed youth. People are unhappy in California, as elsewhere, but they are seldom disappointed, not often suppressed, and have always the climate and the scenery to compensate for any lack of cultural opportunity. It should be Italian in clear brilliancy and Greek in its tolerance; but that is guesswork. Who, in fact, can tell what will be its dominant characteristics until a thrill more spiritual than an earthquake runs round the bay of San Francisco? When the Golden West forgets its climate (as the Greeks did), and lives as deeply as now easily, and breeds creators as readily as boosters, and lets its mind range east of the Sierra and beyond the Golden Gate—in those days a soul may be born. Eugenically speaking, the heredity is promising, and the environment favorable in a high degree.

"Save your eyes."

A REASON FOR

that supremacy which so decidedly makes our glasses excel, is that we have precision instruments in the hand of a graduate optometrist to conduct scientific sight-testing, and a perfectly equipped shop in which to make high grade lenses.

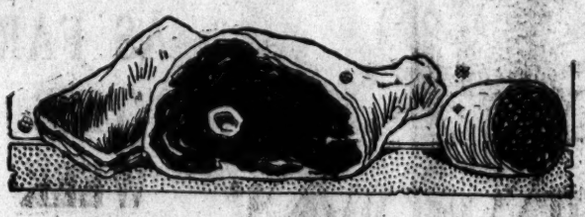
Chinese Optical Co.
P851 Nanking Road.
中國精益眼鏡公司

THE ARCOLA HEATING
Systems installing by Shanghai Heating Plumbing and Well Digging Co.
32 BRENAN ROAD

General Contractor in all Classes of Building Heating Plumbing and Artesian Well Digging
Estimates Supplied Free

Phone No. West 3625 or send Plans to above Address or to
C.P.O. Box No. 247

62716

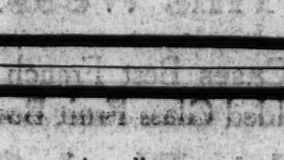


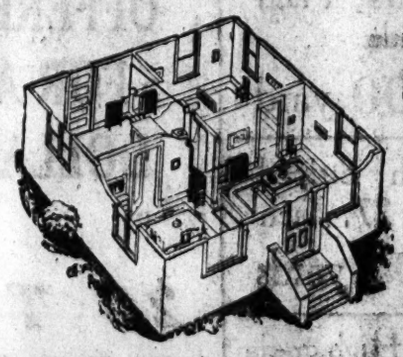
FARMER'S
AUSTRALIAN
HAMS AND BACON
SHAMROCK
CANADIAN
HAMS AND BACON
THE FINEST OBTAINABLE
DOMBEY & SON, Ltd.
150 BUBBLING WELL ROAD PHONE, WEST 681

HONAN ANTHRACITE COAL
Direct from Mines to Consumers
SMOKELESS - ECONOMICAL - SATISFACTORY
Special Grade For
ARCOLA HEATING SYSTEMS
$19.00 per ton delivered
Highly recommended by all Dealers in
ARCOLA SYSTEMS
FU CHUNG CORPORATION
Tel. C. 1371 No. 4 Avenue Edward VII

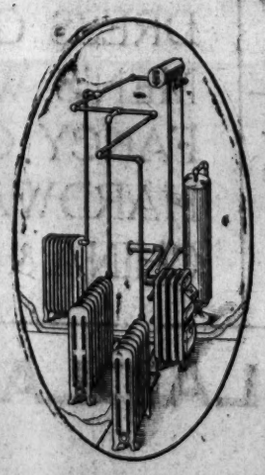
ARCOLA
Heating Systems
Neatly installed by the
Shanghai Water Works Co., Ltd.
Fittings Department
69 Kiangsi Rd. Tel. C. 724
Heating & Sanitary, etc. Schemes prepared, carried out and guaranteed.

We supply and install
ARCOLA
Heating Equipment
Asia Engineering Corporation
East Yuhang & Alcock Roads
Telephone North 1890
SHANGHAI





ARCOLA
Heating Installation
Supplied and Installed by
Gordon & Company, Ltd.
110 Szechuen Road Telephone Central 1108
SHANGHAI



Let us install your
ARCOLA
Estimates gladly furnished
Eastern Engineering Works, Ltd.
25 A Avenue Edward VII
Telephone Central 5004
SHANGHAI

You can not control the price of coal, but —

if you burn *less* coal by using an efficient heating system, down come your fuel expenses.

The price of a ton of coal is fixed by the market, but the amount of *useful* heat from that ton of coal depends on the efficiency of your heating system. The same ton of coal used in an ARCOLA sends from 1-3 to 2-3 more heat to your rooms than the usual open fire method.

ARCOLA Saves Fuel

Dr. E. L. Tartois, of 12 Rue Moliere, Shanghai, says in part:

"I did not keep any record of my consumption of coal for 2 salamanders, 1 Esse stove and some open fire places, but it was enough to make me realize the inconveniences of these old methods, and the impossibility to keep the house warm, whatever the consumption of coal might be. It is the reason why I had your ARCOLA system fixed in my house.

"I am sure I could have got the same heat with a smaller consumption, if I have taken the trouble to supervise more closely the coolie in charge, who, of course, is not a trained stoker.

"I take the opportunity to tell you how satisfied I am with your ARCOLA. Some of my friends, who saw it working in my house, have had since the same installed in their own houses.

Yours very truly,

Tartois

"Outside the ordinary advantages of central heating which are invaluable with the Shanghai climate, the consumption of coal by ARCOLA (Honan anthracite at $22 per ton) averaged for the winters 1921/22 and 22/23, two tons per month ; viz. 1½ tons for the mildest months and 2½ tons for the coldest.

Any reliable heating contractor can install ARCOLA complete about 2 weeks from date of your order.

See us or your heating contractor TODAY about Special Terms of Payment.

(ARCOLA Talk No. 4)

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

Yuen Ming Yuen Road
Shanghai

Telephone
Central 778

HE34

Average Prices of ARCOLA installed are:

For 2 to 3 Roomed House
Tls. 300 to 575

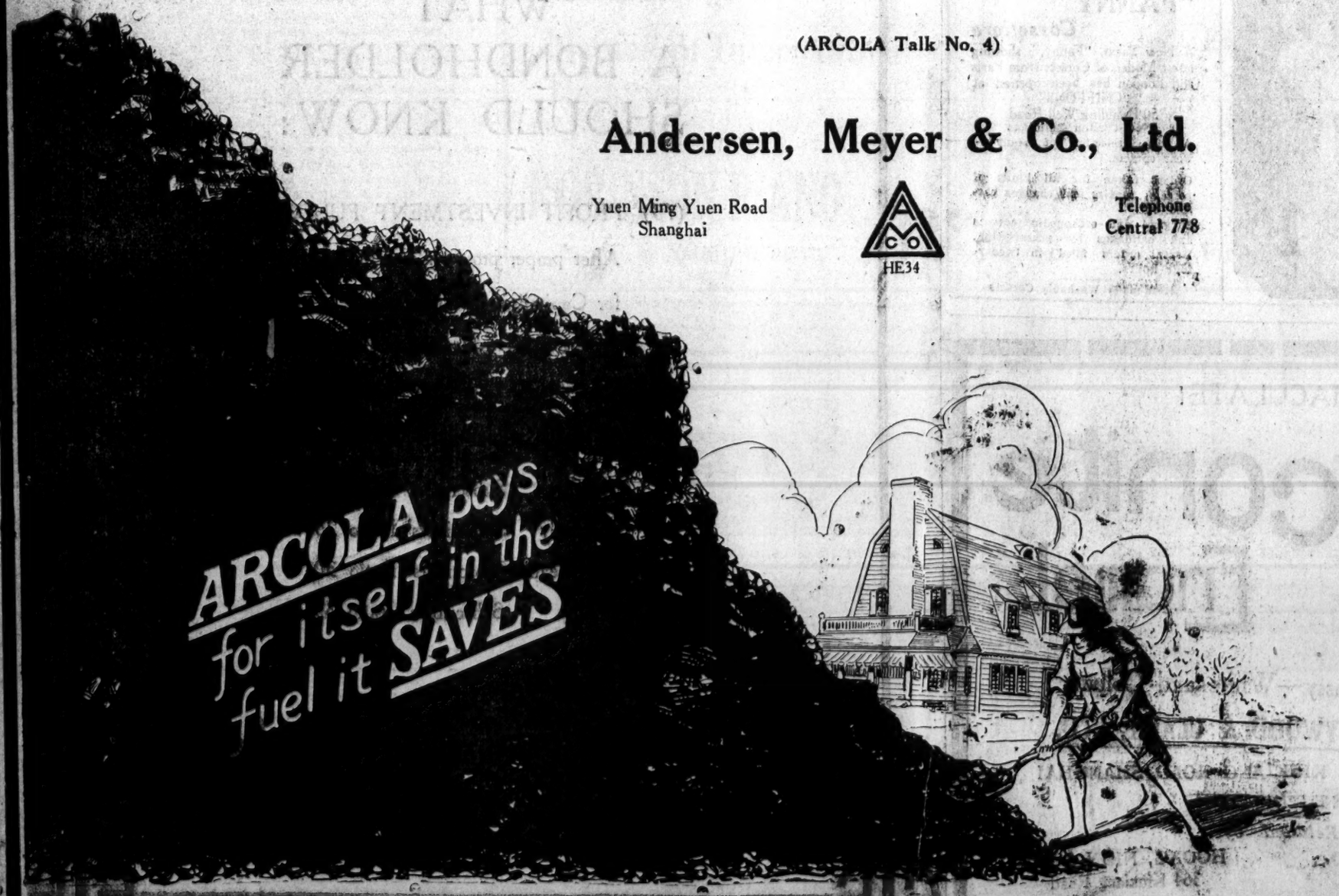
For 4 to 5 Roomed House
400 to 700

For 6 Roomed House
575 to 900

For 7 Roomed House
650 to 1075

Average coal consumption from 0.9 to 2 tons per month, according to sizes.

ARCOLA Steam boilers can also be furnished.



Relics Of China's First Man Found By Scientists Near Mongolian Border

French Fathers Unearth Skull 400,000 Years Old And Neolithic Stone Implements

While the Third Asiatic Expedition was at work in Mongolia seeking a solution to the fascinating mystery of the origin of man, a less ostentatious mission was exploring to the North of Kansu. There, in strata exposed by the Shara osso goh river, two French scientists attached to the Chihli Mission, discovered fossil remains of equal interest to those brought back by the American expedition, says the Peking and Tientsin Times.

The most important find was that of human skulls in quaternary formation, and neolithic stone implements similar to the Paleolithic remains in Europe.

Remarkable also for the numerous fossils of all species of animals, from the smallest rodent to giant rhinoceros, the discoveries establish an amazing chain from the era of the first trace of mammal life on the earth, right up to the time of Christ. The latter period is represented by earthenware pots.

In a museum building off Race Course road, two French scientists were found hard at work. They were surrounded on all sides by bones and fossils; a thin dust hung in the room as the specimens were carefully cleaned when removed from their cases. Those fossils between them relate the history of the world for the last 400,000 years. It may be 1,000,000, perhaps it is more. The fossils were discovered by Father Emile Licent and Father Teilhard de Chardin, both Doctors of Science, on their last trip to Shara osso goh, a river to the North of Kansu. Many of the most important finds were made in the shadow of the Great Wall, China's world wonder, but a wonder whose age is insignificant compared with the tremendous eras of science.

For the last ten years, Father Licent, one of the most ardent scientists in China, has made frequent expeditions embracing the whole of North China, and in connection with the Catholic Mission, he has established the Musee Hoang-ho Pai-ho. The thousands of specimens of all kinds, birds, beasts, fishes, botanical and geological, are now stored in this recently completed building, and there remains several years work for the classification and study of the fruits of many expeditions.

Naturally the full value of the Mission's last trip in the interior can as yet only be guessed at, but from a superficial examination of the fossil remains it is evident that the discoveries are equally as important as those of the Third Asiatic Expedition. And there is this great addition. The French Mission has brought back indisputable remains of six human beings. There are two skulls almost complete, the leg bone of another skeleton, and other bones all found within a radius of some few yards.

"It is of course quite impossible for me to venture on any estimate as to the age of these human beings," said Father Licent. "Some may place it as 400,000 years. We cannot tell. It is not yet even certain that the skulls are actually completely fossilised, though there appears to be little doubt that one at least is. They will however, have to be subject to scientific tests, and a thorough examination made before any theories are advanced."

"No you cannot straight away call it the missing link," he added with a smile in response to an eager question. "It may be. When they have been examined a report will be issued by the Far Eastern Museum, for whom we are working."

The oldest skull, which Father Licent entertained no doubt was completely fossilised, has only the lower jaw missing. The cranium is very dark in color, the eye sockets are sunk deeply into the head, and the jaw is prominent. There are several teeth, large ugly canines. The second skull is lighter, and has acquired a sandy tinge. The jaw is complete, and its more bony appearance shows even to a layman in science that it is not so old. Three portions of head bones, similar to the oldest skull, and a leg bone, complete the human remains.

All these were discovered at a depth of about 60 metres from the surface, in strata exposed by the river, and a matter of yards from the Great Wall. But the amazing part of the discovery, and the most satisfactory to science, is the complete chain the strata establishes from the Miocene to the Neolithic time. There were fossils of the miocene period, the pliocene period, superior tertiary strata, opened a new fossiliferous horizon, the quaternary formation yielded remains of man, and in the neolithic strata were found tools of all description. To put it plainer, the river has exposed the history of the world from the appearance of the first animals, immediately after the dinosaur and reptilian age, right through the stone age period when man began to use stone tools. The subsequent discovery of earthenware pots brings the history up to the commencement of China's first civilisation.

The mammal remains are in themselves an extraordinarily rich find. "We have numerous specimens of many of the great animals," said Father Licent. "There are rhinoceros, bison, camel, stag, giraffe, ox, elephant and horse. There are quantities of small remains, rodents and the like, a total of about forty different species. One of the rhinoceros heads is a new variety, and older than any previously found."

Another skull was remarkable for the presence of fossilised skin, quite an area being still visible, and two neat forelegs with cloven hoofs complete, not larger than the legs of a collie dog, are the remains of the horse which roved China contemporaneous with the first man. The small fossils had also received the same care exercised in handling the larger specimens. There are many drawers full of tiny bones, they might have been all that was left of many mice, the cleanly licked skeletons of a cat's banquet. They have the same polished surface, many are broken, but when finally tabulated and examined, they will throw much additional light on the world's early animal life. Horns of ox and antelope are other new discoveries, a magnificent core from some prehistoric stag's antler being of distinctive shape and with enormous tines. It has a marked resemblance, however, to a horn found in French deposits some years ago.

The neolithic remains, comparatively of much more recent time, are expected to prove a veritable treasure. In one heap were found bones of many kinds of animals, all that was left of a feast or several feasts, enjoyed by some mystery men scores of thousands of years ago. Some of the bones are burnt, others are cracked and broken, clear evidence of high living as it once was. There were even egg shells in the heap, pieces over a sixteenth of an inch thick, and probably those of an ostrich egg.

No tools were found with them, but close by were as many as the Mission could wish for. The use of many of the curiously shaped stones is a matter of conjecture, except of course the inevitable stone axe and arrow and spear heads, and from the quantity and broken appearance of some of them, it is thought that a regular manufacturing place was unearthed. There are large pieces, for instance, that have no definite shape and yet are obviously chipped by human agency. They are presumably the material left after a desirable flint had been chipped off.

Nearer the surface, thousands of years later still, the implements found were much better finished, and Father Licent has brought back some perfect polished axes. Some idea of the quantity may be gained from the fact that 450 kilos of bones and implements were taken from one deposit alone.

But the most amazing find which Father Licent has made was not in the strata on the Mongolian border. It is a mammoth tusk, a yard long, and was bought and paid for in the native city, Tientsin! In all probability it came originally from Kansu.

The work of sorting the fossils, which has only just commenced, is to proceed partly here, and partly in Paris. For this purpose the services of Professor M. Boule and Professor Abe Breuil, the two foremost French scientists, are to be utilised. Father de Chardin, who is supervising the collection in Tientsin, is himself a professor of the Catholic Institute, and a vice-President of the Geological Society of France.

MODERN CHURCH BUILDING OPENED AT CHANGCHOW

Trinity Institutional Edifice To House Many Activities

(China Press Correspondence)

Changchow, Ku, Oct. 23.—All day long on October 18 friends and sightseers passed in and out of the new Trinity Institutional Church of Changchow. It is decidedly modern in its combination building for business and institutional church purposes. Near the busy shopping center of the city has been erected a fine modern building with three banks on the first floor. Half of the second floor and the entire third floor and roof garden are being used for church, school, clubs and recreation. There has been a great need for a center of kind in the city and it promises to be filled to overflowing. This work has been opened under the auspices of the Southern Methodist Mission which has work at six other centers of the city.

A very interesting program was contributed during the day. The chief magistrate and other prominent men of the city gave speeches of welcome and congratulations. A very brilliant and scholarly address was given by Dr. O. F. Woo of Soochow University, on the subject, "Social Service from a Biological Viewpoint." Special music consisting of English and Chinese songs, demonstrations and tableaux showing the activities of the center proved of great interest to the large audience.

The guests were invited to inspect the building and ushers and friends explained the plans and purposes of the directors. The women's work will be conducted on the second floor. In the large lobby many tried their skill at new and interesting games. Class rooms, a large sunny club room and the business office, with even a room for the story hour of the tiny tots, were enjoyed by the visitors. On the third floor the large auditorium, gayly decorated with beautiful flowers, the lobby and reading room for men and boys, class rooms and offices showed that activities were already in full swing.

An English school was opened before the formal opening of the building and students in both advanced and beginners' English have been attending daily. There will be services for worship and study of the Bible on both Sundays and week days. Clubs will include many interesting subjects, such as music, lectures, health and sanitation, cooking, sewing, and many forms of recreation. A moving picture show ended the activities of the day.

This building will be opened each day for constant use and all plans are being made for development along physical, intellectual and spiritual lines. The tireless work and energy of the Christian workers of the city have brought about the opening of this new center, especially the pioneer work of the Rev. John C. Hawk, the Rev. Peter Davis Woo and Miss Alice Green who have given faithful years of service to the evangelistic work of the city of Changchow.

EYES EXAMINED

and glasses fitted by most modern methods known to science.

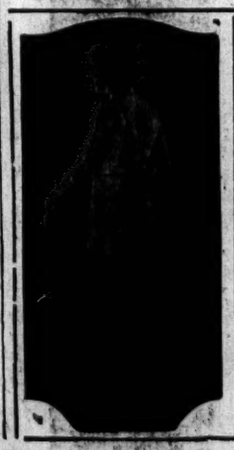
Difficult cases solicited.

Whether your glasses cost $5.00 or more, we guarantee absolute satisfaction. No extra charge for examination.

Dr. R. A. Thompson
25 Jinkee Road
Tel. C. 1804

NOTE.—The services of both oculist (M.D.) and Optometrist are included in all eye examinations.

Neubourg Motor Service Co.
Phone W 3330,
9 A, Yates Road
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS



"FANNY"
Corsetiere

A New Salon, "Fanny," showing latest Models of Corsets from Paris and London has been opened at "CHIFFONS"
50 Bubbling Well Road
(New Carlton Building)

A large selection of ready-to-wear corsets.

Orders taken for all kinds of corsets; repairs and changes carried out.

Surgical and orthopedic corsets and bandages by prescription. Urgent orders filled in twenty-four hours.

Read-made Washable Corsets

IMMACULATE!

Falconite Enamel.

Flat and Glossy—White and Colours

WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, LTD.

ARNHOLD BLDG., 6 KIUKIANG ROAD, SHANGHAI

'PHONE CENTRAL 2010

Retailed by

R. H. FELGATE & CO.
9 Ezra Road
Central 6674

HOONG, NION & CO.
384 Kiukiang Road
Central 2299

Comfort for the Aged

Old people are easily tired out and weakened by coughing. For them there is much comfort in a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It stops those weakening coughs that keeps them awake nights and wear out their strength. Every one knows it contains no narcotics. More bottles of it are used each year than of any similar cough medicine. Sold everywhere.

CHRISTMAS CARDS

In Artistic Chinese Designs

Let your cards this year be distinctive.

Artists have prepared especially for us a group of beautiful, hand-colored holiday cards in Chinese designs which you will find it a joy to send to friends here or abroad.

And from America, we have just received a selection of exquisite engraved greetings which are most attractive.

Your name engraved or printed on each card, if you wish.

ORDER NOW if your wish your cards to reach friends at home by Christmas week.

SEND BOOKS FOR CHRISTMAS

We suggest:—

Swinging Lanterns, by Elizabeth Crump Enders	$5.50
Audacious Angles on China, by Elsie McCormick	3.00
Picturesque China, North and South, 30 Beautiful Vandyck Photogravеurs, by Donald Mennie	7.50
Giles History of Chinese Literature	5.50

The Chinese American Publishing Company

The American Book Shop

25 Nanking Road

WHAT A BONDHOLDER SHOULD KNOW:

(13) PROFIT INVESTMENT FUNDS:

After proper provision has been made for Capitalisation Interest, half of the surplus is set aside and credited to the above funds. The profits are apportioned yearly on the following scale:

Monthly	Subscribers' Ratio 10
Quarterly	Subscribers' Ratio 25
Half Yearly	Subscribers' Ratio 30
Yearly	Subscribers' Ratio 35

The International Savings Society

7 AVENUE EDOUARD VII, SHANGHAI.

Reviews Of Recent Fiction

BRASS COMMANDMENTS. By Charles Alden Seltzer. The Century Company.

"Sufferin' wildcats!" ejaculated Clearwater, then. And "Gawd Almighty, them eyes! They near froze me!"

"Flash Lannon," said Bannock, thickly.

"Hell!" exclaimed Clearwater; "I'll be damned if it wasn't him."

That was the impression produced upon some of the excessively bad, bad men when Stephen Lannon returned to his own wild country of the Lannon Basin after long absence in the effete East, where he had gone to college and had "submitted to five years of tortuous refining in the crucible of civilisation." He was wearing Eastern "dude" clothes too, but he could still quell the wicked ones with his compelling eye. Of course, later on, he also reverted to the use of a gun. He had been summoned home by his foreman, who was threatened by a band of outlaws that was terrorizing the neighborhood and doing many unpleasant things. When Lannon got there he stuck up a notice warning the "rustlers" to go away from there, and announcing—"I'm shooting on sight." Those were the "brass commandments" of the title, since the warning was symbolically embellished by six loaded cartridges, one for each of the six undesirable desperadoes. Finally, there was as the shrewd reader may have guessed, yes—there was a girl!

From the beginning the rest of the yarn may be imagined. It is a lively affair, with plenty of "sufferin' wildcats!" and no end of gun play, and a liberal supply of the extensive out door scenery of the wild West, which is not so very far from Hollywood. At the end the accessory girl whispers—"Lannon..she loves you.. She hasn't understood, but she does now." So that was all right, and Lannon and the glorious Gloria ride out of the story together in the last paragraph after the bad men are dead and gone and everything is just as it should be, and one need only add, "Selah."

• • •

THE LUCK OF THE KID. By Ridgwell Cullum. G. P. Putman's Sons.

In this, his twenty-first novel of adventure, chiefly in the extensive Northwest, Mr. Cullum has succeeded in lifting a good deal of his story out of the rut. The prologue, especially, while it is certainly strenuous and bloodthirsty enough, comes very near to escaping the theatrical entirely in its portrayal of the missionary-gold hunter Marty Le Gros, his devoted Indian servant, and "The Kid." There is also a touch of the unexpected in his "Eurailans"—the mysterious halfbreed bandits who prey upon Eskimo and whites alike and who need a good deal of killing. The missionary, and others, are duly murdered by these predatory people, who are after information as to a gold strike that Marty has made. His little daughter.. The Kid, is the sole survivor of that massacre. But fortunately, the devoted Indian, Usak, was not at home when the bandits arrived, so he is left free to go gunning for them.

He does so effectively, and makes a quite satisfactory cleanup, to conclude the prologue. Fifteen years elapse—time enough to allow The Kid to grow up to womanhood, ready to serve as heroine. The titular hero of the main story, Bill Wilder, is a good specimen of what such a hero should be; but here, as in the prologue, there is more interest in following the noble red man, Usak, than in watching the nominally leading characters go through their parts. It is much the usual run around of prospecting hunting, villain dodging and outdoor strenuosities, to the normally happy end. But the girl is not a mere puppet, although the whole thing is stagey enough in its action. And the Indian is good enough to make the story well worth while.

• • •

PIRATE TALES FROM THE LAW. By Arthur M. Harris. Little, Brown & Co.

The story of Captain Kidd has been retold in practically every possible literary form and "Blackbeard" has not been neglected by either the novelists or the historians. There is no deficiency of historic and semi-historic record of the pirates but Mr. Harris has nevertheless managed to produce a very acceptable volume with some novelty in it. His account aims to be a truthful record, based upon court records, sworn testimony and other authentic documents, and he has tried to separate the legendary from the historical elements. But he has also retold the story of actual events more or less in the form of fiction in a fluent narrative, sometimes with lively dialogue. It makes a readable volume of no small interest.

One wonders whether the enduring fame of Captain Kidd is not due in some measure to his name itself, which seems, somehow to have a mysterious fitness. Such names as Avery, Tom Green or John Gow are colorless; titles like "Blackbeard" or names like Quelch have an artificial air, suggesting unreality, but Captain Kidd is solidly perfect as the title of a pirate. But as a matter of fact Kidd was a mild and comparatively uninteresting specimen. His real story is told at length in this volume, followed by that of John Quelch, Edward Teach (or Thatch), alias "Blackbeard"—who was the real simon pure cut-throat villain—Henry Avery, Tom Green and John Gow. There are also glances at minor worthies. The book is well illustrated from drawings by George Avison.

• • •

FOUND MONEY. By George A. Birmingham. Bobbs-Merrill Company.

It was the tattooing on the legs of the late but unlamented Quartus Wilbred that convinced the hero narrator of this yarn that there might be some truth in the story of a treasure of 20,000 gold sovereigns buried in a field under an Ogam stone in County Roscommon. The defunct Quartus left a daughter as well as directions for finding the money, and, as the hero was really a total stranger to the corpse, the situation was embarassing especially as the girl was an almost incredibly innocent creature though a very determined and active young person. Treasure hunting even in a politically unsettled Ireland was all very well, but the girl insisted on coming along too, so the poor young man had to enlist his sister and her matter-of-fact husband in the quest. And when the searchers got to Ireland there were further complication—a most unworldly curate and Aunt Josephine—but that is quite enough of the plot to get you started.

It makes one of the always genial author's pleasantest yarns; first rate light comedy of not too impossible situations, well carried through. There is a wealth of invention of detail and plenty of amusement, with now and then a jab of sharper satire, as in the handling of some of the Irish patriots. But it is always good natured, cheerful satire and for the most part the role purpose is entertainment, of which there is a full measure.

• • •

THE TRAIL OF THE ELK. By M. Fonhus. The Century Company.

The author of this fantasia is a newcomer whose work is attracting much attention in his native land—Norway. It is highly imaginative, with a full measure of Norse uncanniness—more in the nature of a partially rationalised half fairy tale than anything else, but depending more for its effects upon its scenery and atmosphere than upon any tangibly human qualities. It is the story of the hunting of a mysterious "wizard" elk by an equally mysterious hunter, Gaupa, which means the Lynx, aided by his great, shaggy dog, Bjonn, which means the Bear. All three of these animals, including the humanised one, are eerie creatures, and at the outset it is explained that Rauten, the elk, was "a human being in animal guise."

Long before the real narrative opens Gaupa has killed the mother of the elk. There was also a crazed old Swede who had been treasure hunting in the mountains and who explained to Gaupa as he died that "when once I die then I will return to Re Valley in the shape of a beast." With these explainations the hunt is on and it extends over a long period to the expected climax in the death of both elk and hunter. There is a glamour in the thing, but one feels that a good deal may have evaporated in the translation. The book is illustrated by a number of drawings by Harry Rountree.

• • •

GLADYS. By J. Morfan de Groot. J. B. Lippincott Company.

The lady whose name serves for the title of this was rather too much married for her comfort during a good deal of the struggles of the story, but on the homeopathic principle of similia similibus she finds a way on in the end by more marriage. The keynote of the thing is in the quotation from Thackeray—"those awful vows which we utter before God at the altar." Gladys's first husband, Castlewall, was a moderately bad egg, and when she finds him faithless she refuses to play the game. Incidentally there is a nicer man, a doctor, Sir Nigel Onthorpe, with whom she is really in love. The story travels through a long and sometimes hectic series of experiments and finally hitches up Gladys and Sir Nigel for the sake of the child to be born, to the sage conclusion that there is some advantage in submitting to the conventionalities. It is a ponderous, heavy footed story, with no distinction of style.

• • •

THE UNGROWN-UPS. By "Rita" (Mrs. Desmond Humphreys.) G. P. Putnam's Sons.

When you find the opening page of a novel, in the form of a girl's diary, dated June 1, 1910, as the diarist's thirteenth birthday, you know pretty well what to expect. After a prologue in serio-comic vein, sprinkled with misspelling and holding a little of the Daisy Ashford flavor, there will be a jump to the war years, followed by a glimpse at the loosened conditions of society at the end of the war, and concluding with a proper marriage. This one runs true to form, but it is distinctly above the average in quality, although it is very greatly over extended. It is not of the horrific family; indeed, it might be labeled conservative, if not quite old fashioned. It is a record of the painful process of growing up during those fateful years, 1914-18, but it does not go into war scenes in detail, being the diary of a stay at home girl. There are several rather tenuous threads of narrative, paralleling each other, giving something of the history of the diarist's family her sister, mother and especially of her novelist father. The characters are well marked, sometimes subtly drawn; it is more a presentation of advancing states of mind, of gradual developments than of action or event. It is a kind of literary pastel, a delicately worked out picture of certain phases of existence in England in wartime.

• • •

RACE. By A. L. Sammis. Covici-McGee.

The "blurb" gives a fairly accurate description of this as "emotional ....life in its most risque moments .... thrilling in its cruelty and passionate beauty," using these terms with all the wealth of meaning of a three sheet circus poster. It is "the story of the love of lovely Rosemary for the husband of her best friend," and after the best friend dies Rosemary marries the handsome brute and has a suitably hard time in her "struggle to hold him through all his affairs with other women." It is a very crude and very dull performance, with no slightest excuse for its publication.

• • •

SPOOKY HOLLOW. By Carolyn Wells. J. B. Lippincott Company.

It might be argued with some plausibility, that a detective yarn should stick closely to its detecting, without distracting the reader by anything with a remote resemblance to "human interest." That may serve as an excuse for Carolyn Wells's choice of wooden images instead of people for her mystery yarns, for she knows better and can depict human beings when she tries. At any rate, she has a very good layout this time, and a pretty good problem, though the correct answer is not very hard to spot. It is another case of the good old locked room with no possible exit for the criminal; neatly dead corpse, stabbed, but no weapon found, door locked on the inside, windows impracticable, and so on. In this case, too, there was no motive in sight for the killing of the inoffensive Aunt Anne. There is an engaging lavishness in the stage setting of this—a marble palace, with "all imps.," in a remote Vermont village. Also, there is ghostly music, a "will harp" that plays itself out of the surrounding air. Like all her detective stories, the thing moves, although there is a great deal of repetition and insistence upon minor detail.

• • •

THE PAROWAN BONANZA. By B. M. Bowers. Little, Brown & Co.

Besides being a perfectly good wild Western hero, of the mining camp variety, Hopeful Bill Dale was something of a humorist. He traveled with a noteworthy menagerie: the indiscreet parrot, Luella; the dog who was called Hezekiah, which the camp naturally thought "was not a dog's name at all," and a turtle, which was kept tied through a hole bored in the tail of its shell and which was named Sister Mitchell, because, as Bill claimed, "it had a good Methodist face." Even his burros were eccentrically labeled as the Wise One and Angelface. But it was unwise of Bill to confide too freely in Luella, because she had the trick of repeating such confidences inopportunely. So when Bill struck it rich it happened that Luella betrayed him, and, of course, there was trouble about the new found bonanza. There was also Doris, later, who married him, and thus led to more trouble. But, of course, all these assorted troubles are nicely smoothed out in the end, as should be in any good wild West yarn. And because Mrs. Bowers is something of a humorist herself, as well as a skilled maker of plots, the story has no small attractiveness. She uses familiar machinery, but manages to give a sufficiently novel turn to keep one's interest well alive. Her characters are a little something more than the usual stereotypes.

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE FALL FASHIONS

WALK-OVER styles fulfil your desire for something different, the highest expression of the prevailing mode. Their beauty is apparent. The name WALK-OVER assures their perfection of fit.

POLISHES—HOSIERY
PUTTEES

Walk-Over Shoe Store
24b Nanking Road

Miniature Grands
By
Broadwood
Bechstein
Chickering.
Names of International Renown.

ROBINSON PIANO Co., Ltd.
34 NANKING ROAD

Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.
Phone W. 1641-2-3
86 Bubbling Well Road
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS

Resid: 13 Rue Chapsal Resid: Tel. W. 2758
DR. FRED M. GENSBURGER
EYE SPECIALIST
Consulting Hours
10 a.m.—12 noon and By Appointment
11B NANKING ROAD
Tel Central 2061

PURE DRUGS PROMPT SERVICE
At the Sign of the EAGLE
Beginning Monday, Oct. 22nd to Nov. 3rd inclusive
ANNUAL CASH SALE
TWO WEEKS ONLY
CUT PRICES
FACE CREAMS
FACE POWDERS, ROUGE
LIP STICKS, TOOTHPASTES
SHAVING CREAMS AND STICKS, SOAPS
TOOTH BRUSHES, MANICURE SETS
PERFUMES, HAIR LOTIONS, DRUGS
DRUG SUNDRIES, PATENT MEDICINES
AND PROPRIETARY PREPARATIONS
GET YOUR WINTER SUPPLIES NOW
THE EAGLE DRUG CO., Inc.
P537 Nanking Road Phone C. 7097
Open Till 9.00 p.m.

CROWDS

ARE VISITING
LaouKiuChwang
The Premier Silk Store of the East
BECAUSE
Everything in Silks that is sold there is of the very best in China
NOW SHOWING
SILKS
For Your Christmas Presents to Your Friends at Home and Abroad
Our Silks are Sure to Please
Come and See Our
FURS
We have only the best in stock
LaouKiuChwang
P138 Nanking Road
TRADE MARK
Established 1857

China In Search Of A New Morality

By Andre Dubosq

The author of this article, who is a staff writer and political correspondent of "Le Temps," visited this country some two or three years ago, making a close study of political and economic conditions. The article is translated by "The Living Age" from the French Liberal Catholic fortnightly review "Le Correspondent."

Confucius thus traces the portrait of a wise man: "The sage is not a narrow specialist, but a person capable of many things. He never teaches what he has not first practised. He is frugal in his diet, modest in his mode of life, resolute in action, and prudent in speech. He is contented with the station that Heaven gives him, nor does he repine for something different. He does not complain if his merits are overlooked or his services forgotten. He reasons that since he knows but few of the great multitude of men, he cannot expect them to know him, nor can he render them great individual service.'

This reflects Confucius's famous theory of a middle course. 'No sympathy, no antipathy, no prejudices, no unshakable convictions, no obstinate determination, no emphasis of the self. . . . Never indulge in extremes, for too much or too little are equally bad. Always follow the middle course.'

Passing over the exponents and interpretors of the teachings of Confucius, from Mencius, in the third century before Christ, to the introduction of Buddhism during the fourth and fifth centuries of our era, under the Tsing dynasty Chinese ethics were precipitated, so to speak, in a final code of conduct contained in the six books of the Emperor Yung Cheng. This code promises a peaceful and comfortable life to those who practise the Imperial morality. There is no punishment after death, and no future life; respect for one's parents, industry, and thrift are the three roads to happiness.

We recall thus briefly these preliminary facts in the ethical history of China, because they form the background of that country's present distress of spirit. Today China is seeking a new moral code. It is not to be the work of any single philosopher or scholar, but of the new generation, which has studied abroad, or has made the culture of the whole world the object of its study at home. The ethics of discontent and the strenuous life are to replace the reposeful teachings of Confucius. To quote from one of these younger writers:—

"Be the seeds of a new life. Be the agents of a revolution. For the sake of this assert your freedom as men. Shake off your shackles. Ours is the age of emancipation—of civil, religious, and financial emancipation. Woman is being emancipated from the yoke of man. Be progressive and aggressive. We need men of action, men of enterprise, men of energy. Imitate Christopher Columbus instead of Tolstoi and Tagore. Our era is an era of positivism, of liberty, of equality."

Let me quote further the following passages from a textbook used in the grammar and secondary schools: "The first object of moral discipline is to distinguish good from evil; and then to judge the conduct of one's neighbor by this standard. We must have a standard. What is that standard? It is the ultimate object of human life. Whatever conforms with this is good. Whatever contradicts it is evil. What is the ultimate object of human life? Some say it is to satisfy our desires. Others say that it is to develop our reason. We say that it is to do constantly what our inmost self conceives as the ideal. To do this is to fulfil all our duty and to practise all the virtues."

After developing this theme and relating it with the teachings of Confucius and his successors this manual goes on to say: "The morality of Europe and America derives its strength from being rooted in the religions of the people. These religions assert in principle that man should obey the will of a spirit, in order to avoid evil and to do good, to deliver himself from his sins and their punishment, and to obtain peace and felicity in a future life. Certain of our wise men have declared almost the same thing of Heaven, in practically the same words as the Europeans and the Americans, but with this difference, that their punishments are of this world, and not of another world. That is the great difference between them and ourselves. We live in this world and for this world. Our morality is designed for this world, and we do not relate it with any divinity. Neither do we seek our ideal in a foreign religion. We must have an ideal, to be sure, but we must find it in our own race. As a master and model of the past and future generations, there is none equal to Confucius.'

In the field of applied morals the themes developed in this textbook include regard for the public weal, social amenities, school attendance, paying taxes, obeying the law, defending the fatherland. As to the latter, the following is taught: 'It is the duty of every man to defend his country. He ought to be loyal and faithful to it. This loyalty is a natural gift received from Heaven. We possess it without learning it. It is part of what Mencius called inborn duty. During recent years our country has often suffered outrage and violence from foreigners, and we have abundant reason to hate them. . . . If our people wish to punish foreigners for these wrongs and to conquer them in their turn, they must first make a single heart out of the hearts of all citizens of China. When we lived a life of national isolation soldiers were not needed except to suppress domestic insurrection. Now we live in an age of international relations, and we need soldiers to prevent our country from being insulted and attacked . . . . Only two races of men are entitled to be called strong—the yellow and the white. The great contest, therefore, lies between these two. We Chinese belong to the yellow race. Unless we progress, if we allow ourselves to become feeble, if we succumb to the pressure of the white race, will not the result be deplorable?'

We have just read: 'As a master and model of past and future generations, there is none equal to Confucius.' However, a popular Chinese review, "The New Youth," declares: 'Buddhism and Christianity have produced and are producing men far superior to the great men of Confucianism. Why, therefore, do we make it a command in our Constitution to venerate Confucius and him exclusively? It is right to insist that our four hundred million Chinese obey the Constitution, for that document is the foundation of our government; but by what right do we bid them to venerate Confucius? . . . We are living in an age of liberty, equality, natural science, and fraternity among nations. The world is becoming uniform. We see an age approaching when everything will be the same everywhere. Now the people of other countries may endorse certain ideas of Confucius, but not his theories of government, of the family, and still less the code of ethics that is ascribed to him but was really devised long before his age. His idea of filial piety is not applicable in the modern world. Neither are his notions of government, for the sage regarded the common people as incompetent minors. We can no longer tolerate subordination of the wife to her parents-in-law, then to her husband, and after that, in case she becomes a widow, to her son.'

On the other hand, we read elsewhere: 'We should above all things revive and strengthen the family spirit among our people. Loyalty, justice, patriotism, and ren from their earliest years. Now these virtues can only be inculcated in the family. We must also try to cultivate a religious sentiment. From whatever point of view we consider it, that sentiment is an important prop of public order. It admonishes men to observe traditions, routine, and regular habits. Experience has demonstrated a hundred times that it is impossible for a nation to prosper without religion.'

In a word, the young Chinese are far from being in accord with the traditional code of ethics of their country. Differences of view with regard to religion per se are less apparent—and even exceptional. Confucius fell into the error of assuming that the patriarchal regime would satisfy mankind forever. The dogma of filial piety has been the corner stone of a government that has lasted for centuries. The nineteenth article of the Chinese Constitution declares: 'The educational program of the country shall treat the teaching of Confucius as the taproot of moral life.' The repeal of this article has been the subject of much debate. This is not an important practical question, since the permanent constitution is not yet in effect. But Confucianism itself is always a timely topic.

The number of Chinamen who are pondering upon modern problems, and the application of these problems to China and the rest of the world, has grown rapidly of recent years. A progressive movement has started that will never cease. A new patriotism is being taught. In a recent article in "The Students' Revivew" a contributor asks: 'What is patriotism? It is ardent love put at the service of one's country. Patriotism is the soul of the nation. A people without patriotism does not deserve to exist.'

In another periodical a young man writes: 'I lost my mother two years ago. At that time I observed many things in our funeral customs that made me indignant. For instance, my relatives insisted that I must lay off my fur garments. Why are furs prohibited during the period of mourning? Who can give a rational answer to this question? Are there not better ways of proving one's filial affection than by taking cold? I should prefer to follow the example of a certain Li, who confined his morning to baking a thousand cups of the finest porcelain, each of which bore this inscription: "My dying mother said to me: 'My son, never forget the outrage perpetrated in our country by Japan at the time of the Twenty-one Demands.'"

Little by little a new spirit is being formed among the young students of China. It may be, a spirit of hatred for the whites, but it is simultaneously love for the fatherland. We are not so simple as to imagine that Young China is ready to endorse en masse all the views we have quoted. We know that while these young people are filled with excellent aspirations, they are also saturated with errors, both ancient and modern. They feel not only the thrill of patriotism but also the power of many doctrines, even the most subversive, imported from all the world, and particularly from Europe. One reads in the same reviews articles representing the most contrasting tendencies and teachings. The utmost confusion prevails in the general groping toward a better social organization, as well as toward a higher moral code.

It will be many years before the ideas now in solution crystallize into generally accepted doctrines, and begin to leaven the minds and imaginations of the great inert masses. Intellectual faculties stagnant for ages are in full fermentation. The rising generation is agitated as will a fever. It is running hither and thither seeking new social utopias. It is uprooting ancient traditions and abolishing ancestral customs. Meanwhile, what do the inert masses think? Siao sin—'Be prudent'—as Confucius commands!

Skeletons Decorate Tombstones In Macao Cemetery

Macao, Oct. 17.—The average European would, we think, be surprised if on entering a cemetery he found a complete skeleton laid out on a tomb stone to dry, with a pencilled chit kept from blowing away by a stone. Yet this is, we understand, by no means an uncommon sight in the Macao Cemetery. At the National Constitutional Assembly in 1911 the Constitution provided for the secularisation of public cemeteries (Art 9) but on the recommendation of the then bishop, Dom Joao Paulino, nothing was done in this respect in Macao. Corpses therefore, of those buried in forma pauperis are still grubbed up after a certain period, and thrown into a pit.

Dr. Alvaro dos Santos Pato, Judge of the Chinese Court, is under treatment for contusions and wounds sustained as the result of an automobile accident.

We learn, however, that he is on the road to recovery.

Shortly after midnight on the 5th, the Dutch Harbour Works Company's installation at Coloane was attacked by a band of pirates, it being supposed that their aim was to kidnap some of the employees and hold them to ransom. The negro soldiers coming to the latter's assistance, a brief but very brisk battle resulted, and one of the pirates was wounded and captured. The soldiers also suffered one casualty.

Much pleasure is felt in Macao at the promotion of Mr. Januario A. d'Amedia to second official of the Postal Department.

Much interest has been aroused by a circular signed by a group of teachers inviting entries for an exhibition of applied art to be held in December.

Macao can boast of a respectable number of handicraftsmen and accomplished artists, and there is no doubt that the exhibition will prove well worth visiting.

To us the Committee appears of unwieldy size for such an end, but we wish them every success in their praiseworthy efforts.

Notice to Ladies

You need have no worry about your hair being straight and untidy during the hot and damp days, just drop in at M. Paul the Beauty Parlour, 35 Nanking Road who is the specialist for Nestle Permanent and Lasell Ways.

"SWAN" FOUNTPENS

Perfect Gifts

There are many charming gifts and many useful ones but the "Swan" Pen embodies all the qualities a gift should possess. Beautiful, of value, daily useful and a lasting reminder of the donor.

A "Swan" Pen is the gift which soon proves to be indispensable

Catalogue Post Free.

OF STATIONERS, JEWELLERS AND IMPORTERS

MABIE, TODD & Co. LTD., Swan House, 133 & 135, Oxford Street, London, W.1. and at Manchester, Paris, Brussels, Zurich, Johannesburg, Barcelona, Sydney, Wellington, Cape Town and Rotterdam.

YOUR SUIT IS READY

Call HENRY the TAILOR

7-9 Seward Road.

SPECIAL NOTICE

to

Our old and future friends

WE SELL

Motor oil, Crater Compound, Grease, Asphalt paint, Liquid Wax Dressing, Metal polish, New Motor fuel, Glassene, Round Belting, Motorists' Tool kit, Padlock, The pocket sewing machine, Soderall, Neverout lamp, Miniature lamp, Tire Saving Jacks, Artificial leather, Shaler 5-minutes Vulcanizer, Moore's book soap.

THE REMINGTON PORTABLE TYPEWRITER, etc.

Y436 Lloyd and Nanking Roads

LIENGYI MERCANTILE CO.

Phone C-839, Shanghai.

FROM THE WELL KNOWN GERMAN FACTORY

HOLLER'CHE CARLSHUTTE RENDSBURG

ALLIGATOR STOVES

"THEY GIVE THE MAXIMUM OF HEAT"

AND ARE STRONG, HANDSOME AND DURABLE

H. C. AUGUSTESEN

CHINA TRADE

91 Szechuen Road Tel. Central 3269

Build Up New Strength

Try a Glass of Pure Rich Liquid Fresh Milk Three Times a Day.

One Level Tablespoonful will make a Glass of Milk.

Pour the powder on top of the water, then beat for one minute.

COFFEE PERCOLATORS

THE "UNIVERSAL" PERCOLATORS

All Nickel with Glass Top

Makes Perfect Coffee

Best Quality Spirit Lamp

2 Cup size $22.50

4 Cup size $25.00

6 Cup size $29.50

The "Cona" Coffee Machine

ALL GLASS

The quickest Method of making coffee

Half Pint size $16.00

One Pint size $19.50

Chafing Dishes at Special Prices

Best Quality American made Chafing Dishes, all Nickel with Patent Asbestos force Draught Lamp.

$38.00 Special Reduced Price $29.00

$46.00 Special Reduced Price $36.00

$54.00 Special Reduced Price $42.00

$59.00 Special Reduced Price $45.00

$65.00 Special Reduced Price $52.00

WEEKS & CO., LTD.

SHANGHAI HANKOW

Made just for you

A SUIT OF CLOTHES

Up-to-the Minute styles. Choice Materials.

Exclusive Patterns. Prompt Service and Attention. Unequalled Workmanship

and at

PRICES THAT WILL PLEASE YOU

FOR SUCH SATISFACTION SEE

THE W. W. AHANA CO.

Tailors to the Discriminating

BRANCH OF THE WELL KNOWN TAILORS OF HONOLULU

120 Szechuen Road Phone Central 2512

Y. M. C. A. Building

Observations On Prohibition

An English Writer Sees A Division Between Eastern Cities And The Middle West

(Extracts from an article by Sir H. Percy Robinson in the Nineteenth Century.)

The United States is a very big country. Commonplace, though it be, this is a statement which can hardly be too often repeated, for few Englishmen, and by no means all Americans, understand all that it implies. The width of the country from east to west—from New York to San Francisco—is roughly equivalent to the distance from London to Teheran, and the physical features of the land, with the consequent difference in the avocations and interests of the peoples, are about as diversified in the one case as in the other. It is almost as if we had the whole British Empire conjoined into one single continuous continent, all under one flag, one Ministry, one Parliament. Here are Canadian prairies, Australian backwoods, South African mining areas, Himalayan mountain ranges, congested manufacturing centers like those of the British Isles and great seacoast cities; arctic cold and tropical heat.

An English friend whom I knew many years ago in one of the Western States, in reply to the familiar question "And what do you think of our country, Mr. Blank?" kept ready for use the answer" "I don't I can think of some spots in it, but only several men working together could think of it all at once." And the converse of this is true—namely, that you cannot expect the people of all parts of the huge country to think alike, unless indeed, on some point of patriotism, some international matter involving the honor of the flag. It is not reasonable to suppose that any economic tendency or any social regulation could produce the same reaction among the peoples of the Dakota prairies and the Florida swamps among the business men of New York and the men of the Arizona desert or Idaho mining camps. That we get every kind of contradictory evidence from the United States of the effects of prohibition, then, is not to be wondered at. The gentleman who tells us that it has decreased crime, swelled bank accounts, emptied hospitals and produced healthier babies is as convinced that he is telling the truth as is the other who assures us that it has fostered vice, ruined the public health through the secret drinking of vile liquors and undermined the nation's respect for law. Each is citing his conviction as shaped, partly by his personal observation of his own locality, more by the general sentiment of the community in which he lives, and most of all by heresay and current scraps of rumor and gossip.

Arriving in America after an absence of some years in 1919, when the Constitutional amendment was receiving its final ratifications by the individual States but before the law had gone into effect, I was not a little impressed by what I heard at clubs, in offices and at dinner tables in New York, Washington and other Eastern cities about the extent to which these ratifications were being secured by blackmail. Endless tales were current of pressure to vote for prohibition being brought to bear on individual legislators by threats of exposure of some questionable incidents in their past lives. Going westward to a town in the Mississippi Valley I asked a friend—himself a well known lawman—what truth there was in such stories as applied to the legislature of his particular State "blackmail?" he said. "Why should any one use blackmail to secure the passage of a law which every one wanted to see passed?"

This is where the chief line of cleavage in opinion runs—between the Eastern cities and the middle west. And the difference in view may be legitimately out of the difference in social conditions; for one essential fact to be grasped is that the sentiment which enacted the prohibition amendment was not so much a revolt against the use of liquors as it was a revolt against the saloon. If the American saloon had been no worse than the English public house or the French estaminet it is highly improbable that the prohibition amendment could ever have been carried through Congress, much less through the legislatures of the forty-six individual States whose endorsement was necessary to make the Congressional legislation effective.

It is doubtful if there has been developed in any country, in any age, civilized or uncivilized, any institution so pernicious and so completely corrupting as the American saloon. In many new communities with the rapid development of the West, especially at points remote from a railway line, a saloon was the first building to be put up. In it the settlers had their meals, slept and found their relaxation. I have slept many nights, eaten many meals, played not a few games of poker in such establishments. One "town" or "camp" there was which for some time was all saloons. No shop as such—not even a lodging house or cabin had been built, but the community of 200 souls or so—there were no women—lived all together in one or other of the four or five saloons, each of which besides tables for meals and card playing, had tiers of bunks down the side for sleeping purposes.

Even in communities of slower and more orthodox growth the saloon became almost inevitably from the first the social center and general gathering place, and it remained, without competition for the period, more or less prolonged, until the town was large enough to support a club a theater, a cinema or other counter attraction. As the towns grew the saloons—and the saloon keepers—grew also in wealth and influence, which would not have mattered much if the saloon had been only a place in which liquors were dispensed. But it became, almost invariably, the haunt and refuge of criminals of all kinds, a gambling hell, the home of prostitution and, not least, the center of every sort of political corruption. The debasing influence of the saloon on American life, especially in the West, during the last half of the last century is beyond computation. It was to rid itself of this festering sore in each community that the West voted for prohibition—not to stop the sane drinking of wine or even of cocktails and whisky, in homes and clubs. It judged and judged rightly, that no sacrifice was too great to achieve that end. To-day at least in the West, you will hardly find a man in America so bitterly opposed to the present law that he would not rather suffer its continuance than see the saloons restored to their old position.

In the large cities of the East the saloons, in the aggregate, were perhaps no less corrosive of public morality. In politics they were notoriously influential and notoriously vile. But in a great city, with all its clubs, its hotels its theaters, and above all its elaborately organized life of entertainment and amusement, the saloons, however numerous, were much less conspicuous than in the small, unlovely ill organized Western town. The polite and the well to do needed hardly to be aware of their existence, except at election time. The polite and the well to do of the cities therefore, were, and remain, by a large majority fiercely opposed to prohibition, resenting intensely the infringement on their personal liberty and defiantly rebellious against and scornful of, all attempts at the enforcement of the law. So arose the condition which prompted Mr. Depew—I believe it was—to remark that when you find all the better class of people including judges and Cabinet Ministers almost a unit in taking pleasure in violating a particular law, there must be something wrong with the law.

Whether there is anything wrong with it in the United States as a whole—whether the evils which it abolished were not worth the price the thing to be noticed is that the conditions which prohibition was there called in to correct were conditions which do not exist in any other country. The saloon in all its malignancy was a peculiarly American institution. Perhaps is could have been destroyed in no other way.

The one benefit which does undoubtedly seem to have accrued, even from the present ridiculously imperfect enforcement of the law, is that it has materially reduced rowdyism and crimes of violence—as well as the squandering of the weekly pay—among the employees massed in factories and mines. It was my pleasure not long ago to dine with an employer of labor on a considerable scale. On that occasion there were served cocktails before dinner, three kinds of wine at the table, liqueurs to follow and whisky and soda before we parted. At dinner the host expatiated on the advantages of the law in the diminution of "Saturday night crime" among his workmen.

Similarly in one of the Southern States a very charming lady, with a cocktail in her hand, explained to me between sips how great was the benefit of having whisky made so hard to come by among the negro laborers in the neighboring mills and factories. And this is of course generally recognized: that prohibition, so far as it operates at all at present, is much more prohibitive to the poor than to the rich, and it is the poor who have to consume the larger proportion of the (poisinous substitutes for whisky, the sale of which is facilitated by the secrecy imposed by the law.

Incidentally it is worth remarking that one curious result of the law which appears so far to have gone unnoticed is the impetus it has given to the consumption of cocktails by women. I do not imply that this consumption is carried too far or that it is in any way deleterious, but merely state the fact. Before the prohibition amendment the business man at the close of office hours, generally went to his club for an hour or two before going home, and there he had whatever cocktail or other drink he required, or he stopped at a saloon or hotel bar on his way home. That now being difficult, he takes his cocktail at his house where it is likely to be shared—it is commonly mixed—by the ladies of his family.

Call
West 189
Ford Hire Service

HAVE YOU ANY TILE IN YOUR HOUSE?
THEN PRESERVE IT FROM INJURY AND KEEP IT CLEAN & SANITARY BY CLEANING WITH
"Wyandotte"
DETERGENT
FROM ALL THE STORES
Sole Agents For China,
China and Japan Trading Company, Ltd.
42 Kiangse Road.
OBTAINABLE FROM ALL STORES.

洋 灰 牌
CHEE HSIN CEMENT
Company, Limited.
Tangshan Portland Cement is Popularly known as the best of its kind and is used by Municipalities, Railways, Engineering Works, Mining Companies, Building Contractors, etc., throughout China and Far East to their satisfaction.
Wholesale and Retail.
For further particulars apply to
South China Sales Bureau
Telephone Central 7471,
87 Peking Road, Shanghai.

A Woman's Greatest Charm is Her Hair
No woman without heavy, fluffy and luxuriant hair can ever hope to be classed as beautiful.
No woman can ever be good appearing without soft and lustrous hair. Dandruff, itching scalp and scabs, are all unhealthy conditions of the scalp. Falling hair is a sign that something is wrong.
Science affords you a hair tonic and restorative.
'GERMOL'
stops falling hair, promotes a healthful, luxuriant growth, and cures all scalp disorders.
Don't wait. Use 'GERMOL' today.
Sole Wholesale Agents for Far East
THE YOUNG LEE CO.
25 Jinkee Road.

MAISON ARCUS
Designer: MADAME LINOFF
is now Exhibiting Exclusive Models in
HATS, GOWNS, BEAUTIFUL MATERIALS and FASHIONABLE FURS
Models in Dresses from:—
Lanvin Agnes, Jean Patou, Renee, etc.
Model Hats from:—
Maria Guy, Rose Decat, Reboux, etc. Also copy models by Hermance
French Hosiery:—
Nos. 42 and 44
Materials in:—
Silks, Salome Velours, New Satin Moire, Corded Silk for Coats, and Dresses, Crepe Romain, New Crepe Mongol and Gorgeous Brocades.
Valuable Furs from Leipzig:—
Broadtail, Astrakhan, Persian Lamb, Nutria, Kolinsky, Dyed Siberian Squirrel, and Shaved Lamb, etc.

All Goods on View at Show Rooms
WARD BUILDING
2nd Floor
124 SZECHUEN ROAD
Personal Service Given by Mdme LINOFF and her Assistant, Miss Ellis
FASHION SHOW
Will be announced later

Hudford Motors
Phone C. 3804
601 Thibet Road
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS

LOCAL FIRM SAVES
Tls. 3,000
ON PRINTING BILLS
We have a testimonial from a local firm who saved Tls. 3,000 on their printing bills, by using a
MIMEOGRAPH and MIMEOSCOPE
for reproducing their new code. By this method their code was finished quicker and more privately than could have been done outside. They also reproduce their office forms, engineering specifications, diagrams, and form letters.
You may not have so much printing to do as this firm, but if you use form letters, or printed forms of any kind a MIMEOGRAPH will save money for you. Let us show you how.
Call for a demonstration or write for booklet to
MI
MUSTARD & CO., INC.
Established 1870
22 MUSEUM ROAD SHANGHAI
Exclusive Representatives—China, Hongkong, Macao.
Branches: Hongkong, Canton, Hankow, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

Do you know that over 120,000 square feet of Corrugated Iron Roofs are being covered with
CARBO-LASTIC
(Not a Paint)
Semi-Liquid Asbestos Roofing, at the Riverside Electrical Plant of the Shanghai Municipal Council.
Nearly three acres of perfectly preserved and Waterproofed Roofs over one of the world's largest Steam Power Plants.
IT IS NOT WISE TO NEGLECT YOUR ROOFS
PHONE OR WRITE US FOR BIDS
THE J. E. HARRIS COMPANY
formerly Monarch Paint Co. in China
508 Glen Line Bldg., Shanghai. Tel. Central 6551

Best Cough Medicine Made
There is no better medicine made for colds than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It acts on nature's plan, relieves the lungs, loosens the secretions, aids expectoration and restores the system to a healthy condition. For sale everywhere.

THE CHINA PRESS

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

CHINA PRESS, Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

Today's Church Services

Holy Trinity Cathedral.—Twenty second Sunday after Trinity. Harvest Festival. 8 a.m. Holy Communion (And at Bubbling Well Chapel). 10.30 a.m. Mattins and Sermon. Deut. viii. 6-end. Psalm 65; Luke xii, 15-28; Garrett in D. Anthem: "The Lord hath been mindful" (Wesley). Preacher: Rev. T. W. Hall, M.A. Hymns 382, 381, and 383. 11.45 a.m. Holy Communion. 3 p.m. Children's Service and Sunday School. 6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Isaiah iv. Psalm 103. John vi. 27—44. Anthem: "Rejoice in the "Lord" (Elvey); Hymns 382, 384, 308. Preacher: The Dean.

• • •

Community Church.—Sunday School 9.30 a.m. Avenue Petain. First meeting of the Adult Bible Class. Dr. J. W. Lowie, leader. Morning Worship 11 a.m., Columbia Country Club. Take Zikawei No. 2 car from the French Bund and get off at Route Doumer. The pastor, Rev. Clifford Merrill Drury will preach from the text 1 Timothy 6.12 Subject: "Guard the King." Special music by members of the choir. Song Service 5.00 p.m. Gymnasium of the new Navy Y.M.C.A. corner of Hongkong and Szechuen Roads. Miss Mychie Kawai, the general secretary of the Y.W.C.A. of Japan will bring an interesting message. Special music by Community Church Choral Club.

• • •

St. Joseph's Church.—Low Masses at 6, 7 and 8.15 a.m. At 10 o'clock, High Mass, sermon in English. At 4 p.m. Benediction. On week days. Masses at 6 and 7.30 a.m. Thursday, November 1, Feast of obligation, Masses at 6, 7, 8 and 9 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Friday Nov. 2, Low Masses at 6 and 7 a.m. At 8 o'clock, High Mass.

• • •

Christian Science Society of Shanghai, Masonic Hall. The Bund Sunday Service 11 a.m. Subject: "Probation after Death." Sunday School 10 a.m. Testimony Meeting, Wednesday Evening, 6 o'clock. Reading Room open daily except Sunday from 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. at No. 21 Nanking Road, Room 71.

• • •

Shanghai Free Christian Church (Evangelical) Corner of Range and Chapoo Roads. 11 a.m. by Rev. E. M. Poteat, D.D. 6 p.m. by Rev. Chas. W. Rankin, M.A. A Children's service is held in the schoolroom at 11 a.m. The Sunday school meets at 3 p.m.

• • •

Society of Friends (Quakers) Shanghai.—A meeting for worship will be held tomorrow at 11 a.m. at No. 12 Jinkee Road, Second Flat.

• • •

St. John's Pro-Cathedral, Jessfield.—Holy Communion in English at 7.30 a.m. Evening Prayer in English at six o'clock. Preacher, Rev. M. A. Throop, M.A.

• • •

St. Andrew's Church, Broadway.—10.30 a.m. Mattins and Sermon; Preacher: Rev. W. Robbins, M.A. 8 p.m. Service for Sailors and Seamen. Preacher: Rev. T. W. Hall, M.A.

• • •

Union Church, Shanghai.—10 a.m. Prayer Meeting. 10.30 a.m. Preacher: Rev. A. N. Rowland; Subject: "A Memorable Autobiography;" Chant 83; Anthem: "O Love the Lord" (Sullivan); Hymns 10, 312, 369. 6 p.m. Preacher: Rev. A. N. Rowland; Subject: "The Christian's Debt of Honor:" The Magnificat; Hymns 520, 400, 631, 699.

• • •

United Gospel Mission.—A Gospel Service is held at 9 Woosung Road each Sunday at 6 p.m. and congregational prayer meeting at 5 p.m. The Bible Study Circle meets each Friday from 5.30 to 6.30 p.m., the Rev. C. M. Drury leading.

United States Foreign Trade

THE foreign trade of the United States in the nine years since the beginning of the war is three-fourths as much as in the 125 years preceding the war. Statements compiled by the Trade Record of the National City Bank of New York show that the foreign trade of the United States in the nine years from the close of the fiscal year 1914 to the end of the fiscal year 1923 was $77,000,000,000 against $109,000,000,000 in 125 years from the adoption of the Constitution to the end of 1914.

Imports in the nine years since the beginning of the war to the end of the fiscal year 1923 are $28,000,000,000 against $50,000,000,000 in the 125 years preceding the war, and exports since 1914 are $49,000,000,000 against $59,000,000,000 in the pre-war period. The excess of exports over imports in the nine years since the beginning of the war is $21,000,000,000, against an excess of but $9,000,000,000 in the 125 years prior to the war.

The fact that the excess of exports in the nine years since the beginning of the war is more than double the export in the 125 years preceding the war is due, says the Trade Record, to the fact that the "favorable United States trade balance," only began in the closing quarter of the nineteenth century when the producing and exporting power of the Mississippi Valley was developed by the extension of plentiful transportation facilities to that area.

Prior to 1875 imports usually exceeded exports, but with the increase in transportation facilities and development of production in the interior of the country exports began in 1876 to exceed imports and have so continued to the present time. In the eighty-six years from 1789 to the end of 1875 there were only sixteen occasions in which exports equalled or exceeded imports.

In the forty-eight years since 1875 there have been but three occasions in which exports failed to exceed imports. In 1876 the excess of exports yas $80,000,000. in 1880 $165,000,000, in 1900 $544,000,000, 1914 $471,000,000, jumping, with the big demand of the war to over $1,000,000,000 in the fiscal year 1915, two and a half billion dollars in 1917, and a little over four billions in the fiscal year 1919. With the falling off in world demand for our natural products, United States exports dropped from the high record mark of $8,018,986,000 in the fiscal year 1920 to $3,771,182,000 in the fiscal year 1922, but advanced about $200,000,000 in the fiscal year 1923, making the total exports of the fiscal year just ended $3,965,967,000, or fifty percent greater than the highest pre-war year, 1913. The excess of exports in 1921 was $2,862,000,000, in 1922 $1,163,000,000 and in 1823, owing to unusually large imports, was but $176,985.

Imports since the close of the war have shown a much lower percentage of decrease than did exports, by reason of the demands of American manufacturers for foreign manufacturing material, and the total imports for 1923 are $3,789,000,000, against $5,238,000,000 in the high record year 1920, and are more than double the imports of any pre-war year. Imports of raw material for use in manufacturing in the fiscal year 1923 are in round term $1,500,000,000 against $635,000,000 in 1913, or two and a half times as much in 1923 as in the highest pre-war year.

Meantime the exports of manufactures have made a similar growth, the total exports of finished manufactures in the fiscal year 1923 standing at approximately $1,400,000,000 against $776,000,000 in the highest pre-war year.

American foreign trade in the fiscal year 1923 exceeds that of 1922 by more than a billion dollars and is nearly double that of the year preceding the war.

As Calvin Coolidge Thinks

NEW PRESIDENT SAYS OBEDIENCE TO LAW IS BASIS OF PROSPERITY

Points Out Intellectual And Moral Progress Also Depend On Order And Urges Citizens To Take More Active Part In Public Life—Says Lawfulness Is People's Only Refuge From The Dark Ages

THE CHINA PRESS today publishes another series of extracts from a book of speeches and addresses by Calvin Coolidge which reflect his opinions on government and on political, social and economic questions. They were made while he was President of the Senate of Massachusetts and Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. They were compiled with his permission and published in book form under his personal copyright.

CITIZENSHIP AND LAW AND ORDER

THERE can be no material prosperity without order. Stores and banks could not open. Factories could not run, railways could not operate. What was the value of plate glass and goods, the value of real estate in Boston at 3 o'clock A. M., September 10? Unless the people vote to sustain order that value is gone entirely. Business is ended.

On order depends all intellectual progress. Without it all schools close, libraries are empty, education stops. Disorder was the forerunner of the Dark Ages.

Without order the moral progress of the people would be lost. With the schools would go the churches. There could be no assemblage for worship, no services even for the departed, piety would be swallowed up in viciousness.

I have understated the result of disorder. Man has not the imagination, the ability to overstate it. There are those who aim to bring about exactly this result. I propose at all times to resist them with all the power at the command of the Chief Executive of Massachusetts.

Naturally the question arises, what shall we do to defend our birthright? In the first place everybody must take a more active part in public affairs. It will not do for men to send, they must go. It is not enough to draw a check. Good government cannot be bought, it has to be given. Office has great opportunities for doing wrong, but equal chance for doing right. Unless good citizens hold office bad citizens will. People see the office holder rather than the Government. Let the worth of the office holder speak the worth of the Government. The voice of the people speaks by the voice of the individual. Duty is not collective, it is personal. Let every inhabitant make known his determination to support law and order. That duty is supreme.

LAW OF ALL THE PEOPLE

That the supremacy of the law, the preservation of the Government itself by the maintenance of order, should be the issue of this campaign was entirely due to circumstances beyond my control. That any one should dare to put in jeopardy the stability of our Government for the purpose of securing office was to me inconceivable. That any one should attempt to substitute the will of any outside organization for the authority conferred by law upon the representatives of the people had never occurred to me. But the issue arose by action of some of the police of Boston and it was my duty to meet it. I shall continue to administer the law of all the people.

I should have been pleased to make this campaign on the record of the past year. I should have been pleased to show what the march of progress had been under the people's government, what action had been taken for the relief of those who toil with their hands as well as their heads—and the record was never more alluring—what has been done to advance the business and commercial interests of this great industrial commonwealth, what has promoted public health, what has assisted in agricultural development, the progress made in providing transportation, the increased opportunity given our youth for education. In particular I should have desired to point out the great pride Massachusetts has in her war record and the abundant way she has shown her gratitude for her service men and women, surpassing every other State. All this is a record not of promises, but of achievement. It is one in which the voters of the commonwealth may well take a deep satisfaction. It is there, it stands, it cannot be argued away. No deception can pervert it. It endures.

All these are the result of ordered liberty—the result of living under the law. It is the great desire of Massachusetts to continue such legislation of progress and humanity. Those who are attempting to wrench the scepter of authority from the representatives of the people, to subvert the jurisdiction of her laws, are the enemies not only of progress but of all present achievement, not only of what we hope for but of what we have.

PEOPLE'S ONLY REFUGE

This is the cause of all the people, especially of the weak and defenseless. Their only refuge is the protection of the law. The people have come to understand this. They are taking the deciding of this election into their own hands regardless of party. If the people win who can lose? They are awake to the words of Daniel Webster, "nothing will ruin the country if the poeple themselves will undertake its safety, and nothing can save it if they leave that safety in any hands but their own."

My fellow citizens of Massachusetts, to you I commend this cause. To you who have added the glory of the hills and plains of France to the glory of Concord and Bunker Hill, to you who have led when others faltered, to you again is given the leadership. Grasp it. Secure it. Make it decisive. Make the discharge of the great trust you now hold an example of hope for righteousness everywhere, a new guaranty that the Government of America shall endure.

Address at Tremont Temple, Nov. 1, 1919.

Success has attended the establishment here of a government of the people. We of this day have just finished a victorious war that has added new glory to American arms. We are facing some hardships, but they are not serious. Private obligations are not so large as to be burdensome. Taxes can be paid. Prosperity abounds. But the great promise of the future lies in the loyalty and devotion of the people to their own Government. They are firm in the conviction of the fathers, that liberty is increased only by increasing the determination to support a government of the people, as established in this ancient town, and defended by its patrotic sons.

Westfield, Sept. 3, 1919.

MORAL LAW WINS

The period since our last election has been one of momentous events. Within its first week the victorious advance of America and her allies terminated in the armistice of November 11. The power of organized despotisms had been proved to be inferior to the power of organized republics. Reason had again triumphed over absolutism. The "still small voice" of the moral law was seen to be greater than the might of kings. The world appeal to duty triumphed over the world appeal to selfishness. It always will. There will be farreaching results from all this which no one can now foresee. But some things are apparent. The power of the people has been revealed. The worth of the individual man shines forth with an increased glory.

But most significant of all, for it lies at the foundation of all civilization and all progress, was the demonstration that the citizens of the great republics of the earth possess the power which they dare to use, of maintaining among all men the orderly processes of revealed law.

That agitation and unrest which has been characteristic of the whole world since the close of the war has had some manifestations here. There is a natural desire in every human mind to seek better conditions. Such a desire is altogether praiseworthy. There must, however, be discrimination in the methods employed. Wholesale criticism of everybody and everything does not necessarily exhibit statesmanlike qualities, and may not be true. Not all those who are working to better the conditions of the people are Bolsheviki or enemies of society. Not all those who are attempting to conduct a successful business are profiteers. But unreasonable criticism and agitation for unreasonable remedies will avail nothing. We in common with the whole world, are suffering from a shortage of materials. There is but one remedy for this, increased production. We need to use sparingly what we have and make more. No progress will be made by shouting Bolsheviki and profiteers. What we need is thrift and industry. Let everybody keep at work. Profitable employment is the death blow to Bolshevism and abundant production is disaster to the profiteer. Our salvation lies in putting forth greater effort, in manfully assuming our own burdens, rather than in entertaining the pleasing delusion that they can be shifted to some other shoulders. Those who attempt to lead people on in this expectation only add to their burdens and their dangers.

PERIL IN LAW BREAKING

The people of Boston have recently seen the result of agitation and unrest in its police force. The policy of that department, established by an order of former Commissioner O'Meara and adopted by a rule which has the force of law by the present Commissioner Curtis, prohibited a police union from affiliating with an outside union. In spite of this such a union was formed and persisted in with acknowledged and open defiance of the rules and of the counsel and almost entreaties of the officers of the department. Such disobedience continuing the leaders were cited for trial on charges and heard with their counsel before the Commissioner. After thorough consideration, and opportunity again to obey the rules, they were found guilty. In order to give a chance to recant sentence was suspended. Shortly after, three-fourths of the police force abandoned their posts and refused further to perform their duties. During the next few hours there was destruction of property in the city, but happily no loss of life.

Meantime there had been various efforts to save the situation. Some urged me to remove the Commissioner, some to request him to alter his course. To all of these I had to reply that I had no authority whatever over his actions and could not lawfully interfere with him. It was my duty to support him in the execution of the law and that I should do. I was glad to confer with any one and give my help where it was sought. The Commissioner was appointed by my predecessor in office for a term of years. I could with almost equal propriety interfere in the decisions of the Supreme Court.

To restore order, I at once and by pre-arrangement with him and the Commissioner, offered to the Mayor to call out the State Guard. At his request I did so, immediately beginning restoring obedience to the law. On account of the public danger, I called on the Commissioner to aid me in the execution of my duties of keeping order, and issued a proclamation to that effect.

COULD NOT FORGIVE

To various suggestions that the police be permitted to return I replied that the Attorney-General had ruled that by law that could not be done, and while I had no power to appoint, dis-

(Continued on Page 20)

For Stiff, Sore Muscles, Try Chamberlain's Pain Balm

Bruises and strains, stiff, swollen joints of hands, feet or other parts of the body, should be rubbed vigorously with Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Owing to its penetrating quality, the circulation is stimulated throughout the congested parts, relieving the pressure and inflammation that cause the pain. Sold and recommended everywhere.

Shanghai Service Co.,
Phone W. 1860
U. 298 Wei-hai-wei Road.
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS.

H.B. CAMPBELL
20 FOOCHOW ROAD
CORNER OF KIANGSE.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE ENAMEL

The woodwork of your rooms and your furniture can easily be finished to perfection.

The cost is little and the work easily and quickly done.

A large stock of fine paints for all purposes at reasonable prices.

Painting done where desired. Ask for Estimate.

I. Leibovich
TAILOR

Just received new materials of many varieties also a nice selection of furs suitable for ladies' overcoats and manteaux.

We have ladies' and gentlemen's ready made overcoats $35.00 up. Also ladies' suits and a big variety of gowns and dresses.

Corner Nanking and Kiangse Roads
Entrance 41 Kiangse Road. Phone C. 2317

EXPRESS MONEY ORDERS
MAY BE CASHED ANYWHERE

For small remittances the most convenient for both remitter and payee. Telephone or send chit to

THE
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, Inc.

8 KIUKIANG ROAD CENTRAL 197.
BANKING DEPARTMENT

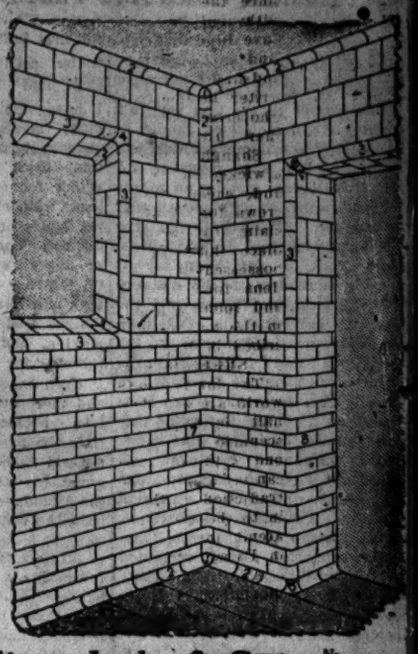
Payable at any American Express office in Europe, North and South America, The Near East and the Far East. Cashed by banks everywhere.
Sub Office—Astor House Hotel

Tile Stocks in Shanghai
Messrs. Craven, Dunnill & Co.'s

Plain, Encaustic and Vitreous PAVEMENTS in numerous designs

PLAIN ENAMELS in Sixty Colours

Fender Kerbs Skirtings. Mouldings, etc. White Glazed and in Colours



Sole Agents **William Jacks & Co.** No. Hongkong Road. Shanghai
Telephone; Central 2796. Telegraphic Address; "LIMPET" SHANGHAI"

THOS. COOK & SON
beg to announce the opening of an office in the
ORIENTAL HOTEL
KOBE

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
KAIPING HOUSEHOLD COAL
Delivered within the Settlements
$13.00 per ton (Cash with order).
9 a.m. to 4 p.m. weekdays
9 a.m. to 12 noon Saturdays
Orders received at
THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK BUILDING
North Corner, first floor.
Telephone Central 317
No. 12 The Bund

RADIATORS
can be hired for
HALF A TAEL
per month

The previous exhaustion of stocks of radiators is convincing testimony to the emciency of electric heating and tells more to the hesitant than would the most detailed enumeration of the advantages of adoption.

For advice and information apply to the
Municipal Electricity Department
Offices: 17 Foochow Road Showroom: 26 Nanking Rd.
Telephone (All Departments) Central 283

THE RUSH FOR GAS FIRES

is now commencing, in which case it is advisable to make up your mind at once and get the pick of the Stock.

Hire
50 cents per month

Estimates Free

Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd.
Showroom: 30 Kiangse Rd. General Office: 5 Thibet Rd.

The Conversion Of Shanghai

Life in Old Cathay is losing much of its color and glamor since the foreigner stepped in with his "Thou shalt nots." They have Blue Laws now in the great land of bandit outrages, garlic and first-class laundrymen, says a writer in the New York Times who deserves to be quoted further. He says:

Shanghai once upon a time was a wicked city. Its highly original and cheap method of getting crews for ships was not its sole claim for being the wickedest place this side of Tophet. It possessed many strange and evil dens for ensnaring honest men and robbing them of their souls in the manner so accurately described in contemporary fiction.

SUFFERING A CHANGE

The lurid haunts of the underworld are suffering a change. If halt is not called soon the scenario writers will be robbed of one of the few places where they can lay a plot without fear of contradiction by the man who writes in to the editor to tell him there aren't any spaghetti plantations in Patagonia.

All the familiar figures immortalised in frenzied fiction are passing. It will not be worth while soon to go to Shanghai to pick up local color about Ah Foo and his terrible opium den, Little Lotus Flower, the girl with the antennae eye-brows, cherry lips and raven hair, and the tall bronzed foreigner, who, after a perfectly remarkable life evading Chinese, dodging knives and rescuing his love from secret traps behind ugly idols in joss houses, draws his adventure to a close by marrying Little Lotus Flower with fine disregard for racial barriers.

Temples with choking clouds of incense smoke and clanging gongs remain in spots accessible to tourists—on a strictly commercial basis. The narrow alleyways, with swinging boards and strange smells, are still with us, and will be with us always, and, given, a good imagination, the visitor can conjure up their former wickedness again. But the fearful dens—where are they?

"And who can tell to what red hell, that wanton soul can stray" screeched out the film erbtitle. Then we got the red film—murky room—Chinese vampires doing the Theda Bara stunt—helpless foreigner lying with his head bent over the table—Ah Foo leering (he always had a leer) in the background. Then a throwback to the girl in gingham gown milking cows in ye old home town far away, to accentuate that sympathetic feeling. No, those "red hells" are no more.

Reform has started in earnest in Shanghai The foreigner's ethics are sweeping the place, and virtue is to supplant vice—through the medium of a particularly unsympathetic police, in conjunction with reform societies. The wicked Chinese are being led along the path of righteousness where their ancient vices are no longer tolerated.

Tourists can no longer get a kick out of seeing an innocent housebcy and thinking him an agent of an opium den. The underworld is a puny, played-out thing out of sight of tourists. Police and reformers have scattered it broadcast and sent it rooting further underground.

Opium smoking, gambling, lotteries, little parties with singsong girls, all are under the ban of repression. The effect on the Western literary world is pronounced. Weird tales of the Orient have fallen off entirely. No wonder the writers have gone in for 'Swinging Lanterns,' 'Jade Rings,' "Chinese Wallets" and other objects of perfectly respectable Chinese lore. The China of the future is to be the sentimental girl who moans terribly in the houses of Han, the kingdom of Ch'in, as she plays her table lute and watches cranes on the wing:

The mulberry grows on the mulberry tree.

How smoothly flows the water in the gem spring of crystal purity.

But my love is far away on the dragoncrested mountains fighting the fierce-tongued barbarians beyond the serpent river.

I wonder what time the 6 o'clock express from Peking will arrive to night.

All this reform, however is for the good of the Chinese. Formerly he was a much vilified person in the world view. Talk to a police officer in Shanghai about the cunning, inscrutable Chinese, he of incarnate deviltry and infinite ingenuity, criminally speaking, and the officer will laugh at you. The foreign police exploded that myth years ago when they started showing records of arrests, which were better than those of many towns in the West. They will tell you that the average Chinese mind works along lines of purest simplicity in crime, and once they have sized it up and brought modern criminological methods to work, there is less difficulty in nabbing a Chinese than in taking a foreigner.

It is hard to keep up the wicked life in Shanghai. The owners of opium-smoking dens have to be smart nowadays to evade the police. The Chinese who goes there must know where the place is, must pay highly for his smoke, must know the ropes, mustn't dawdle at the door and must be ready to run when the police raid the place. Then he can go when "his heart is sore," as he will tell you, and smoke the precious pipe. Not always does he go to dimlylit alleyways. It may be a private house, a shop, a lodging house, but immunity from raid is never assured.

The Chinese creeps in, pays his money and gets his pipe. But with the sickness that comes after the sleep may also come a burly police man, who smashes down the door, has no consideration for the furniture, and hauls him and his fellows off to the station. And it is no use going to the city temple and burning joss sticks to evoke divine intervention. Police regulations and divine intervention don't get on well together, and besides, the police are police atheistic.

The bottom is knocked out of the romance at the Mixed Court, where the unsympathetic Foreign Assessor and his Chinese colleague refuse to be melted by the story of the perturbed figure in blue before them. Three dollars, cash down, or confinement in a place where there are not beds of roses. And the rest of the institution, pipes, lamps, trays, opium, are all destroyed.

You may ask if there is no reverence for the mystery that comes out of China, the strange gambling games, the weird temple ceremonies to invoke good luck, all that fascinating, colourful medley of Orientalism which we liked to read about. Not if it infringes the law. Mah jongg they got rid of by shipping it to America.

Visions from our literature come in again. Once more the dimly lit alleyway, the furtive forms, the slit in the door, the opening into a place of semi-darkness, the interested gamblers around the table, and behind, on the red lacquer table, the god of fortune smiling evilly through the flickering light of red candles. In front is the iron incense burner with its smoking sticks. The low murmur of the players, punctuated with a shriek of joy or a groan of despair. One form leaves the table, stops in front of the red lacquer table looks apealingly into the face of the squat image, burns a candle and a few joss sticks, and then kowtows. He is asking for good luck. Then he resumes play.

That is the atmosphere. Any kind of sensation or mystery can be introduced at will. But not now. Every man, or woman, as the domino is moved, keeps an ear cocked for the noise that preludes a raid. Not even Hwo Wei, the greatest of lotteries, escapes the law. The characters written on cards on which the people lay their money and wait for the opening of the envelopes, suspended from the ceiling, which will announce to them their fate, are not immune although there is a belief that on the night the Rat wins the supernatural powers keep off the police.

It is a woman's game chiefly, and many women sell everything they have, household goods, clothes, jewellery, everything to buy a chance. Many tragedies have resulted from this lottery. Crash goes the door, in pour the police and the gamblers are awed. There are no fierce fights with knives, as our authors used to tell us.

Where there is much at stake there are plenty of brains. It is ingenuity against ingenuity. Those who run the big lotteries are cunning. False doors, false walls, detachable ceilings, screened exits, obstacles that come tumbling down on the unwary who penetrate the places in Si Loe Bei Ka (the Street of the West Chessboard) have been erected to enable gamblers to escape.

In gambling alone do we find something of the cunning Chinese that we all know from Bret Harte. Still more devious designs were hatched. Tubs of oil or garbage were prepared, and didn't the gamblers laugh when this stuff fell on the heads of the foreign police who ran through the broken down doors! Many of them even paused in their flight to take a last look at the sight of stupid policemen staggering in the sticky mess too blinded to pursue. What a clever little dodge! There would be talk and chuckles in that street for days.

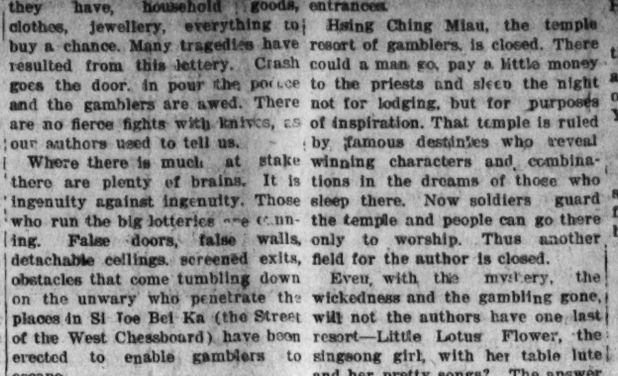
But the gambers were deceived Alas for the tradition, other parties of police came in through other entrances.

Hsing Ching Miau, the temple resort of gamblers, is closed. There could a man go, pay a little money to the priests and sleep the night not for lodging, but for purposes of inspiration. That temple is ruled by famous destinies who reveal winning characters and combinations in the dreams of those who sleep there. Now soldiers guard the temple and people can go there only to worship. Thus another field for the author is closed.

Even, with the mystery, the wickedness and the gambling gone, will not the authors have one last resort—Little Lotus Flower, the singsong girl, with her table lute and her pretty songs? The answer is "no."

Her profession is falling beneath the ban of things unsavoury. Reform societies are on her track, and henceforth the little lady is doomed to follow the rest of the Oriental myth so dear to us.

Yes Old Cathay is suffering from the inroads. Now they have bobbed hair, beauty parlors and radio concerts, and unless the Society for the Preservation of Chinese Story Characters get busy, Ah Foo Little Lotus Flower and the family of perfectly Oriental Chinese will soon number among the blossoms of yesterday. In their place will come people in silk hats and automobiles.



Yes, Little Garlic-san, even reformers are sometimes mourned for after they die!

* * *

Dictionaries are funny things. We've got one here in the office that sez marks are a kind of money.

* * *

WERE YOU BORN IN OCTOBER?

We happen to have let out our first war-whoop and started Dad walking up and down the old bedroom floor in his carpet-slippers during the month of October many, many years ago. That's why we were particularly interested in the following horoscope published in American papers: Other Octoberians may get just as big a kick out of it:

"Persons born during this month are generous, ambitious and frequently talented to a marked degree."

(We admit it)

* * *

"They are usually full of hope and enthusiasm, and one defeat after another fails to discourage or conquer them."

(That's us)

* * *

"Men and women born in this month are as different as day and night. The men who go into the world to seek their own way, frequently become brokers and gamblers, dependng on their keen intuitions to win in games of chance."

(Yes, we have some Champion's tickets and a few lotteries).

* * *

"These men are fascinating to most women, but like the bee, flit from flower to flower."

(Just a minute 'till we powder our nose!).

* * *

"They are inclined to like the pleasures and attractions of social life, at times becoming reckless and extravagant to keep up appearances."

(Boy, more pages in our date book!)

* * *

"They are apt to be careless about money matters, and should have special training as to the value of money."

(Shroffs please take special notice).

* * *

"These people are kind and amiable, and have strong dislikes to cruelty of any kind. They are very neat and dislike hard and dirty work."

(Oh, dear! We got our hands dirty last week).

* * *

"They are successful as poets, writers and musicians."

(We write worse and we love Yes, we have no bananas).

* * *

"They are easily confused, dislike crowds and are nearly always frightened when crossing a busy street."

(We simply turn white crossing Mohawk Road. Don't you?)

* * *

—and the rest we leave to your imagination.

"They are usually careless of their belongings and drop and lose things.

"They are fond of praise and easily wounded by trifles.

"These people are enthusiastic from the cradle to the grave, but despise routine.

"They are apt to suffer from nervous prostrations and stomach trouble, caused by worry, anger and impatience.

"These people can accomplish almost anything they desire, and SUCCESS is bound to come to them, if they will only conquer their quick temper and tendency to worry.

"They are equipped for any emergency that may arise, but lose much vital force by worrying over things that NEVER HAPPEN.

"They are happiest and enjoy the best health when they keep as their motto: "Think Often of Your Friends and Seldom of Your Enemies."

* * *

Correct this sentence:

"If we ever get a motor car," she said. "we'll take all our friends, and especially our neighbors, riding."

* * *

The Simplicity of English

Dear Larry,

I quite agree with Mr. Frank Jones that English is very rimple, except when it isn't. For instance, my walking stick does not walk, although somebody might walk away with it. Neither does a sleeping berth sleep nor a dining room dine.

The person who types is not a typewriter but a typist.

The Chairman of the B.W.A. is not a man but a lady.

Mr. McColl's conductors have nothing to do with Signor Paci.

they have whistles, it is true, they sell tram tickets and conduct the coppers into the pouch. This is no doubt a paying job.

A watchman has neither clock nor watches for use. Some Indian watchmen have to watch to get their money back; but it seems to pay the long run.

Family ties do not spoil ties that may be worn by a member of the family. The Pater Familias would certainly object to his hopeful off-spring annexing that new one he got from Silberman's the other day.

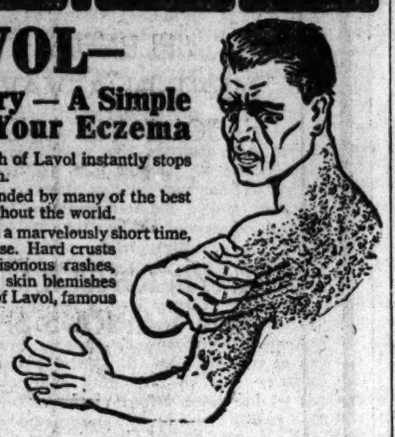
Yours truly
H. KLIENE.

Germany might find it just as convenient to toe the mark as to keep on letting it drop.

Larry

Try LAVOL—

New Discovery — A Simple Wash For Your Eczema



Because the first cool touch of Lavol instantly stops a fiery pain and biting itch.

Because Lavol is recommended by many of the best doctors and hospitals throughout the world.

Because Lavol washes out in a marvelously short time, the worst forms of skin disease. Hard crusts and scales, weeping sores, poisonous rashes, ugly eruptions, pimples and skin blemishes—all yield to a single bottle of Lavol, famous liquid for external use only.

Try Lavol—new discovery—a simple liquid for your eczema

For sale at all chemists' shops, druggists, etc.

James Hamilton, Ltd.,
16 Canton Road Shanghai

WATSON'S MINERAL WATER CO.

Manufacturers the Best of Waters

Under the Best of Conditions

They are Pure and Popular

Office and Factory.
134 North Szechuen Road, Telephone No. N. 759
Depot: 11 Ningpo Road, Telephone C. 2726

Telephone: North 195 R. B. WOOD, Manager

Says "Gets-It": Good-bye, CORNS

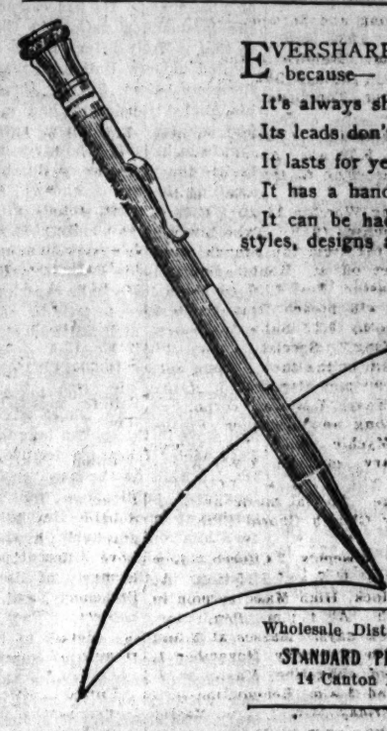
Corns Flee

when touched with "Gets-It." As a sponge absorbs water so does "Gets-It" absorb and draw out all pain and soreness.

"GETS-IT"

is the original corn and callus peeler. Mfg. by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, U. S. A. James Hamilton, Ltd., Shanghai, 16 Canton Road, Sole Agents for China.

Park Garage, Inc.
Phone N. 3450
198 North Szechuen Road
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS



EVERSHARP is a good pencil because—

It's always sharp
Its leads don't wabble
It lasts for years
It has a handy eraser
It can be had in a variety of styles, designs and metals.

For Sale at Leading Shops Everywhere

Wholesale Distributors for China:
STANDARD PRODUCTS CO., IN
14 Canton Road, Shanghai

EVERSHARP
Companion to
WAHL PEN

Carpets and Rugs

We manufacture and sell the World-known Hand-made Carpets and Rugs made of the best pure wool with dyes of unfading color, under the supervision of our specialists.

All designs and colours kept in stock.

Special designs and colours made to order.

Prices will be furnished on application.

You are cordially invited to visit our sales office or send us your inquiries.

The China Industrial Training Works
Sales Office, 83, Nanking Road, Shanghai
Telephone Central 3951

"GOLDEN HORSE"
CIGARETTES OF DISTINCTION
OBTAINABLE AT ALL LEADING TOBACCONISTS THROUGHOUT CHINA

NAN YANG BROS. TOB. CO., LTD.

LOWRIE'S
Special Blend & Selected Matured
SCOTCH WHISKY
S. Heimann & Co.
General Agents
Obtainable from

Yuen Tah & Co.	2088 Broadway
Luen Hoh & Co.	2087 Broadway
Za Chong & Co.	2086 Hanbury Road
Bubbling Well Store	1121-2 Bubbling Well Rd.
California Bakery	101 Broadway
Broadway Store	Boone Road
Ching Mow	Rue du Consulat; and others.

60770

NEW REVERSIBLE SUMMER WASHING TIES
From America
MACBETH, GRAY & Co
TAILORS—SHIRTMAKERS—OUTFITTERS
The Only House In Shanghai Devoted Exclusively To Men's Requirements
20 NANKING ROAD *Tel. C. 4247*

PONGEE SILKS
LACES
HAIR-NETS
'WHOLESALE ONLY'
Buy your Requirements Direct from the Manufacturers
THE CHINA MERCHANTS PONGEE ASS'N
Chefoo, N. China
Shanghai Office:
No. 10 Rue de Consulat

Z. CHOP
CUSTOM TAILOR
Removed from 57 Mohawk Road
149A Bubbling Well Road, Near Yates Road
SHANGHAI

MAY DAH
SHIRT-MAKER
Shirts-Underwear-Pajamas
Made To Order. Address Above

We lead others follow
Try our
PEONY BRAND
FLOWER BASKET BRAND
PEACOCK BRAND

Paramount CHINA TEA for 1923

Sold by All Grocers
The China Tea Co., Ltd.
SHANGHAI
PRODUCERS & DISTRIBUTORS

China's Literary Revolution

By A. E. Zucker In The Literary Review

IN these days of revolutions and counter-revolutions in the Celestial Empire, when a new "strong man of China" is hailed at the conclusion of each annual summer civil war, the man exerting the greatest influence from Mukden to Canton is a young professor quietly working in his library in the shadow of the Peking National University. Dr. Hu Shih, who wrote his thesis at Columbia University under Professor Dewey in 1916, has been for five years the unchallenged leader of the "literary revolution." This is a movement gathering new force to its banner every day and quietly winning one great success after another in such rapid succession that the heated issues of 1917 are now ancient history and the reforms bitterly antagonised five years ago have been adopted by the boards of education all over China.

To be sure, a reform was badly needed, for China was before the "literary revolution" in the condition of medieval Europe, whose universities were "Latin quarters," where professors and students employed a language not understood by the masses. The written language employed by Chinese scholars was an extremely difficult one to master, not because of the many thousands of symbols the learner had to acquire—that was the least difficulty—but because of the fact that it consisted of nothing but extremely involved literary allusions to the classics. To understand this language it was necessary, therefore, to have at one's finger tips the entire mass of the ancient classics. To translate it into English: the use of the phrase "the dyer's hand" would call up in the reader's mind the entire context of sonnet 777, in which Shakespeare employs this simile, and if the reader did not remember where and how this phrase was used he must perforce fail to understand the sentence. As a consequence it was necessary to employ the years of the ordinary school training in memorising the classics with no effort to make the children understand what they were cramming into their poor heads. Naturally the students had very little time left for other subjects.

A young follower of Dr. Hu Shih, himself a teacher at Tsing Hua College, the American Indemnity College, writes of the literary language in a characteristic manner:

"The obsolete tyrant, the science of literary acrobatism that has killed my time in my school days and hindered the development of my reasoning powers—the perverter of youths, seducing them away from the healthy efforts of a man's day's work, leading them into tortuous paths that require years of stumbling, and lead only to the mirage of false literary garnish, and the self-deluded story of the mere ability to handle a pen, at the cost of a total death of thought, a hobgoblin casting its shadow of gloom and breathing nightmares of intoxication into the young boy's otherwise cheerful mind.

Before the time of Hu Shih's return to China in 1917 there was already on foot a movement to substitute the spoken language for this tongue of a sterile elite of literati. It was grouped around the editors of a monthly called by its European name, La Jeunesse. But it was Professor Hu's merit to give a live soul to the reform. He became the leading editor of the journal, he wrote a critical history of Chinese philosophy in the vernacular, and, like courageous European professors of three or four hundred years ago he began to deliver lectures in the spoken language. His history of philosophy in the vulgate (a term he used in allusion to the Bible translation of St. Jerome written in the colloquial Latin of the time) enjoyed a sale in numbers most unusual for a book that is not a novel. Much as the old-fashioned scholars would have liked to snub the work, it was impossible to disregard it. There arose vast and violent opposition to the literary revolution which took on such proportions in the spring of 1919 that the President of China had to interfere. He did this in a characteristically Chinese manner by inviting to a tea party both factions, and especially the Minister of Education, whose dismissal was eagerly sought by the older scholars because of his failure to suppress the "revolutionists" in the university. President Hsu Shih-chang himself a scholar and calligraphist of no mean reputation, handed down a very sensible verdict. He stated that it was not the province of the Government to interfere in any way with the freedom of thought, speech, and pen of the professors or students of the university. If anything illegal or immoral were published by any one, connected or not connected with the National University, the laws of China made it the duty of the police to interfere. Encouraged by the broad-minded attitude of the President, the National Board of Education introduced a two-year course in the reading and writing of the schools of China. This represents a great victory for the party of progress.

The task which Dr. Hu Shih and his followers have undertaken is virtually that of the creation of a language. He has compared the language situation in China to that in Italy before Dante had created modern Italian or that in Germany before Luther through his Bible translation had given his country a common speech. Far from believing, however, that he has the power to do this he is awaiting the genius who will give to China a great work of art which will be so widely read that it will mould a new language. Meanwhile he is himself writing what he modestly calls experimental poetry, because it is an effort to employ in dignified and elevated diction the despised popular speech. Many contributors to La Jeunesse are following his lead by writing essays, short stories, and plays in the spoken language. Last winter I heard a lecture by Dr. Hu Shih on the new "spoken language" publications that had sprung up since 1917. He had before him on the table a stack three feet high of different publications in the fields of literature, politics, philosophy, and religion.

To Chinese as well as to foreigners versed in the classical language of ancient China these new writings have no great appeal. The comment of a sinological friend is typical. He opened a copy of Omar lying on my table and read the following lines:

O thou who man of baser earth didst make
And who with Eden didst devise the snake,
For all the sin wherewith the face of man
Is blackened—man's forgiveness give—and take—

He then went on to say that such was the language which Hu Shih was trying to destroy, or at least to relegate to the position of a dead language to be studied by scholars only:

Finer than the palaces of the Forbidden City, the Ch'ien Lung vases, or the Sung paintings is the delicate, richly pregnant "wen li" In Hu Shih's language it would require more than a full, clumsy page to reproduce four lines of the written tongue. The language of the street is not rich enough to present aesthetic material.

Yet Dr. Hu was able to give his countrymen a striking proof of the fact that the popular speech was quite capable of lending itself to the expression of artistic creations. He turned to the Chinese novel, a form of writing traditionally neglected by the historians of literature in China, where only poetry, essays, philosophy and history are counted as literary genres. He edited about ten of the familiar novels and in the introductions pointed out the literary and linguistic value of the works.

But it is more interesting to let Dr. Hu Shih speak for himself. The following quotation is taken from a discussion on the necessity of comparative study of literature:

This need is felt in two directions: on one hand, lack of comparative material has tended to make our people overestimate the value of our cultural products; on the other hand, the same cause has operated to blind the eyes of the literati in the valuation of certain classes of literary and artistic works. It is true that "No man knows the badness of his own crops"; but it is no less true that "pepper is never hot in the place of its production." As to the former kind of racial weakness, little need be said. There are still numberless scholars who think that the Chinese literature is unsurpassed in the whole world. This self-conceit is incorrigible until the present and future generations are made to see the best masterpieces of other races. A word is needed, however, to show that the Chinese have been guilty of undervaluing or even totally depreciating certain unorthodox forms of their literary products. One most outstanding instance is the novel, which, though very popular among the people and most influential in their moral and religious life, has never been recognised by the literati as a respectable form of literary endeavor until China came into close contact with the works of Scott, Dickens, Dumas, and other novelists whose works had the good fortune of being early translated into Chinese. It has required a comparative study of novels to establish the Chinese novel, just as it has required the generous buying of the Morgans and Frears to reawaken the Chinese interest in ancient porcelain and painting.

In the same essay Dr. Hu Shih discusses the epic:

Another group of illustrations may be taken from the epic. The general notion that China has never developed the epic is only partially true. For during the last 500 years there has arisen in the folk literature of both Northern and Southern China one form of rhymed narrative which properly belongs to the class of epic poetry. It was first sung to the "pi-pa," a string instrument, and sometimes with the accompaniment of the drum. It was called "T'an-ts 'ih," but is now often known in the Yangtsze delta as "Tan-huang" and in the Northern China as "ku-shu." The themes dealt with in these narratives are usually love and heroic deeds. Love, however, predominates, and the lovers are almost invariably a man of remarkable literary ability and a woman of exceptional beauty. This form of literature has always been the work of professional singers and reciters, mostly of the unlettered class; and as a consequence of this, it contains much crudity as well as much natural beauty. When the epic poetry of the West became known to the Chinese, a few scholars began to realise that these rhymed narratives represented at least one stage of epic development in the history of Chinese literature. So far no systematic study of these popular narratives has been done, but it is to be hoped that as the Chinese students become better acquainted with the epic and the saga of the West they will be in a position to study the Chinese "t'an-ts' ih" with better appreciation and critical judgment.

Many European writers on the Chinese drama fail to see in this seemingly quaint art the close analogy it bears in its development to the European drama. The foreigner in general is inclined to look upon Chinese art as something static, instead of viewing it as the result of a long development. The Chinese theater of the present day is at about the same stage of development as was the mediaeval stage in the sixteenth century. It is very easy to point out countless analogies to the Shakespearean manner of staging. Without entering further into the subject I wish to quote Dr. Hu's comment on the theater as being characteristic of his attitude of broadmindedness in all matters:

The early religious origin of the Chinese drama, its early association with the dance, the rise of the leader or speaker as distinct from the dumb actors and singing chorus the gradual differentiation of characters, the change from indirect narration in the early reciters to the direct narration of the Yuan drama, the insertion of prose dialogue between the parts sung, and the occasional rise of almost purely prose plays—the historical significance of these facts has never been thoroughly learned. This failure to understand the historical development, it must be pointed out, is no mere matter of academic interest. The present conservatism in regard to the reform of the Chinese theater, which is one phase of the opposition to the recent revolution in Chinese literature in general, is largely due to a failure to see that the Chinese drama as it stands today is precisely a case of long arrested development. The singing and acrobatic feats, the unnatural voice and gesture, the symbolic movements to take the place of changing scenery, and many other defects of the Chinese drama must be regarded as vestiges which have survived their usefulness, and certainly not as culminating points beyond which no further improvement is necessary or desirable.

No one is more aware than Dr. Hu Shih that the modernisation and unification of the Chinese language will not be accomplished over night. There are vast obstacles in the way of the exponents of the "literary revolution"; to mention only one, the spoken language of Canton is not understood in Peking and the dialects of various provinces differ in pronunciation and idiom at least as much as French, Italian and Spanish. The scholars of the eighteen provinces find no difficulty in reading each other's writings, just as mediaeval scholars all could read Latin, but they cannot converse with ease until one dialect has been made into a universal language. The dialect of Peking, the so-called "official language," may rise to this position if a united effort is made to create a modern popular literature in this language. But it is a much more formidable task even than the simplification of our spelling.

Personally Dr. Hu Shih possesses a rare charm. He is a conversationalist who can discuss Shaw, play-acting, birth control, Bryan, Plato, Huxley, clothes, Julius Caesar, or the industrial revolution with keen understanding and rare humor, all the while playing sidelights on the subjects out of his vast fund of knowledge of Chinese philosophical and cultural history. He lives very modestly and quietly in true Chinese fashion. On the day of his return to China he discarded his American clothes for the Chinese long gown, showing himself, in spite of his inspiration at the fountain of Western learning, a true Chinese and a patriot.

THE STAR GARAGE
(China Motors)
Phone W. 197-198
125 Bubbling Well Rd.
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS

YOUR SUIT IS READY
Call HENRY the TAILOR
7-9 Seward Road.

HOTEL SCANDINAVE
111, Avenue Edward VII.
(Oriental Press Building)
COMFORTABLE FAMILY HOTEL
Nice airy front rooms with private bath, hot and cold water
$90.00 per month, $4.00 per day.
Table Boarders $40 per month
Tel. C. 6672
T. TOLLEFSEN, *Manager.*

Delicacies That Are A Delicious Memory
for hours after eating—that's the sort we sell.
Convince yourself by selecting your favorites from the following extensive list. They are just off the boat.

Assorted Glace Fruit
Glace Cherries
Crystallized Oranges } unexcelled
Crystallized Apricots } for
Crystallized Figs } dessert
Marshmallows
Cherinut (cherry flavored marshmallow chocolate coated)
French Table Prunes
Numerous varieties of hard American Candies

Soft Shell Walnuts
Soft Shell Almonds
Brazil Nuts
Hazel Nuts
Pistachios

Dromedary Dates

Dried Apricots
Dried Prunes
Dried Figs
Dried Apples
Dried Peaches
Dried Cherries
Salted Wafers
Pretzels

Zwiebach
Graham Crackers
Assorted Biscuits
Ginger Snaps
Danish Liver Paste
Sardelles
Camembert Cheese
De Brie Cheese
Italian Salami (extra quality)
"Homeside" Ham

Open every week-day until 7 p.m.
I. SHAININ & Co.
The Home of Delicacies
100 SZECHUEN ROAD
PHONE C. 1483
Including Saturdays

Candy.
IF IT IS THE VERY BEST THAT YOU WANT WE CAN SUPPLY IT TO YOU.
ALL OF OUR CANDIES ARE OF ONE QUALITY, THE BEST, and are made by an expert foreign candy maker.
The Chocolate Shop
36 Nanking Road

SCHILLER'S
$19.00 KITCHEN COAL
No. 3 HOUSEHOLD $19.50
Gives Best Heat and Burns Longest
No. 3 Kitchen can be used Economically for Soft Coal Heating Stoves
COAL WEIGHTS ARE GUARANTEED
COAL DELIVERIES ARE PROMPT
PRICES ARE LOWEST
9, EZRA ROAD. Phones:—Office C. 204, Yard E. 450
6 Tons of Coal Free to Purchasers during October

Chamberlain's Pain Balm
There is nothing so good for muscular rheumatism, sprains, lameness of the muscles, bruises and like injuries as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. One application gives relief. For sale everywhere.

ASIA REALTY COMPANY
BIG STORE TO LET
On Nanking Road
opposite Lane, Crawford & Co., One Newly Built Store, 7238 Square Feet Floor Space, Lighting to suit tenant.
Available November 1st
ASIA REALTY COMPANY
SHANGHAI
TEL. C 65, 15 NANKING ROAD

YUNG CHONG CHIANG FUR CO.
NOW OPEN
We have a large assortment of finest Siberian, Manchurian and North China.
FURS.
Including.
Ermine, Fox, Beaver, Gray Squirrel, Lynx, Sable Seal, Marten, Otter, Tiger, Bear, Wolf and Leopard Skin Rugs, Robes, Collars, Stolas, Cuffs, Scarfs, and Muffs, etc.
AT MOST MODERATE PRICES.
Sales Department, 254 Shanse Road. Telephone C. 7250
62568

TAKE TIMELY WARNING
and
PREPARE for the WINTER
INSTALL YOUR HEATING CIRCUITS
NOW
PHONE C. 4119
for an Estimate. All Municipal Electricity Department's requirements complied with, and work guaranteed.
Shing Tai Electric Co.
A72/3 Szechuen Road Near Peking Road.
Telephone Central 4119

HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.
SHANGHAI
Tel. C. 44 Tel. C. 44
DRAPERY DEPT. SHOWROOMS
RECEIVED JUST IN TIME FOR THE RACES
LADIES' GLOVES AND GAUNTLETS
IN SUEDE, KID, CASTOR, AND FANCY FABRIC
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT IN A VARIETY OF COLOURS AND SIZES
KAYSER'S SILK NET HOSE IN VARIOUS SHADES
OUTPORT ORDERS WILL BE CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED
BUSINESS HOURS 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Brunswick
The Phonograph Found Where Good Taste Predominates
Geolay.
44-46 Rue du Consulat
C. F. C. Building
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS for NORTH CHINA.

James M. Beck:

"Our Modern Super-Mechanised Civilisation Destroys Individuality And Crushes Souls"

BY JAMES M. BECK
(Solicitor General Of The United States)

Dr. Chas. P. Steinmetz, the modern wizard of electricity, a few days ago proclaimed from his laboratory in Schenectady that a century hence men would work only four hours a day.

As the development of mechanical power proceeds with ever accelerating speed, it would be as easy for the modern prophet to predict that a century later man would probably work only two hours a day, and the ultimate prediction would logically follow that, in the course of a few more centuries, the millenium of universal laziness would come—when pleasure would be the sole pursuit of man, and work would be virtually eliminated from human life.

As widely quoted, the Schenectady scientist qualified his prediction by suggesting that, when a man's normal routine work was thus reduced to one-sixth of the day he would profitably employ his abundant leisure in other forms of healthful activity; but sociology could teach the physicist that this is contrary to experience.

CRUMBLING CIVILISATION

When the Greeks eliminated labor by imposing the necessary work of the world upon slaves, the glories of the Periclean age speedily vanished, and Greece, which once reached the highest civilisation ever known, degenerated, until Demosthenes said that the only passion of the Greeks was a consuming craze for novel and trivial pleasures.

When the Roman people were workers they attained the greatest power that the world has ever known; but when the free labor of Rome was supplanted by slave labor the empire slowly crumbled.

To be underworked is as fatal to human growth as to be overworked. The vital need of human life is to preserve a happy equilibrium between work and leisure. The profound moral of the world's greatest tragedy, "Hamlet," is that when the faculty for action perishes by disuse the man, however noble his native endowment may otherwise be, is doomed.

On the same day when the Steinmetz prediction was widely published, a distinguished English novelist, D. H. Lawrence, whose specialty is not machines but souls reached a less gratifying conclusion.

Speaking in New York, and regarding that deliriously hectic city as the greatest single product of a mechanical civilisation, he ventured to predict that our overmechanised world was disintegrating and that if the rivalry of machines and chemistry resulted in another war it would probably be the end of the existing civilisation.

He significantly reminded us that when the earlier form of western civilisation perished in the early centuries of the Christian era there was still a saving idea—that of Christianity—which enabled a newer and better civilisation to be built upon the ruins of the old Roman empire.

But Mr. Lawrence failed to find any such germinating seed in the present situation, and, if he had known of the electrical wizard's anticipation of the workless age, he probably would have concluded that while the early Christian ideal of self-sacrificing service had once enabled mankind to begin a new life, yet the ideal of universal laziness, resulting from the substitution of the machine for the brain and muscles of man, would not be the potent seed of a new civilisation.

Which of these two learned savants is correct?

DESTRUCTIVE FORCES

No one can question the eminence of the Schenectady electrician, for he has surpassed the Franklin feat of tearing the lightnings from the heavens by aping his Maker in generating by his machine a very respectable imitation of an electrical storm.

Nevertheless, one can not escape the conjecture that the scientist, in his enthusiastic worship of the machine, has overlooked the destructive effect of excessive mechanism upon the human soul.

That our mechanical civilisation has resulted in innumerable and inestimable material benefits to man can not be gainsaid. Without the machine mankind, as presently constituted, would speedily perish. Its benefits do not require to be noted, for man is not only not unconscious of them, but for a century past, since his imagination has been obsessed by the dominance of dynamic power, he has greatly overemphasised the values and wholly ignored the evils.

Only in recent years have thoughtful men begun to realise the destructive effects of a mechanical civilisation upon human character.

In Alfred Tennyson's diary, when an undergraduate at Cambridge, he made note of a conversation with John Kemble, the brother of the actress, in which Kemble, before the age of the locomotive, ventured the prediction that the development of mechanical power would be fatal to the spirituality of human character.

Indeed, the whole history of developed mechanism in the nineteenth century is, in effect, the practical realisation of the very extraordinary ghost story which the talented daughter of the poet Shelly wrote in 1816. The genesis of the story of Frankenstein is most interesting.

In the Summer of 1816 Byron, Shelley and his wife were spending the Summer in Switzerland. Their holiday was marred by incessant rain and gloomy weather. To relieve the monotony of the nights they agreed to tell ghost stories, and the contribution of Miss Shelley was a story that has given a new word, Frankenstein, to our language. It tells of the scientist who discovered a method of giving life to a monster in human form that he had created, an idea recently developed by the Hungarian dramatist, Kopek in his powerful drama, "R. U. R."

Who can question that such a Frankenstein is our modern mechanical civilisation?

It has destroyed industry and substituted boredom; it has grossly vulgarised the works of men; it has substituted the ideal of quantity for that of quality; it has resulted in social disintegration and class antagonism, which now threatens the very foundations of human society; it has destroyed the spirit of individuality and has gone far to crush the human soul.

Finally, it has produced the unspeakable spectacle of modern war, and the supreme effort of modern mechanics and chemistry has been the multiplied destruction of human life. It is a Frankenstein beyond anything of which the little group of poets at Geneva, one hundred and seven years ago, ever dreamed.

No one saw this more acutely than Samuel Butler, in his philosophic satire "Erewhon;" but Butler's biting wit made him a Cassandra, for the world took his famous treaties on machines as a comedy and not a tragedy.

Unquestionably, the machine since man first utilised the intangible forces of nature, such as steam vapor, electricity, and oil, has greatly narrowed to the average man the opportunity for work, in the truest sense of that word.

Work is not merely the wholesome exercise of the faculties of brain and body, but—more vitally—it is the self-expression of the human soul.

Employment must not be confused with work, for the latter necessarily implies some active and conscious exercise of the human faculties, whether intellectual, physical, or moral. The man who for eight hours watches the infallible automatic machine may have very tedious and therefore trying employment, but such employment is not work if the infallible machine makes it wholly unnecessary for the man to do any thinking and if its motive power and subtle mechanism make it equally unnecessary to do more than press a lever with his little finger.

Such a man may watch a machine, and, as the weariness of monotony is invariably worse than the hardest and most tiring exercise of the human faculties, such a man has an especial claim to the sympathetic consideration of his fellow men, for the price that he pays for the elimination of human labor is the starvation of his God-given faculties.

While, therefore, as measured by hours of employment (the artificial standard now being by legislative enactment and trade-union regulation eight hours a day), he is a worker; yet with millions of men throughout our industrial civilisation the Steinmetz ideal has already come to pass, for while the average factory employe may watch a machine for eight hours a day he does not "work" in the truest sense of the word even the four hours which Dr. Steinmetz gives the future race as its sole opportunity for self-expression.

This is not due wholly to the effect of the all-supplanting automatic and infallible machine, for the same destructive influence upon the opportunity for true self-expression results from man's uncanny genius for specialisation.

The ideal of modern industry, as exemplified by Henry Ford above all other masters of the machine is by the division of labor to reduce it to the irreducible minimum. The modern economist of a given operation allotted teaches us that efficiency is best promoted when the worker has the most infinitesimal fraction of a given operation allotted to him, and the design is by such dissipation into the atom of effort per person, to eliminate so far as possible the effort either of mind or body.

WHAT FORD EXPERTS DID

Thus it s said that Mr. Ford's efficiency experts ascertained by stop watches that there was a waste of economic effort if the same man, as the motor car passed along the conveyor, lifted a nut and screwed it on.

This did involve slight mental and physical effort, and efficiency was promoted by dividing this minute fraction of the manufacture of a motor car between two men, one of whom took up the nut and the other screwed it on.

The man who for eight hours a day only picks up a nut, and repeats the same process, without either mental effort and with little appreciable physical effort, has already more than achieved the Steinmetz desideratum, for however wearying upon his nervous system the ennui of the process may be, yet—if work be self-expression—he has not "worked" even four hours.

Dr. Steinmetz, the greatest living master of the secrets of electricity—although it is doubtful whether he or anyone else could tell us what the primal fact is as to the nature of this mysterious power—might well, before making his joyous predictions of a workless age, study biology and through its greater laws reach a conclusion whether a workless world would be the millennial heaven of his fancy.

I commend to him a question, which, simple as it is, is in my judgment the greatest that now confronts thinking men:

"Has the increase, through thermo-dynamics, of the potential of human power resulted in a corresponding increase in the moral potential of human character?"

To this life and death question a great French philosopher, Le Bon, writing in 1910, replied that the one unmistakable symptom of human life in our time was "the increasing deterioration in human character" and "the progressive enfeeblement of the human will."

Work is the great saving element of human life. Without it the human faculties slowly deteriorate or perish altogether—even as the fish in the subterranean lake in the Mammoth Cave were found to be blind, because, for generations, the darkness had given no exercise to their optic nerves.

In our inordinate appreciation of the wonder of mechanical facilities, we have quite forgotten their destructive effect upon the opportunity for self-expression, and therefore healthy life.

Nearly a century ago, Thomas Carlyle sounded the gospel: "Happy is the man who has found his work. Let him ask no higher blessing." But Carlyle failed to take into consideration the great and portentous fact that while the natural and healthy craving of man is for work, as the vital spark of his physical and moral existence, it too often and with many men fails to find any adequate opportunity for gratification in a hypermechanical age, which slowly destroys the opportunities for true work.

For example, we loudly cackle over the fact that a man, through the radio, can speak five hundred miles; but little thought is given to the question whether, when he thus utilises the "invisible couriers of the air," he has anything that is worth saying.

All of the rotary presses of the United States, which tonight are printing over 50,000,000 copies of papers, will not print one single document which will be comparable in wisdom and nobility with Washington's Farewell Message.

A SICK WORLD

All agree that the world is very sick, and some pessimists, like the novelist Lawrence, feel that our civilisation is sick unto death. In searching for the causes of the universal malady, man places an inordinate emphasis upon political institutions and developments. In my judgment he would get much closer to the real source of the malaise if he considered the destructive effect upon the physical and moral life of man of the ever-increasing elimination of variety of labor from human life, and this, I think, is fairly demonstrable, by carrying the Steinmetz prediction to its logical conclusion.

Carrying our anticipations forward another century, let us imagine the age in which human labor will be virtually eliminated. Man will gain all the needed power for his every-day existence by pushing a button, and the nice adjustments of his machines will reduce the necessity for even thinking to an irreducible minimum.

What, then, will become of man?

Sir John Lubbock showed this in a biological experiment. He segregated the most voracious and militant tribe of ants, and then denied them the opportunity for exercise and freed them from the necessity of foraging for their food.

They at once became anaemic and, in three generations, they had altogether perished. What assurance have we that man, under like circumstances, would have any different fate?

The great exemplar of work was Franklin. No nation ever had a more useful citizen, and I can recall no human life that developed more fully the divine faculty of work.

One of the most famous of his writings, which has been translated into every tongue and has doubtless inspired millions of men, was his Father Abraham address, and never in our history have our people had greater occasion for its timely philosophy than at the present day, when the false ideal of pleasure, as the chief object of life, has become a consuming passion.

THE RUST OF SLOTH

It may be well to recall a few of Poor Richard's homely adages, as quoted by Father Abraham, as the possible antidote to the Steinmetz ideal of a workless age. Says the wise Franklin:

"It would be thought a hard Government that should tax its people one-tenth part of their time, to be employed in its service; but idleness taxes many of us much more; sloth, by bringing on diseases, absolutely shortens life. Sloth, like rust, consumes faster than labor wears; while the used key is always bright, as Poor Richard says. But doest thou love life, then do not squander time, for that is the stuff life is made of, as Poor Richard says."

Among the last times that I was privileged to see President Harding was an occasion last Winter when the President invited some of his firends to witness a performance in the White House of "The Covered Wagon."

The film represented a party of pioneers in 1849, as they trekked in prairie schooner wagons through the Oregon wilderness, which their labor was to clear of the primeval forest and make to blossom as a garden. The film was, to me, deeply impressive and I found myself brooding upon this question:

Which age was calculated to produce the greater and better men—the age of the prairie schooner of the age of the flivver?

The history of America gives the answer. Our greatest men were the products of a simpler age and themselves were developed in the noble alchemy of toil.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH
By Appointment To H.M. The King
SCRUBB'S CLOUDY AMMONIA
INVALUABLE FOR TOILET AND DOMESTIC PURPOSES
Of all Grocers, Oilmen, etc.
The public are cautioned against the many injurious imitations of "Scrubb's Ammonia" that are being offered, and attention is drawn to the signature of Scrubb & Co. on each bottle, without which none is genuine.
SCRUBB & CO., LTD., CUILDFORD STREET, LONDON, S.E.

You will find S&W California Canned Fruits, Fish, Vegetables, Jams and Jellies served in the best homes, exclusive clubs and better class hotels in many parts of the world. People who appreciate fine things insist upon having S&W Food Pooducts, for experience has proved them to be "Consistently the Best."

For sale by provisioners catering to discriminating trade

On sale by all GENERAL STOREKEEPERS

China Representative:

A. T. GILLESPIE
25 Jinkee Road

C 2240
UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE
Serves U Right—Day & Night
$1 First 20 Min. $3 per Hr.

Regain your Vitality

British Doctors regularly recommend Hall's Wine as a most wonderful Strengthening and Energising Tonic.

Hall's Wine is unequalled for restoring vital energy. The first dose does you good and the benefits are lasting

Hall's Wine
THE SUPREME TONIC RESTORATIVE

Hall's Wine is the prescription of a doctor, and is used all over the world. It is especially valuable for building up and sustaining the system under trying climatic conditions.

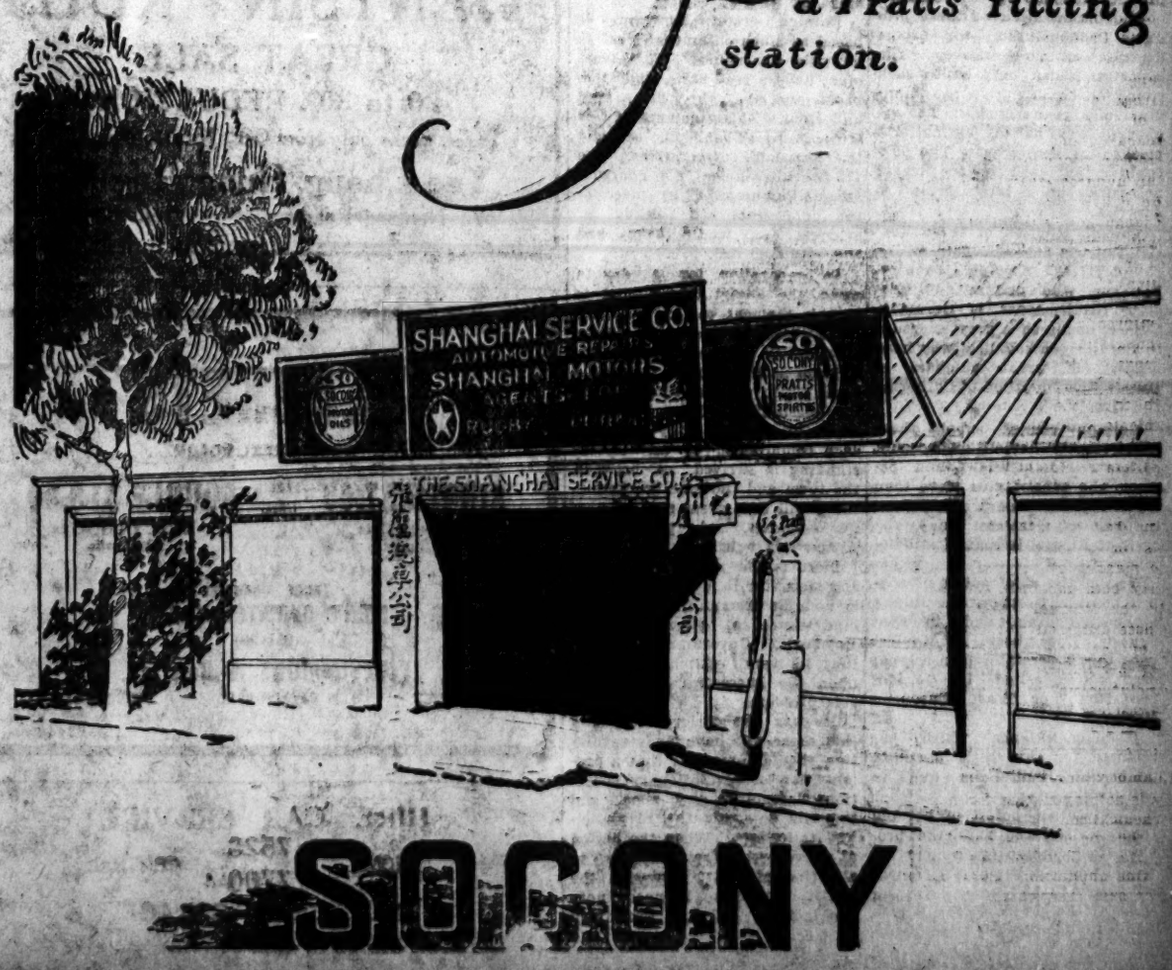
From all first-class Chemists & Wine Merchants and
THE GREAT CHINA CORPORATION
37 B, Canton Road, Shanghai
Sole Proprietors
STEPHEN SMITH & CO. LTD., BOW, LONDON, ENG.

Yuen Tah & Co.
Newly Arrived from California
Newtown Pippin Apples
5 lbs. for $1.00
Burbanks Potatoes
10 lbs. for $1.00
Brown Onions
9 lbs. for $1.00
Tel. North 336 125 Broadway

St. George's Garage
Phone W. 5563
Cor. Bubb. Well & Ave. Haig
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS

KLIM BRAND POWDERED MILK
Cheaper than Fresh Milk.
Safer than Fresh Milk.
Guaranteed Pure Whole Milk. Can be used for all purposes of Fresh Milk.

PRATTS MOTOR SPIRITS
The Shanghai Service Company
298 Wei Hai Wei Rd.
—a "Pratt's" filling station.



SOCONY

Russia Seen As A World Force If Peasant And Laborer Unite

In Land Having Greatest Natural Resources In Europe Only Antagonism Between Town And Farm Said To Halt Economic Greatness

BY CLARE SHERIDAN

Koensberg. — Russia is the land of greatest natural wealth in Europe. The surplus of her agricultural products must be and will be exploited. Her natural wealth cannot long remain unexploited. Those who try to build barriers to prevent this development are like the madman who tried to hold up the river by building a dam. Nature must prevail in the end.

"If winter comes, can spring be far behind?" Russia's winter has been of several year's duration. The spring that is dawning is going to be characteristically Russian, on a great scale. Co-operation of man with Nature has begun. Co-operation of man with man is imminent. Co-operation of nation with nation will follow.

I have already said that co-operation inside of Russia has formed two blocs: the land bloc, which has united millions of peasants, and the town bloc, which has especially united the workmen. These workmen, in order to counterpoise the power of the village, had to unite with the Government, even if they were not entirely in sympathy. This has resulted, as I have described previously, in a state of town versus village.

Today the whole problem of the Soviet Government is how to unite these two. I excuse myself for so persistently reverting to this. But the importance of it cannot be overestimated. I have talked to Government representatives, heads of foreign trade departments, etc. I am, in every case, corroborated. I have been told, in fact, that this necessity of combining town and country peasant and workman, is the question in Russia today, and the only question.

Russian propaganda posters have already a new form. They have lost their international character, and instead of appealing to the workers of the world to unite, they are almost all bent on representing the necessity of peasant and workman uniting. The Soviet Government having failed to force the peasants, is now engaged in supreme efforts to win them.

Every possible device for winning the peasant to the town is being organised. A great agricultural co-operative exhibition is being arranged in Moscow for September in hopes of attracting masses of peasants. The whole of Russia's future destiny, as well as the existence of the Government itself, depends upon the successful solving of this problem.

Lenin's speeches and articles on the co-operative movement clearly show his realisation of this.

The interior problem is concerned with the building of the town as a nerve-center for the pulsation of the land. The exterior problems concern the building of normal relations between the foreign industrial countries and Agricultural Russia.

Facts, however, are obvious and lead to emphatic conclusions: Russia's exports are chiefly, and for some time to come will be, purely agricultural. This produce depends on the peasants. The organisation of these products inside Russia for export depends on Co-operatives. The exportation can only be to such countries as can give the minimum of a year's credit: The exchange must be in agricultural mechanical necessities. The only country that can produce these necessities on a large scale is America.

The distribution of these Russian imports depends again on the co-operatives. The only country, however, who understands Russia's requirements is Germany. This is owing in a great measure to the German colonists who have existed in great numbers in Russia since the time of Catherine the Great.

Germany cannot supply these requirements herself on account of her economic plight, and because she cannot give more than three months credit. Therefore, the rule of Germany today, vis-a-vis of Russia, is that of middleman.

One of the chief points of contact between Germany and Russia is East Prussia, and in East Prussia, Konigsberg. At Konigsberg this is crystallised in a great organisation called in German "Ost Messe," or "East European Market."

The importance which has resulted for this little northern provincial capital is due to political reasons.

New Russia, bereft of her old frontiers is faced with the problem that foreign trade on a big scale, when it begins its transit, will have to be across one or some of the border states. Poland and Roumania are impossible owing to the continual friction, bordering on conflict, that is steadily maintained.

There remain the northern ports. Reval, capital of Esthonia; Riga, capital of Lettland; Narva, etc. These ports, however, have been damaged, if not destroyed by war. Russian trade, therefore, is taking a wedgeshaped course across Lithuania, which is a friendly and reasonable state, and this brings the contact with Konigsberg the nearest big center on the sea.

In Konigsberg there is a Russo-German organisation called the Ost Institut, which at this moment is working feverishly on preparatory work, collecting information such as no other commercial institute as yet possesses. It is closely connected with the co-operatives, and is organising contact between Konigsberg and Moscow.

In the path of successful contact, however, stands temporarily the hungry row of middlemen, known as Finland, Esthonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland and (lately acquired by Roumania) Bessarabia. They encircle Russia like international profiteers, and metaphorically skim the cream from the milk. Best among them, as already mentioned, is Lithuania.

These avaricious border states have a paralysing effect on transactions. The post-war political activities are a hardened lava through which the underlying life tries vainly to break through. These border states, however, also use Konigsberg to their own profit as a center of exchange. It is here that Germany, more than ever, becomes the middleman.

Illustrative of the whole situation is the Konigsberg aerodrome in the evening, when the setting sun glints on the wings of the giant birds that, from every direction in the sky, come to roost. Here air passengers alight from Moscow, Riga, Memel, Danzig, Berlin—and they are all men, all in a hurry, all bent on business, and on hasty business which has necessitated wings. I have seen eleven Russian Soviet aeroplanes in the Konigsberg aerodrome in the same day.

Perhaps the most expensive middleman of Russia is the Soviet Government, which insists on centralising the life of the country in its hands. Having at present no resources from outside, it is forced to use interior pressure. But these efforts have not succeeded in wringing enough contributions from the peasants, and have suffocated the possibility of industrial life. There still remains the system of concessions which, however, has as many enemies as friends. The one maintains that foreign capital is necessary in the place of the dead national capital. The other fears that foreign concessions will lose her interior independence.

Russia, however, was not enslaved before the war, although Russian industry and commerce had enormous foreign capital invested. Foreign firms had not merely representatives in Russia, but filials. The gigantic progress of Russian industry in the last 25 years, pre-war, was due in a great measure to the investment of foreign capital.

Foreign credit, however, is based as much on mutual trust as on gold guarantees. This trust must have a real basis, and this basis must be the firm land underfoot. As an instance of this trust, based on land, one can cite the Russian co-operatives, who (if the Government did not substitute Communists in place of the old-established heads of organisations) could have had any credit abroad.

In preparation for a day to come, the Soviet Government is at this moment coining a gold ruble which is based on the natural stability of the wheat ruble. As soon as the complicated conditions which at present hamper the possibilities of foreign commerce are cleared away—as soon as a compromise or an understanding is arrived at between the town and the land workers—there will be a great rush of new developments and possibilities. A new era will have begun.

That is the moment to watch and wait for. It is a moment that is not far distant, because the land force is strong, and the Bolshevik Government realise that its very existence depends upon the successful solving of this problem.

It was Robespiere who said that those who have made revolution should remember that a prolongation of revolutionary conditions defeats its own aims, and imperils not only the revolution but its leaders. When the period of active revolution gives place to a period of active evolution the Soviet Government need not apologise or call it a temporary retreat.

As Calvin Coolidge Thinks

(Page 18)

charge or reinstate, I was opposed to placing the public security again in the keeping of this body of men. There is an obligation to forgive, but it does not extend to the unrepentant. To give them aid and confort is to support their evil doing and to become what is known in law as an accessory after that fact. A government which does that is a reproach to civilization and will soon have on its hands the blood of its citizens.

The response to the appeal to support the Government of Massachusetts in sustaining law and order was instantaneous. It came from the State Guard, from volunteers for police, and the militia, from contributions gathered among all classes now reaching hundreds of thousands of dollars, from the loyal police of Boston, from all quarters of the Commonwealth and beyond. These forces may all be dissipated, they may be defeated, but while I am intrusted with the office of their Commander in Chief they will not be surrendered. Over them and over every other law abiding citizen has gone up the white flag of Massachusetts. Who is there that by compromising the authority of her laws dares to haul down that flag? I have resisted and propose to continue in resistance to such action.

This issue is perfectly plain. The government of Massachusetts is not seeking to resist the action of labor. It has time and again passed laws for the protection and encouragement of trade unions. It has done so under my administration upon my recommendation to a greater extent than in any previous year. In that policy it will continue. It is seeking to prevent a condition which would at once destroy all labor unions and all else that is the foundation of civilization by maintaining the authority and sancity of the law. When that goes all goes. It costs something, but it is the cheapest thing that can be bought; it causes some inconvenience, but it is the foundation of all convenience, the orderly execution of the laws.

LAWS ARE VOICE OF PEOPLE

The people understand this thoroughly. They know that the laws are their laws and speak their voice. They know that this Government is their Government founded on their will, administered by their representatives. Disobedience to it is disobedience to the people. They know that the property of the Commonwealth is their property. Destruction of it destroys their substance. The public security is their security. When that is gone they are in deadly peril. And knowing this the people have a determination to support the Government with a resolution that is unchanging.

It is my purpose to maintain the Government of Massachusetts as it was founded by her people, the protector of the rights of all but subservient to none. It is my purpose to maintain unimpaired the authority of her laws, her jurisdiction, her peace, her security. This ancient faith of Massachusetts which became the great faith of America, shone re-established in her Constitution before the army of Washington had gained our independence declaring for "a government of laws and not of men." In that faith she still abides. Let him challenge it who dares. All who love Massachusetts, who believe in America, are bound to defend it. The choice lies between living under coercion and intimidation, the forces of evil, or under the laws of the people, orderly speaking with their settled convictions, the revelation of a divine authority.

Address at Republican State Convention, Tremont Temple, Boston, Oct. 4, 1919.

The great aim of American institutions is the protection of the individual. That is the principle which lies at the foundation of Anglo-Saxon liberty. It matters not with what power the individual is assailed nor whether that power is represented by wealth or place or numbers; against it the humblest American citizen has the right to the protection of his Government by every force that Government can command.

Address at Faneuil Hall Meeting on High Cost of Living, Dec. 9, 1916.

RIGHTS OF INDIVIDUAL

We are very proud of our democracy. We are very proud of our form of government. We believe that there is no other nation on earth that gives to the individual the privileges and the rights that he has in America. The time has come now when we are going to defend those rights. The time has come when the world is looking to America, as the nation has looked to Massachusetts in the past, to stand up and defend the rights of the individual. Sovereignty, it is our belief, is vested in the individual, and we are going to protect the rights of the individual. It is an auspicious moment to dedicate here in New England one of our town halls, an auspicious moment in which to dedicate it to the supremacy of those ideals for which the whole world is fighting at the present time, that the rights of the individual as they were established here in the past may be maintained by us now and carried to a yet greater development in the future.

Address at Town House, Weston, 1917.

Works which endure come from the soul of the people. The mighty in their pride walk alone to destruction. The humble walk hand in hand with Providence to immortality. Their works survive. When the people of the colonies were defending their liberties against the might of kings they chose their banner from the design set in the firmament through all eternity. The flags of the great empires of that day are gone, but the Stars and Stripes remain. It pictures the vision of a people whose eyes were turned to the rising dawn. It represents the hope of a father for his posterity.

It was never flaunted for the glory of royalty, but to be born under it is to be a child of a king, and to establish a home under it is to be the founder of a royal house. Alone of all flags it expresses the sovereignty of the people which endures when all else passes away. Speaking with their voice it has the sanctity of revelation. He who lives under it and is loyal to it is loyal to truth and justice everywhere. He who lives under it and is disloyal to it is a traitor to the human race everywhere. What could be saved if the flag of the American nation were to perish?

Flag Day Proclamation, May 26, 1919.

Universal Hire Service
Phone C. 2239-40
41-43 Avenue Edward VII
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS

QUALITY FOODS

Our dishes are cooked to please the palate of particular people. They've a tastiness that is unequaled. You will always find our foods the freshest and most daintily served.

We cater to those who are particular about their food and the service they get. This we give and at very reasonable prices.

The Yellow Jacket
17 Nanking Road
Phone C. 3341.

YOUR SUIT IS READY
Call HENRY the TAILOR
7-9 Seward Road.

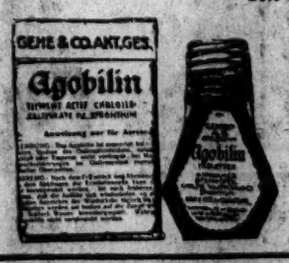
A STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS HOTEL
SAVOY HOTEL
MODERATE RATES
A SATISFACTORY HOME WITH EXCELLENT SERVICE AND SUPERIOR CUISINE
SPECIAL RATES FOR MONTHLY GUESTS

Thé Dansants Daily
(Except Sunday)

At FIVE
Astor House Grill
Admission: One Dollar including Tea
Astor House Hotel
Reservations North 200

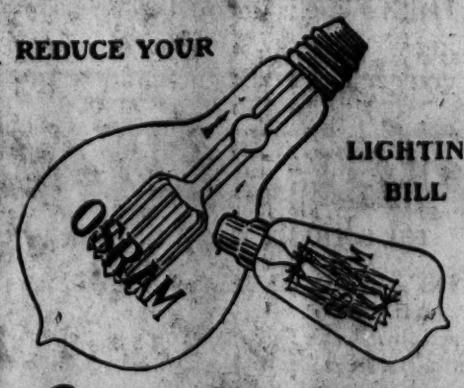
TIENTSIN RUGS
GREAT SALE
20 to 30% REDUCTION
Three weeks only from Oct. 18th to Nov. 8th.
Yee Chong Hung Rug Co.
372 Nanking Road. Tel. C. 6896
5851

AGOBILIN
"GEHE"
A prophylactic against the tendency to
GALL STONES
Sole Agents:
J. LAMBOOY & CO.
14 Hankow Road.
Retailed:
American Drug Co.
Sine Pharmacy.
6a Broadway.



BLANKETS
WOOL-KHAKI COLOR
SINGLE $7.00 TERMS CASH DOUBLE $13.00
50 in. x 87 in. 5 Pounds
61 in. x 103 in. 10 Pounds
ALSO
LARGE QUANTITY
MEN'S SWEATER COATS
(COTTON)
FITZSIMMONS & Co., Inc.
TEL. C. 1967 14 CANTON ROAD (GROUND FLOOR)
62440

REDUCE YOUR



LIGHTING BILL
Osram ELECTRIC LAMPS
The General Electric Co. (of China) Ltd.
1 and 2 Ningpo Road, Shanghai
Telephone: Central 1606 (three lines)

HIRE CAR SERVICE
PHONE 7528 7700 CENTRAL
NAN YANG GARAGE,
53 and 55 AVENUE EDWARD VII

October 30th, 1923. October 30th, 1923.
GRAND CONCERT
At The
OLYMPIC THEATRE
By the famous opera stars of the Academic State Theatres of Moscow and Petrograd (formerly the Imperial Theatres)
A. M. LABINSKY
Tenor
L. N. BALANOVSKAYA
DRAMATIC SOPRANO
and
A. G. SIMZISS-BRIAN
Pianist
Commencing at 9.15 p.m.
Admission: $5, $3, $2 and $1
Tickets on sale at Moutrie & Co. and at Theatre on day of performance from 5 p.m.

ST. GEORGE'S CAFE
offers
A bevy of real dancing instructors to teach you the latest terpsichorean steps
DANCING EVERY EVENING FROM
8 p.m. to 1 a.m.
Good Music Good Food Good Service
Good Drinks
THIS AFTERTNOON
BIG TEA DANSANT
from 4 to 7 o'clock
NO ADMISSION CHARGES 217 Bubbling Well Road
Phone W 2279

DIAMONDS!

Siberian Jewellery Store
M. LIPKOVSKY
MAIN STORE: 27 Nanking Road Tel. Central 1945
BRANCH STORE: 96 Szechuen Road Tel. Central 6941

The China Press
大陸報

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1923

LACTOGEN FOR
The NATURAL-MILK Food
YOUR BABY

Business and Official Notices

R. CONSOLATO GENERALE D'ITALIA

Il Console Generale d'Italia invita tutti i connazionali che hanno partecipato alla grande Guerra ad un pranzo di ricordo che avrà luogo in questa sede Consolare il 4 novembre 1923, in occasione dell'Armistizio Italiano che diede fine alla nostra guerra e consacrò la nostra Vittoria.

Coloro che per impedimenti speciali non potessero intervenire sono pregati di renderne in tempo consapevole questo R. Ufficio.

Shanghai, 26 Ottobre 1923.

63029 O 30

Holy Trinity Cathedral.

Owing to the postponement of the date of the arrival of the Empress of Australia, by which steamer the Rev. E. Strong, M.A. is arriving from Japan, the Meeting arranged for Monday next the 29th inst. at the Cathedral School at 9.30 p.m. is unavoidably cancelled.

C. J. F. SYMONS

63053 O 28

In The United States Court For China

In re Estate of	Cause No. 2336
JOHN RUSCOMBE HARVEY, Deceased.	NOTICE OF HEARING

Pursuant to an Order herein made, notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the petition of Eugene M. Lamb for letters of administration will be heard on Monday, October 29, 1923, at 3:00 o'clock in the afternoon in the session hall of said Court.

W. A. CHAPMAN, Clerk.

Shanghai China, October 26, 1923.

63046 O 28

S.S. "President Grant" from Seattle

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

EXAMINATION of ship's damaged cargo ex the s.s. "President Grant" will be held at the China Merchants Central Wharf on Monday, October 29th, at 2:30 p.m. when Messrs. Eisler, Reeves and Murphy, Marine Surveyors will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE, AGENTS.

63048 O 28

S.S. "Cuprum" from Seattle
S.S. "Eldridge" from Seattle
S.S. "Endicott" from New York

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

EXAMINATION of ship's damaged cargo ex s.s. "Cuprum", s.s. "Eldridge" and s.s. "Endicott" will be held at the Robert Dollar (Pai Lien Chien) Wharf on Tuesday, October 30th, at 9:30 a.m. when Messrs. Eisler, Reeves and Murphy, Marine Surveyors will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE. AGENTS.

63049 O 30

VIOLIN INSTRUCTION

Given By

Prof. Richard Steinhauser

Graduate of

The Leipzig Conservatory.

Special Method for Children

21-b-Seymour Road

Tel. W. 3359

62990

Hankow and Ports

The Hoong On S. N. Co.'s Str. Chang On, Captain K. C. Lee, will leave from the Ningshao Wharf, Chinese Bund, Nantao, on Tuesday, Oct. 30, at about 12 o'clock (midnight). Passage Money, Shanghai to Hankow, $40 single and $80 return. For Freight or Passage apply to office of the Company, No. 2 Szechuen Road. Telephones. Freight 1520, Passage 3283.

63089 O 30

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

Autumn Race Meetings, 1923

Monday 5th November
Tuesday 6th November
Wednesday 7th November

The First Saddling Bell will be rung promptly at 11.15 a.m. each day. Tiffin Interval after the 4th Race, and First Bell after Tiffin at 2 p.m.

Saturday 10th November
First Bell at 1.15 p.m.

Members and their wives and daughters who require badges are asked to notify the undersigned without delay.

CHILDREN WILL NOT BE ADMITTED FOR THE FIRST THREE DAYS OF THE RACE MEETING: MEMBERS REQUIRING TICKETS FOR THEIR CHILDREN FOR THE 4th DAY MAY OBTAIN SAME ON APPLICATION TO THE UNDERSIGNED.

Tickets giving admission to the Guests' Enclosure, Pari-Mutuel and Stand may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

PRICES

For the four days ....$20 each
For one day only .....$ 5 each

NOTE.—No Guest's Ticket will be issued unless the name of the Guest is first declared. It is particularly requested that all applications should be forwarded to the Secretary before 5 p.m. on Friday, 2nd November.

BADGES GIVING ADMISSION TO THE UNRESERVED PART OF THE ENCLOSURE MAY BE OBTAINED FROM MESSRS. KELLY & WALSH, LTD., OR AT THE PUBLIC ENTRANCE GATE, No. 14 MOHAWK ROAD.

PRICES

For the four days .....$6 each
For one day only .....$2 each

TIFFIN AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE AT THE COURSE.

For Members in the Grand Stand.

For Guests in the Guests' Tiffin Room.

For the Public in the Public Refreshment Rooms.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary,
Shanghai Race Club.

63038

TRY OUR SERVICES:

leave your Hat with us wear-begrimed and old, and we will send it to you in a couple of days thoroughly renovated and ALMOST New. You'll be surprised. Ring up North-527 or send your hat by chit book to me

V. D. Alobog, Manager
"LA UNION"—Hat Renovators
PD-3206 Haining Road
(NEAR Chapoo Road)
Telephone North-527

62700

UNION BUILDING

TO LET, Offices on Third Floor and Fourth Floor of above Building. For further particulars apply to:—

Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd.
4 The Bund.

63047 N3

Memorial Service

RUSSIAN Church [Greek Orthedox] N. Honan Rd. Today 28th Oct. at 10 a.m. All friends of the late G. Calavitis.

53058

Pioneer Chiropractor in the Orient

Dr. P. S. Kawaguchi
D. C., PH. C.
Palmer Graduate

Office Hours: 9 a.m. to 12, 2 to 5.15 p.m. Except Sundays. Tel. C. 3922, 71 Szechuen Road. Licentiate of the States of Iowa, North Dakota, Washington and also Japan.

62289

ELEPHANT HEAD BEER

ELEPHANT HEAD BEER

GARNER QUELCH & CO. LTD.
Sole Importers
Tel. C. 2021

Chinese Government Railways.

Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Line.

TENDER FOR RAILS AND FASTENINGS.

The Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway Administration invites tenders for the supply of Rails and Fastenings. Firms desirous of tendering may obtain Specifications and drawings on application in writing to the Chief Storekeeper, Shanghai North Station.

62502

I have resumed practice as attorney and counsellor-at-law at 22, Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

JOSEPH W. RICE.

62985 O 28

Bargain. Six new British made Machine Lathes. Six feet Bed with Gap. Best offer accepted. Apply to Box 695, THE CHINA PRESS. 62984 O-28

Turkish Bath and Massage Establishment

In connection with
High Class Restaurant
SUKIYAKI a specialty
10 Seward Road Tel. No. 3253.
PROF. J. K. SETO, PROP.

The Business heretofore carried on by The Shanghai Building Co., Inc. will be continued under the name of

The Shanghai Building Co., Federal Inc. U. S. A.

By order of the Board of Directors,

EDWARD BELL,
Secretary & General Manager.

62871 O-28

The British Flower Shop

beg to announce that their shipment of

Dutch Bulbs

of the highest grade

Arriving per S.S. "Katori Maru"

will be on sale Tuesday next

Hyacinths, Tulips, Daffodils, Crocus, etc., etc.,

Guaranteed Oak Leaf Mould, Old Stable Manure and Patent Syringes

62963

DANCING

Mde. Kelvey's School of dancing Professional teacher of Modern, Classical, Clog, Ballet and Toe dancing, Classes held at New Carlton, Children Thursday and Saturday 3 till 5 p.m., Young Ladies classical dancing Wednesdays, 5:30 till 7 p.m., Ladies and Gentlemen's classes (latest modern dancing) Tuesday and Friday, 5:30 till 7:30 p.m. Private lessons also given. Write for appointment Mde. Kelvey, Box 1006, Ch. P. O. Tele. North 4085.

62209

Dr. J. Podpakh, M.D.

GERMAN UNIVERSITY

Specialist in female diseases, internal diseases, venereal and skin diseases. Hours from 3 to 5 p.m. except Saturday and holidays. 14 Kiukiang Road. Esra. Building.

Tel. C. 434

THEY ALL PREFER IT TO ANY OTHER
New machines, latest Models (No. 10) with 10" Carriage and All Accessories $205 00
Special Prices to Schools and Missions
12", 14", 18" and 20" Carriage Machines in Stock

ROYAL

The OFFICE APPLIANCE Co.
Exclusive Sales Agents
22 Nanking Road, Shanghai

JAVA SEAAND FIRE INSURANCE CO. LD.
3 EZRA ROAD SHANGHAI J. H. H. SWART, Act. Mgr.
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1861
FIRE, MARINE & MOTOR CAR INSURANCE
A. KOOYMAN,
Manager,
Phone, Central:
70 General Office, 2335 Compradore, 3870 General Manager

NOTICE

N. Y. K.

PASSENGER TICKET AND ENQUIRY OFFICE
(Corner The Bund and Nanking Road)
PALACE HOTEL
to be Opened on
MONDAY, OCTOBER 15TH, 1923
Telephone Central 680

62725

Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai

NOTICE

MUNICIPAL LOAN, OF 1923

8.000 debentures of Tls. 100 each (issued at Tls. 97 each)

Rate of interest 6% per annum

The "Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai" hereby invite subscriptions for 8.000 debentures of Tls. 100 each, issued at Tls. 97 each according to the resolution passed at their General Meeting on the 14th May 1923.

The conditions on which the Debenture Certificates will be issued are:

1°.—The Debenture Certificates are transferable, and the person whose name is entered in the Register of Debenture Certificate or Certificates, shall alone be recognised and treated by the Council as the lawful and rightful holder and owner of such Debenture Certificate or Certificates.

2°.—The Debentures will be issued at Tls. 97 each

3°.—The Debentures will be redeemable at par (Tls. 100 each) in not less than 10 years and not more than 30 years, from 1st December 1923 and according to the figures determinated by the Council.

4°.—The Debentures will bear interest at 6% per annum, payable on the 31st day of May and 30th day of November in each year, when interest warrants will be issued to the registered owners.

5°.—The Debenture Certificates will be issued and bear interest from 1st July 1923.

6°.—Applications for Debentures will be received at the Secretary's Office, Rue du Consulat, from June 20 next.

A cheque representing the amount of debentures asked for and payable on June 30th must be deposited at the same time.

7°.—Applications for Debentures under 97 will not be recognised by the Council.

8°.—For further informations, apply to Mr. P. Legendre, Secretary, French Municipal Council.

Shanghai, 31st May 1923.

By Order,

P. LEGENDRE
Secretary.

62884

Business and Official Notices

"Allenbury's" Foods for Infants

SEND for pamphlet on Infant Feeding and read for yourself why a graduated system of Infant Food is more satisfactory than Dried Milk, Cow's Milk or Cow's Milk and Water.

ALLEN & HANBURYS, LD., Shanghai.

Dr. LIONEL H. LYONS

D. C., PH. C. (Palmer Graduate)

AMERICAN CHIROPRACTOR

Most Advanced drugless method of treating

COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA NEURITIS, LUMBAGO, CHRONIC DISEASES, and other diseases which do not yield to medicine.

9 a.m. to 12, 2 to 5 p.m.
Tel. C. 411
Chung Foo Bank Bldg. 25 Jinkee Road.

52148

NOTICE

FROM the 1st of October, 1923 I shall take over the practice of Dr. Franek specialist in venereal and skin diseases.

Office: Corner Museum and Balfour Roads.

Office hours 11-1 and 4-30-6 p.m.

Dr. Korec, M. D.

OFFICES TO LET

IN THE
GLEN LINE BUILDING
Corner of Peking Road and The Bund
For particulars apply to
Messrs. ALGAR & CO., LTD.
11 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

54808

Order from Your Bookseller
THE CHINA YEAR BOOK
1923
EDITED BY
H.G.W. WOODHEAD, C.B.E.
PRICE $12.50
An Encylopaedia of Information Regarding China

DR. R. HOLPER, M. D.

French University
SPECIALIST IN VENEREAL, URINARY & SKIN DISEASES.
Office Hours: 11-1 & 4-6
or by appointment. Tel. C. 724
15 NANKING ROAD
(Amer-Oriental Bank Building)

65641

SAVE YOUR OLD CLOTHES

by Chemical Cleaning and Dyeing

S. WULFF & Co.

will give you the best service and attention

EVERY BODY WILL ASSURE YOU THAT THIS IS A FACT

Office at 211a Szechuen Road near Ningpo Road. Tel. C. 2284

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
1st Floor

China Press Want—Ads. Bring Results

NOTICE

We recommend and guarantee all kinds of House or Office Servants; Cooks, Amahs, Boys, Coolies, etc., etc. Also Japanese amahs with good English.

Call on us, or write us.

HONGKEW EMPLOYMENT BUREAU
789, Woosung Road

63026 O 28

NOTICE

Lost one bill of lading No. 143 calling for 19 pkgs Chee Zee, marked H. ex s.s. "Shuntien," voyage No. 1096, from Tientsin. The public is hereby warned against negotiation of same.

YUE SHUN KUNG
YUE WO YUEN

62998 O 28

DOCTOR HELFENSTEIN M.D. SPECIALIST in venereal, urinary, female, skin, internal diseases and sex disorders. Office hours: 10-12½ and 4-6½, or by appointment, 25 Jinkee Road (Chung Foo Building). Tel. C. 7092, Residence 106, Bubbling Well Road. Tel. W. 1858.

The Italian Garage
Phone W. 8240
181 Avenue Foch
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS

Chinese Government Railways
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

Notification No. 337.
Train Services (194-55).

The public is hereby notified that, under instructions of the Ministry of Communications, commencing on and from 1st November, 1923, the timings for Mail and Express Trains will be altered as follows:

Express Train No. 1.	Mail Train No. 3.				Express Train No. 2.	Mail Train No. 4.
9.05		dep.	Peking	arr.	14.20	
12.30		arr.	Tientsin East	dep.	10.55	
13.00	9.35	dep.	Tientsin East	arr.	10.25	15.42
13.10	9.45	arr.	Tientsin Central	dep.	10.15	15.38
13.20	10.06	dep.	Tientsin Central	arr.	10.05	15.23
16.22	13.40	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	7.19	12.05
19.13	16.46	dep.	Techow	dep.	4.52	9.17
21.47	19.35	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	2.04	5.58
21.57	19.50	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	1.54	5.38
0.15	22.17	dep.	Taianfu	dep.	0.01	3.24
2.19	0.41	arr.	Yenchowfu	dep.	21.36	0.53
2.34	1.01	dep.	Yenchowfu	arr.	21.16	0.32
5.13	3.58	dep.	Lincheng	dep.	18.51	21.50
6.41	5.45	arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep.	17.08	19.45
6.51	6.00	dep.	Hsuchowfu	arr.	16.53	19.32
10.11	10.38	arr.	Pengpu	dep.	13.28	15.21
10.21	10.48	dep.	Pengpu	arr.	13.18	15.07
14.38	16.02	arr.	Pukow	dep.	8.50	10.00

By Order
THE TRAFFIC Manager.

Tientsin, October 22, 1923. 62973 N 2

MUNICIPAL ORCHESTRA
TOWN HALL
Tuesday, October 30, at 9.15 p.m.
FIRST SUBSCRIPTION SYMPHONY CONCERT
with Augmented Orchestra.
PROGRAMME INCLUDES:
Overture "The Magic Flute" Mozart
Tone Poem "Death and Transfiguration" Strauss
"Symphony No. 4 in F minor" Tschaikowsky
Vocal numbers with
SOLOIST: Mrs. R. M. VANDERBURGH (Soprano)
ADMISSION (per concert) $1. Subscription fee for the series of 10 Concerts $7.50

63018 O 28

CORNS NON EST.

Beamaye Cure Guaranteed.
Undefiable, Reliable, Inexpensive.

This is not brought Ten Thousand Miles for profit, but because the Importer proved its Efficacy and is assured mankind may be rid of

A CIVILISATION CURSE BY ITS USE.

Cost 50 cents only

Obtainable from all Chemists or through Chemists from

The British Manufacturers Agency, Ltd.
21 Jinkee Road.

62560 N 8

Come and Inspect our
Bath Towels and Bath Robes.

Bath robe prices ranging from $3 to $10 each. Bath Towel prices ranging from $5.50 to $44 per dozen. Our materials are absolutely of the best, and prices are cheaper by 50% in comparison with other goods of the same quality obtainable elsewhere.

SEAN YOU ZOO & CO., LTD.
P425, Nanking Road, Telephone C. 7485.

59171

OFFICE TO LET on the third and fourth floors 50 Avenue Edward VII Modern Building, MODERATE RENTAL includes elevators, light, steam heating, and water. Please apply THE CHINESE COTTON GOODS EXCHANGE, LTD., 50 Avenue Edward VII.

59118 S 8

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India Australia and China

Incorporated in England by Royal Charter 1853

Capital $2,000,000
Reserve Fund $2,000,000
Reserve Liabilities $2,000,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate London, E. C.
Shanghai Branch: 12 The Bund

Court of Directors
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner Chairman.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.,
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
Sir William Henry Neville Goschen, K.B.E.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
The Right Honourable Sir John Newell Jordan, G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., K.C.B.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq. M.P.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace Esq.
Colin Frederick Campbell, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City and Midland Bank Limited.
Westminster Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.
The Nation Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Alor Star (Kedah)	Haiphong	Peking
Amritsar	Hongkong	Penang
Bangkok	Hollo	Puket
Batavia	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bombay	Karachi	Saigon
Calcutta	Kiang	Samarang
Canton	Kobe	Seremban
Cawnpore	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Singapore
Colombo	Manila	Sourabaya
Delhi	Medan	Taiping
Hankow	New York	Tavoy
	Zamboanga	Tientsin
		Yokohama

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travellers' Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking business undertaken.

C. J. SCOTT,
Manager

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger S. A.

(Affiliated to the Societe Generale de Belgique.)

	Frs.
Capital (subscribed)	100,000,000
Capital (paid up)	75,000,000
Reserves	21,852,280

Head office: Brussels
Branches and Agencies at:
LONDON, MANCHESTER, PARIS, NEW YORK, BUCHAREST, BRAILA, COLOGNE, CAIRO, ALEXANDRIA, PEKING, SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW.

Allied Banks:
BANCO DE CARTAGENA, MADRID, with Branches in SPAIN and MOROCCO
WIENER BANK-VEREIN, VIENNA, with Branches in AUSTRIA, HUNGARIA, ITALY (TYROL), YUGOSLAVIA, POLAND and RUMANIA
ALLGEMEINER BOEHMISCHER BANK-VEREIN, PRAGUE, with Branches in CZECHO-SLOVAKIA
BANQUE FRANCO-BELGE DE BULGARIE S. A., SOFIA.
LANDESBANK FUER BOSNIEN UND HERCEGOVINA, SERAJEVO, with Branches in YUGOSLAVIA.

Correspondents in all parts of the world.
Every description of banking business transacted.

A. DONNAY
Manager.

行業銀業實川慈
The Chekiang Industrial Bank Ltd.

Established 1908
(Member of the Shanghai Bankers' Association)

Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $420,000.00

Head Office: 14 Hankow Road, Shanghai.
Branches: Hankow and Hangchow.
Domestic Agencies:
In the principal cities throughout China.
Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Rotterdam, New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Hamburg, Berlin, Tokyo, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodate, Seoul, Fusan and Hongkong
Banking Department, Foreign Department and Savings Department.

LI MING,
General Manager

Tel. C. 7139, Manager's Office.
C. 7131 to 7134, General Office.
Cable Address:
"CHEKIANGBANK," Shanghai

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Authorised Capital ..$50,000,000
Issued & fully paid-up $ 20,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling .....£ 4,500,000
Silver $24,500,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....$ 20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG.
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. A. O. Lang, Chairman.
D. G. M. Bernard, Esq. Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
G. M. Dodwell, Esq.
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
W. L. Pattenden Esq.
J. A. Plummer Esq.
N. L. Watson, Esq.
W. P. White, Esq.
CHIEF MANAGER:
Hongkong:
Hon. Mr. A. G. STEPHEN.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Harbin	Peking
Bangkok	Iloilo	Penang
Batavia	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bombay	Johore	Saigon
Calcutta	Kobe	S. Francisco
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Chefoo	London	Singapore
Colombo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Dairen	Malacca	Sungei-Patani
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Haiphong	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hamburg	New York	Vladivostock
Hankow	Yokohama	

London Bankers:
The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12 The Bund
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities and every description of banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America

G. H. STITT.
Manager

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,200
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head Office:
Paris, 9 Rue Boudreau
London Office:
64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie and Co.
Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Paris: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano
Rome: Banco di Roma.
New York: Irving Bank—Columbia Trust Company.
San Francisco: The Crocker National Bank of San Francisco.

BRANCHES IN ASIA

Chanchun	Harbin	Shanghai
Chefoo	Hongkong	Peking
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
Hailar	Kashgar	Yokohama
Hankow	Newchwang	Urumtchi

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars. Terms on application. Local Bills discounted.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES.
L. Jezierski.
P. Petithuguenin.
Ch. Bleuler.
Managers for Branches in Asia.

Bank of Communications

(Specially authorised and made a National Bank by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914 and October 31st, 1915)
Capital: Dollars 20,000,000.00
President: Hon. Mr. Chang Chien.
Vice-President: Mr. Chien Yung-Ming.
HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement. Credit granted on approved securities. Special Facilities for Transfers to all parts of China.
SHANGHAI BRANCH:
14 The Bund
Shen Chu Han, Manager.
T. D. Woo, Sub-Manager.
S. T. Huang, Sub-Manager.
S. Z. Yen, Sub-Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1.00 will be received.
Not more than $200 will be received during one month from any single Depositor.
Interest at the rate of 3½ % per annum will be allowed upon the monthly minimum balance.
The maximum balance on which interest will be allowed is $5,000.00.
Deposits may be withdrawn on Demand. Accounts will be kept either in Dollars or Taels, Local Currency, at the option of the Depositor.
Depositors will be presented with Pass Books, in which all transaction will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.
OFFICE HOURS. 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturdays, 10 a.m. to noon.

The Bank Of Canton, Ltd.

Incorporated 1912.
Capital Authorised ..$1,200,000-0-0
Capital Paid-up $1,066,520-0-0
Reserve Fund H. K. $800,000.00

HEAD OFFICE:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

OFFICES:
Shanghai, New York, Canton and Bangkok.

SHANGHAI OFFICE:
No. 1 and 2 Ningpo Road.

AGENCIES:

Honolulu	San Francisco	Kobe
London	Sourabaya	Java
Manila	Singapore	Canada
Yokohama	Samarang	etc.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
We shall open our Savings Department beginning on February 21st, 1923. Favorable terms given. Savings deposits are cordially invited.

WONG WEN KUANG,
Manager.

The Chinese American Bank of Commerce

Authorised Captial
U. S. $10,000,000
Paid Capital U. S... $ 5,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING

Branches:

HANKOW	SHANGHAI
MANILA	SHIHKIACHWANG
HARBIN	TIENTSIN
PEKING	TSINANFU

Correspondents all over the World
Every kind of banking business transacted.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
The Chinese American Bank of Commerce is prepared to open Savings Accounts in local $, Taels G.$, £, Frs. and Yen on very favorable terms. Prospectus will be mailed on request.

SHANGHAI OFFICE:
11A Nanking Road.
Telephone C. 5841, 5842, 5843
Telegraphic address: Sinambank.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Subscribed Capital 72,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital 68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund (1-6-23) .. 69,500,000.00

Head Office:
No. 96 Boulevard Hancomann, Paris.

Branches and Agencies:

Saigon	Hanoi	Tourane
Haiphong	Hankow	Tientsin
Peking	Canton	Mengtze
Hongkong	Pondichery	Bangkok
Singapore	Shanghai	Noumea
Papeete	Djibouti	Yunnanfu
Pnom-Penh	Battambang	

London Bankers:
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris—Credit Lyonnais.

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all Banking and Exchange operations; grants credits on goods and approved securities; opens current and fixed deposit accounts in taels and francs according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus
U.S. $10,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits ..... U.S. $10,504,280
Owned by the National City Bank of New York.

HEAD OFFICE:
60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
LONDON OFFICE:
36 BISHOPSGATE, E.C.

BRANCHES

Barcelona	Manila
Batavia	Panama
Bombay	Peking
Calcutta	Rangoon
Canton	San Francisco
Cebu	Santo Domingo
Colon	Shanghai
Dairen	Singapore
Hankow	Soerabaya
Harbin	Tientsin
Hongkong	Tokio
Kobe	Yokohama
Madrid	

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts and Savings Bank accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

We are also able to offer our Customers the services of the Branches of the National City Bank of New York in the principal countries of South America and in the West Indies.

N. S. MARSHALL, Manager.
1A Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital $19,760,100.00
Reserve Fund $ 9,063,545.41

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking
etc.,	etc.,	etc.

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Berlin, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka and Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
12 The Bund
Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappy

(Netherlands Trading Society)
Established 1824

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 19,769,181 about £1,647,432)
Special Reserve: Guilders 32,660,000 (about £2,888,333).

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Pekalongan
Bandoeng	Palembang
Bombay	Penang
Calcutta	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerakarta
Kobe	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Tegal
Makassar	Tjilatjap
Medan	Welteyreden
Padang	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.
The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.
Shanghai Interest Allowed on current taal accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

E. J. HERBSCHLEB,
Agent.

Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1916)

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital $1,500,000.00
Reserve Fund $200,000.00

SHANGHAI BRANCH
27 Jinkee Road
Telegraphic Address "CHUNGFOO"
Telephone Numbers ..... C. 1529 Manager's Office. C. 6465) C. 6469) General Office. C. 6470) C. 5620 T. T. Department.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN CHINA

TIENTSIN	Changsha	Hsuchow	Shasi
SHANGHAI	Chenteh	Ichang	Soochow
PEKING	Chengchow	Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu
HANKOW	Chinkiang	Nanking	Wusieh
Antung	Fengtien	Ningpo	Wuhu
Canton	Hangchow	Pengpu	Yangchow
Changchun	Hongkong	Shaoshing	

FOREIGN AGENCIES AND CORRESPONDENTS

Baltimore	Cincinnati	Montreal	San Francisco
Berlin	Cleveland	New York	Seattle
Boston	Detroit	Osaka	St. Louis
Buffalo	Kobe	Philadelphia	Tokio
Ceylon	London	Pittsburgh	Washington
Chicago	Manila	Paris	Yokohama

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in taels, dollars, and other currencies according to arrangement. Savings Deposits taken. All kinds of Trust Business undertaken.
Safe Deposit Boxes.
Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. Sun, Manager,
T. D. Lee, Sub-Manager.

The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.

MEMBER OF THE SHANGHAI BANKERS' ASSOCIATION

Head Office: 9 Ningpo Road, Shanghai.

Capital paid up $2,500,000.00
Reserve ... ... $ 470,000.00

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits. Credits granted on approved securities.

K. P. CHEN
General Manager

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Capital Fully Paid Up $2,500,000.00
Reserved Fund $850,823.30

Head Office: Shanghai:—Peking & Kiangse Roads.
Manager's Office Cen. 2650.
Telephones: General Office Cen. 2613, 2614 and 2615.
Foreign Exchange Dept. C. 7413.
Branches: Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden, Harbin.
Foreign Correspondents: London, New York, San Francisco, Paris, Berlin, Zurich, Hamburg, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, and Osaka. Domestic Correspondents at all principal cities in China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, and Yen.
Interest allowed on Deposit at call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS 4% PER ANNUM
Every description of banking business transacted.
MODERN SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT

If you have business in the Far East—

The kind of a bank you need to help you is one whose business is exclusively of the Far East—

A BANK whose name and reputation will win the respect and confidence of your customers—a bank that is versed in the methods of the East: that knows its customs and markets—a bank that is your experienced business counselor as well as your financial agent.

Such a Bank is the

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION

ORGANISED and managed by the officers and directors of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, it will give you the same prestige abroad and the same personal service that distinguishes the parent organisation—with the added convenience of a separate bank devoted exclusively to Oriental business.

Call at our New York or Shanghai Offices, and let us tell you how we can help you.

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION
37 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
SHANGHAI OFFICE: 6 KIUKIANG ROAD
Capital Surplus and Undivided Profits U.S. $2,850,000
CENTRAL 7944. A. E. SCHUMACHER, Manager

行業銀工
Head Office: Hongkong. Branch Office: Hankow.

The Industrial & Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch
51 KIANGSE ROAD

Every description of banking transacted. Correspondents in China and abroad.
Telegraphic Address: "KONGSHAN."
Tel. Nos. C.3304, 5316 and 6553.

CHU KINHOW, Manager.
Shanghai Branch.

行業銀業實華中
The Bank of East Asia Ltd.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
No. 10 Kiukiang Road.

Authorised Capital $10,000,000.00
Paid up Capital $5,000,000.00
Reserved Fund H.K. $500,000.00
HEAD OFFICE: Hongkong.
BRANCHES: Canton, Saigon.
LONDON BANKERS: London Joint City and Midland Bank.
Correspondents in all principal cities of the world. All kinds of banking business transacted.
Interest allowed on current deposits and fixed deposits.
Loans granted on Approved securities.

R. CHENG,
Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI.

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On fixed deposits:—
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

行業銀業商華東
Oriental Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Authorised Capital .. $5,000,000
Paid up Capital $2,500,000
Head Office: Hongkong
Branches: Canton, Bangkok.
Correspondents in all principal cities of the world. Every description of modern banking and exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on current deposits and fixed deposits.
Credits granted on approved securities.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
Special Savings Department for ladies in charge of Chinese ladies well educated and experienced in modern banking.
Bankers.
New York National City Bank, Westminster Foreign Bank (London),
Union Trust Co., of S. Francisco
The Canton Bank of S. Francisco

L. C. WAI,
Manager.

36 Kiangse Road.

SINO-ITALIAN BANK

Aut. Cap. Silver Dollars. 4,800,000
Aut. Cap. Gold It. Lire 16,000,000
Paid up Capital .. Silver $1,200,000
Paid up Cap. Gold It. Lire 4,000,000
Reserves ..... Silver $150,000
Head Office: Shanghai.
Branches:
Hankow, Peking, Shasi, Tientsin.
Bankers:
Italy: Credito Italiano.
England: Credito Italiano, National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ld., Glyn Mills and Currie.
France: Banque Francaise et Italienne pour l'Amerique du Sud Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Banque Italo Belge.
United States: Credito Italiano Equitable Trust Company.
Canada: Canadian Bank of Commerce.
South America: Banca Italo Belga, Switzerland: Banca Unione di Credito.
Banque Commerciale de la Baie.
Len and Co.'s Bank.
Banca Unione de Credito.
Belgium—Credit General Liegeois
Current, fixed and savings accounts carried in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, U. S. Gold, Italian Lire, Francs and other currencies. Terms on application.
General banking business transacted. Special facilities for Italian exchange.
Telegraphic Address: SINO SHANGHAI, No. 16 Kiukiang Road.
Tel. C. Nos. 5090 and 5091.
Managers' Office Central 5094.

C. MARMONT,
CHIN YU SHU,
General Managers.

Steamers Arrived

Oct. 27, Yungshiu from Ningpo
Oct. 27, H. K'teen from Ningpo
Oct. 27, Kiangyung from Hankow
Oct. 27, Tachung from Foochow
Oct. 27, Kyokuto M. from C'tao
Oct. 27, Kutwo from Hankow
Oct. 27, Changsha from Hankow
Oct. 27, Kiangan from Hankow
Oct. 27, Fukwang from Ningpo
Oct. 27, Colmar from Cruise
Oct. 27, Porthos from Marseilles
Oct. 27, E. of Asia from Hongkong
Oct. 27, P. Jefferson from H'kong
Oct. 27, Memnon from Hankow
Oct. 27, Yushun from Tientsin

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on October 23, 1923.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	18-30
Mutton	"	18-36
Pork	"	30-40
Veal	"	24-32
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-20
Cod	"	16-20
Mandarin	"	30-40
Mackerel	"	18-30
Pomfret	"	none
Salmon	"	20-35
Samii	"	none
Soles	"	20-35
Whitebait	"	none
Game Poultry and Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-3.00
Eggs	per doz.	25-30
Fowl	per lb.	18-30
Hare	each	25-40
Partridge	"	none
Pheasant	"	80-$1.00
Geese	"	80-$1.00
Plover	"	none
Pigeons	"	18-20
Quail	"	14-16
Snipe	"	14-16
Teal	"	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	40-50
Woodcock	each	50-80
Wild Duck	"	35-40
Duck	"	50-80
Wild Pigeon	"	10-12
Fruits		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	"	20-25
Banana	"	7-8
Chestnuts	"	15-20
Cherries	per lb.	none
Cocoanuts	each	15-20
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	18-20
Grape fruit	each	20-25
Lemons	"	9-10
Lichees	per lb.	none
Oranges	per dozen	$1.20-$1.40
Peaches	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Melons	"	none
Mangosteens	per doz.	none
Persimmons	per lb.	8-10
Pears	"	12-14
Peshes	"	none
Plums	"	none
Pumeloes	each	20-25
Pineapples	"	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	"	18-20
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	4-5
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Broad Beans	per lb.	5-6
Cabbages	each	6-8
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Carrots	"	4-5
Cauliflower	each	50-60
Egg lant	per lb.	8-10
French Beans	"	5-7
Green Corn	"	2-3
Peas	"	8-10
Leeks	per bunch	5-6
Parsnips	"	4-6
Potatoes	per picul	$2.00-$2.20
Radishes	per punch	1-2
Onions	per lbs.	2-3
Spinach	"	4-5
Tomatoes	"	4-6
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain and Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	$4.25
Flour Shanghai	"	$4.00
Bran	per 114 lbs.	$3.10
Barley	"	$4.00
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$11.50
Milk		
Chinese dairies	per bottle	$0.28
Foreign dairies	"	$0.35
Fuel		
Fire Wood	per 40 bundles	$1.00
Stove Coal	per ton Tls.	19.50
House Coal	"	17.50

E. Kilner,
Chief Inspector.

Launch Services

TODAY

The last tender conveying passengers on board the C.P.R. s.s. Empress of Asia, for Vancouver will leave the Customs Jetty at 7:30 a.m.

Tuesday, October 30, 1923

The tender conveying passengers and hand baggage on board the P. and O. s.s. Caledonia, for London will leave the Customs Jetty at 12:30 p.m.

The tender conveying passengers and baggage on board the C.P.R. s.s. Empress of Australia, for Hongkong will leave the Customs Jetty at 5 p.m.

Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Closed

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	H.$1,120
Chartered	£20 B.
Russo-Asiatic	Nom
Marine Insurance	
Canton	H.$645 B.
North China	Tls. 138
Union of Canton	H.$230 B.
Yangtsze	H.$25¾ B.
Far Eastern Ins.	Tls. 22
Fire Insurance	
China Fire	H.$132 B.
Hongkong Fire	H.$495 B.
Shipping	
Indo-Ch'na Def.	H.$142½
Indo-China Pref.	H. $38½ B.
"Shell"	75/-
S'hai Tug ord.	Tls. 75 B.
S'hai Tug Pref.	Tls. 54 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 21¼ B.
Oriental Cons.	13/-
Raub	$4½ B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	H.$150½ B
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 91½ B.
New. Eng. Works	Tls. 7 B.
" Pref.	Tls. 5.35 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 193
Hongkong Wharf	H.$156½ S.
Lands and Hotels	
S'hai Hotel, Ltd.	$45 B.
S'hai Realty ord.	Tls. 50
China Realty Pref.	Tls. 50
A.-French Land.	Tls. 122 B.
Shanghai Land.	Tls. 122 B.
Carlton Ltd.	Tls. 53 S.
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 13¾ B.
E-wo (pref.)	Tls. 112 B.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 10
Oriental	Tls. 5.85 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 88 B.
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$232½ B.
Green Island	$26¼ S.
Langkats	Tls. 33 B.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 95 B.
Stores	
Hall and Holts	Tls. 6¾ B.
Llewelyn	Tls. 35 B.
Lane Crawford	Tls. 103½ B
Mourtrie	$00 B.
Watson	H.$22 B.
Weeks	$13
Rubbers (local)	
Alma	Tls. 7.15
Amherst	Tls. 0.60
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3.10 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 23
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 1.12½B
Bute	Tls. 0.85 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 1.15 B.
Ihemor United	Tls. 1.20 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7
Cheng	Tls. 1.55 B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2¾ B.
Dominion	Tls. 2.40
Gula Kalumpong	Tls 9 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 12½ B.
Kapaying	Tls. 12¾ B
Karan	Tls. 7 B.
Kedah	Tls. 1¼ B.
Koth Bahroe	Tls. 1.10 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 16 B.
Padang	Tls. 6.70 B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 1.32½
Permata	Tls. 3.30 B.
Repah	Tls. 0.95 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 0.90 B.
Seekees	Tls. 1.10 B.
Semambu	Tls. 1.42½B
Senawang	Tls. 1.20 B.
S'hai Klebang	Tls. 0.67½B
Shanghai Malay.	Tls. 4¼ B.
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 9½ B.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 0.95 B.
Sungala	Tls. 1.45 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 9 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3.60 B.
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.70 B.
Taiping	Tls. 0.67½B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.80 B.
Tebong	Tls. 1½ B.
Ziangbes	Tls. 3.65 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. & E. Lumber	Tls. 325
Culty Dairy	Tls. 12 B.
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 173 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 39 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 50
S'hai Mercury	Tls. 20 B.
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 73 B.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 180 S.

B. Sellers, Sa. Sales, B. Buyers

Money Exchange

Shanghai, October 27, 1923

Mex. Dollars market rate 72.2375
Native Interest 11
Copper Cash 251.000
Shanghai Gold Bar 338.80
Bar Silver 31⅛
Bank rate of Discount 4%
Paris on London 76.67
New York on London 449¾
London—
Telegraphic Transfer .. 3/0¾
Demand 3/0⅞
New York—
Telegraphic Transfer ... 69
Demand 69¼

OPENING RATES
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank
Open quotations 9:30 a.m.
BANKS SELLING RATES

London T.T. 3/0¾
London Demand 3/0⅞
London 4 m-s. 3/1
India T.T. 219¾
France T.T. 1180
America T.T. 68¾
Hongkong T.T. 74¼
Japan T.T. 71¾
Batavia T.T. 181½
Straits T.T. 76¾

BANKS' BUYING RATE

London 4 m-s. Credits 3/2¼
London 4 m-s. Docts 3/2½
London 6 m-s. Credits 3/2¾
London 6 m-s. Docts ..... —
France 4 m-s. 1240
America 4 m-s. L/c 72
Docs 72½

Gold Dollars: Bank Buying Rates
@ 70½ = Tls. 141.8
@ exch. 72.5 = Mex. $195.64
Sovereign Bank Buying Rate
@ 3s. 1⅞d. = Tls. 6.34
@ exch. 72.5 = Mex. $8.74

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR OCTOBER

Hk. Tls. 6.7	@ 3/1⅛	£1
Hk. Tls. 1.37	@ 70½	Gold $1
Hk. Tls. 1	@ 113.8	Fr. 13.35
Hk. Tls. 1	@ —	Marks —
Hk. Tls. 1	@ 69⅝	Yen 1.60
Hk. Tls. 1	@ 229⅛	Rupees 2.53
Hk. Tls. 1	@ —	Roubles —
Hk. Tls. 1	@ 1.50	Mex. $1.50
Hk. Tls. 1	@ 15⅝	Ital Lire 17.41

International Banking Corporation
CLOSING COUNTER RATES
Demand selling on America 69⅝
Demand buying on America 70½
Demand selling on London 3/1
Demand buying on London 3/1⅞

ROUBLE EXCHANGE
BANK'S BUYING RATE
Roubles 500,000 ... Tls. 100.
Roubles 100 ..... Mex. $0.03.

Chinese Government Bonds
(Supplied by Sing Tung & Co.)

	Friday.	Yes'day's.
3rd Year 6%	93.50	93.50
5th Year 6%	54.00	54.00
7th Year 6%	45.30	45.30
9th Year 6%	64.80	64.80
6% Consolidated	50.50	50.70
7% Consolidated	53.80	53.80
11th Year 8%	99.75	99.75
96 Millions 8%	17.00	16.70

SINO-ITALIAN BANK
Bank's Selling Rates
It. Lire 15.05 = 1 Tael
Swiss Frs. 3.84 = 1 Tael
It. Lire 10.75 = 1 Yen
Equivalent Foreign Quotations
It. Lire 99.40 = 1 Pound Sterling

Shanghai Sharebrokers Association
Business Done

Shanghai, October 27, 1923
OFFICIAL
October 26
Anglo Javas Tls. 7.25 Dec.
Kedahs Tls. 1.37½ March
October 27
Anglo Dutchs Tls. 3.25 Dec.

UNOFFICIAL
October 26
Anglo Javas Tls. 7.25 Dec.
October 27
Anglo Javas Tls. 7.50 March
Ewos (Ord.) Tls. 13.80 Cash
Kedahs Tls. 1.37½ March
Tls. 1.27½ Cash
Langkats Comb. Tls. 34.25 Dec.
Kaipings Tls. 21.25

Exchange Fluctuations

Asia Banking Corporation

October 27, 1923

Spot and forward bar silver were each up ⅛d. in London yesterday. The New York price advanced to 63¾ cents and the London-New York cross rate to 450¼.

The only changes in our official quotations here today were a rise in the Gold Dollar rate to 69, in the Yen rate to 72, a drop in the Franc to 1160 and in the Rupee rate to 217¾.

Our market here today while at the opening inclined to be easy, was on the whole steady. There were sellers of Sterling at 3s. 1⅛d. for October-November delivery, 3s. 1⅛d. December and 3s. 1d. January.

There were sellers of Gold Dollars at 69¾ for near and forward deliveries, and sellers of Yen at 70.

Banks were quoting 3s. 1⅛d., 71¼ and 1210 for Sterling, Gold Dollar and Franc bills respectively.

India bought silver in London yesterday and the market is reported as cosing steady. The New York market is also steady.

Share Market

In their weekly report on the Shanghai share market, Messrs. J. P. Bisset and Company write as follows:

The local share market has been more interesting during the past week and quotations at the close today generally show a slight improvement on Monday's opening prices. "Rubbers" are again in demand in smypathy with the improvement in the price for rubber in London and Singapore but prices offered are still not sufficiently attractive and sellers are asking 5/10 percent above today's quotations. "Cottons" have been a quiet market and it is not easy to get shares for cash or forward delivery at present prices offered.

London market quotations have gradually improved, except for Chinese Engineering and Mining Co., during the past week and the following are the latest prices offered to us by cable:—

Chinese Govt. 5 percent Reorg. Gold Loan 1913, B.I. £74.5.0 (Mean).

Chinese Govt. 5 percent Reorg. Gold Loan 1913, B.I. £74.5.0 (Mean).

Chinese Govt. 5 percent Reorg. Gold Loan 1913, G.I. £67.0.0 (Mean).

Chinese Govt. 5 percent Reorg. Gold Loan 1913, R.I. £66.10.0 (Sellers).

Chinese Engineering and Mining Co., "B" £3.7.0 (Mean).

Gula Kalumpong Rubber Estates, Ltd., £1.10.10 (Mean).

Shell Transport and Trading Co., Ltd., "B" £3.14.6 (Mean).

Cotton Reports

In their weekly report on the Shanghai Cotton market, Messrs. A. B. Rosenfeld and Son write as follows:

China Cotton.—The market has been active during the past week and a further material advance has been established, with a more general interest on the part of the outside public which freely enlisted on the Bull side, while among the more professional element the improvement in values has induced the liquidation of a good deal of long cotton. The demand for actual cotton has been very good on the part of local Spinners and Japanese exporters, who are being influenced by the continuance of rise in Mid-Americans and Indians.

In summing up the situation, it seems to us that looking at the question of supply and demand, we fail to see any reason to depart from our former opinion, and we still consider a higher level of prices warranted by the legitimate surroundings.

Yarn.—The yarn market has been keeping steady during the past week with a slight weakness showing at the close, but, with the interior marts bare of stock we feel that a reaction towards higher prices is due in the early future.

SPUNT'S REPORT

Messrs. J. Sunt and Company write as follows in their weekly report on the cotton market:

China Cotton.—The receipts from the interior marts of the better grades of Cotton showed no improvement in respect of increase in quantity, during the past week, and prices, though fluctuatively, may be said to have advanced by Tls. 1.00 per picul higher than the level last current, with a tendency at the close to firmness bordering on further advances, which may be influenced more by the gradually enhanced yarn values, the increasing strength in Mid-Americans and Indians than by any immediate pressure of demand on the part of local spinners. The firmness in the rates on the local staple at this early stage of the season is also ascribable, on the one hand, to holders in the interior, determined to induce higher prices for their stocks and on the other, to an inherent feeling that the 1923-24, crop is on the whole inadequate to fully meet the requirements of the spindleage operating in China. In reviewing the current situation the indications are that purchases even at current prices, will ultimately prove profitable. Tone of the market, firm.

H. S. Honigsberg & Co. Inc.
Phone W 1234,
40, Bubbling Well Road
WE SELL
TEXACO MOTOR OILS

Hankow Market

The British Chamber of Commerce of Hankow write as follows in their weekly circular dated Hankow, October 17.

Bar Silver 31⅝ ready 31 3-16 forward on the 11th Oct. dropped steadily all the week and closed at 31⅜—31 1-16 on the 17th. New York London Cross Rate dropped practically all the week from 455 on the 11th to 453⅝ on the 17th. T.T. dropped from 3-1⅜ to 3-1½ on the 12th and remained steady at that rate. 4 m.s. which were placed at 3/2 9-16 on the 11th, could be done at 3-2⅝ at the close after being done at 3/2 5-16 between times. Market rate: Shanghai taels 96.375. Local currency $70.8. Native interest 10 percent.

Imports Piece Goods:—Market quiet with little demand. Clearances of whites greys and blacks have improved.

Yarn:—Market strong. Prices have advanced to Shanghai levels. Stocks short. Clearances brisk.

Exports:—Demand from home continues slow and the volume of actual business transacted is very small. Locally, the market for sesamum seed and cotton has advanced further and prices now quoted are far above home values. China grass generally has declined, whilst wood oil is steady at around Tls. 30, one or two parcels having changed hands at about this price. The effects of the troubles in Hunan and Szechuen are being felt more and more and business from these quarters is becoming very difficult indeed.

Analysis of exports for week ending October 12:

Cow hides to Shanghai 102, China ports 45 and Japan 708 piculs.

Buffalo hides to Shanghai 79 piculs.

China grass to Shanghai 698, China ports 1,993, Belgium 462 and Japan 3,117 piculs.

Vegetable tallow to Shanghai 1,058 and China ports 617 piculs.

Animal tallow to Shanghai 43 piculs.

Gall nuts to Shanghai 8 and China ports 8 piculs.

Raw cotton to Shanghai 35,257, China ports 1,543 and Japan 1,675 piculs.

Bristles to Shanghai 60, United Kingdom 50, Germany 50 and Japan 18 piculs.

Sesamum seed to Shanghai 4,177, China ports 816 and Germany 3,360 piculs.

Beans to Shanghai 7,786, China ports 2,739 and Japan 1,656 piculs.

Peas to Shanghai 150 piculs.

Sesamum seed oil to Shanghai 8 and China ports 141 piculs.

Groundnut oil to China ports 30 piculs.

Wood oil to Shanghai 3,074, China ports 1,215 and America 9,862 piculs.

Tea oil to Shanghai 241, China ports 172 and Japan 270 piculs.

Hen albumen, to Shanghai 96, and United Kingdom 175 piculs.

Henyolk to Shanghai 793, United Kingdom 168, France 168 and Belgium 42 piculs.

Tea black to Shanghai 753, China ports 45 and United Kingdom 1,992 piculs.

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Today's Quotations
Shanghai, October 27, 1923
OFFICIAL
H. & S. Banks Hk. $1,110.00
Shanghai Loans Tls. 7.00
Kota Bahroes Tls. 1.10
Union Insurance Hk. $232.50
Shanghai Lands Tls. 122.00
UNOFFICIAL
Union Insurance Hk. $232.50
Samagagas Tls. 0.90
S. M. C. 7% Debs. 1920 Tls. 106.00
Telephones Tls. 73.50
Oriental Cotton Tls. 6.00
Tanah Merah Tls. 0.82½ Dec.

DON'T RUB—ERADICATE
The Wrong and The Right Ways With Rheumatism.

When Rheumatism clutches do not waste time on liniments—and rubbing the trouble to another part—but root it out by eliminating from the blood the uric acid poison which is its cause.

To do this you need the best blood medicine modern Science knows — in other words Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills have cured thousands of Rheumatic sufferers, many of them afflicted with Rheumatism in its worst forms, during the past five-and-thirty years. They are curing it still, every day, in all parts of the world, and they do this simply by dispelling the poisonous acid from the blood stream, and by making new, red, health-renewing blood at every dose.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by medicine vendors everywhere, and by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 60 Kiangse Road, Shanghai 1 bottle for $1.50, 6 for $8 post free. Let yours be the next cure, and begin it today with

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS

Asia Banking Corporation

Capital, fully paid, G$4,000,000

An American Bank rendering complete service for trade with the Orient and all other parts of the world.

This Bank is a depository of the United States Government and is therefore prepared to cash UNREGISTERED War Savings Certificates of the 1918 Series.

HEAD OFFICE:
35 Broadway, New York

HEAD OFFICE FOR THE ORIENT:
Shanghai

G.A. TISDALL, *General Manager in the Orient*
R. BUCHAN, *Manager.*

Corner of Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads.

TELEPHONE Central 1324

BRANCHES

Shanghai	Hongkong	Manila
Yokohama	Canton	Hankow
Peking	Tientsin	San Francisco

Every Morning at Breakfast take a draught of SANATOGEN

This will give you that extra nerve-energy which makes you feel "fit" and fresh all day *and it will save you from Heat prostration*

SANATOGEN in the morning means a better day's work—means that you feel brighter, fresher, and keener all day, in spite of the exhausting heat, while your powers of resistance to typhoid, cholera, dysentery and nervous disorders will be enormously increased.

TRY IT!

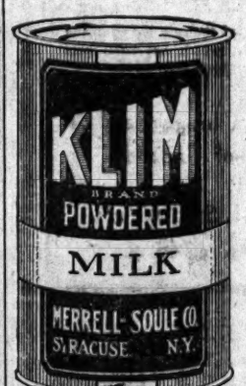
SANATOGEN'S power to increase nerve-energy has been definitely proved, in the words of Sir Charles A. Cameron. C.B., M.D., etc. President of the Royal Institute of Public Health:—

Sanatogen is an excellent nerve-food of the highest nutritive value, easily and completely digested.

GET A BOTTLE TO-DAY
ALL CHEMISTS SELL SANATOGEN

Never forget that Sanatogen is a *food*, not a medicine or a "secret remedy." It increases nerve-energy by *feeding* the nerves—not by goading them with drugs or stimulants. Its action is as *natural* as that of any ordinary food: it must do good, and it cannot do harm. That is why doctors give it even to babies. And that is why so many Europeans in the East take Sanatogen regularly, all the year round—not as an occasional "tonic," but as a part of their daily diet. You should do likewise, if you want to keep your nerve-energy at the highest pitch, and to avoid the debilitating effects of the great heat

SANATOGEN
THE GENUINE FOOD-TONIC
Agents: Melchers China Corp.,
19 Kiukiang Road
Shanghai



KLIM WHOLE POWDERED MILK

1, 2½ and 5 pound tins.

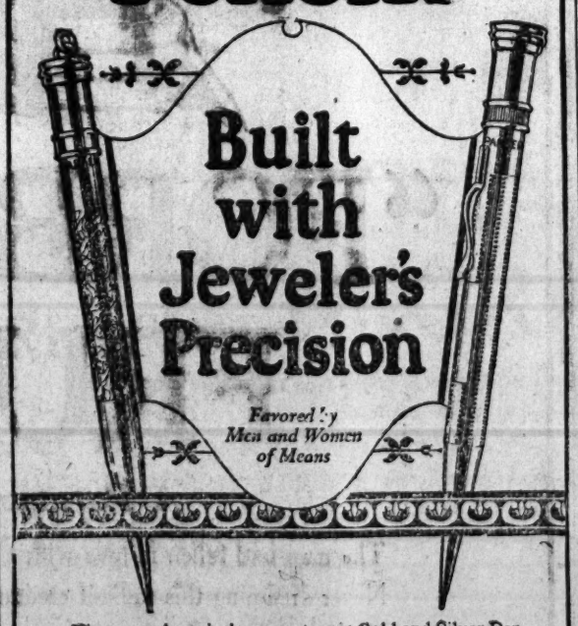
Chemical analysis shows Klim Milk to contain all the ingredients of fresh whole milk

One pound will make ten pints of Rich Pure Liquid Milk. Used for all purposes.

GETZ BROS. & CO. OF THE ORIENT, LTD.
Distributors

MONOPOLE GARAGE COMPANY
43 Avenue du Roi Albert Phone W. 2360
Cable Address "Monocar"
Repairing, Accessories, Equipment
Gasoline pump.
WASHING 20 cents.
Cars for Hire Day and Night. Boxes For Private Cars.
Telephone W. 2360

PARKER LUCKY-LOCK Pencils



These are America's most elegant Gold and Silver Pencils. They rank in the Pen and Pencil field as the Rolls-Royce in the automobile field.

The lead is always sharp, turns OUT for writing and turns IN when not writing. New leads can be easily inserted at the writing point as needed.

Please let us submit to your inspection our beautiful gold and silver styles direct from America.

On Sale at
Chinese-American Pub. Co. Chung Hua Book Co.
Office Appliance Co. Sincere & Co.
Wee Wee Co.
THE AULT & WIBORG CHINA CO.
Wholesale distributors.

Chinese Hand Drawn Christmas Cards
Pictures drawn on rice paper
GREETINGS SPELT IN PIDGIN ENGLISH
(best fitted for Home Friends)
Price: $1.50 per Doz. with beautiful cards
$1.00 per Doz. without cards.
(with Envelopes)
for sale at
CHOW TZU KONG BOOKSELLER 周梁康西書局
111 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. (Tel C. 3510

TIENTSIN RUGS
SALE
20 to 30% REDUCTION
Three weeks only, from October 12th to November 1st.
Especially good wool, colors and designs, all sizes: 2'x4'—12'x15'. Large stock to be sold quickly
HUNG FONG YONG RUG Co.
1890 Bubbling Well Road Tel. W. 2148
62671

TRAFFIC CASE GIVES PROMISE OF FIREWORKS

Moody And Boutras Fined; Adams Up Again Saturday

Two convictions and the prelude to what promises to be a merry set-to were the order of the day in the usual Saturday morning traffic court before U. S. Commissioner Nelson E. Larton yesterday.

Mr. M. L. Moody of the Universal Garage and Mr. Peter Boutras were the candidates for convictions. Both plead guilty to parking their motor cars in Nanking Road and were assessed the costs of the action and warned against doing the same thing again.

The prelude to more excitement next Saturday morning was furnished when Mr. W. A. Adams was charged with parking his Ford in Jinkee Road. Mr. F. J Schuhl, who appeared for Mr Adams asked for a remand until next Saturday, which was opposed by the police prosecutor, Mr. Maitland, on the ground that it was a very simple case that could be disposed of in a few minutes.

35 OTHERS

Mr. Schuhl explained that they did not consider it a very simple case. It so happened, Mr. Schuhl said, that he had had Jinkee Road watched since it was known Mr. Adams' number had been taken, and he had a record of thirty-five other motor cars which had been parked in Jinkee Road from periods running from one to five hours. Of all these cars, he said, it appeared strange that Mr. Adam's was the only one being prosecuted.

Mr. Maitland asserted that two wrongs didn't make a right and that if Mr. Schuhl would turn his evidence over to the police they would be glad to consider prosecutions. Mr. Schuhl retorted that he wasn't running a detective agency for the police and that they seemed to have plenty of policemen to get Mr. Adams' number. The case was eventually remanded until next Saturday morning when more fireworks are promised.

Literary Section Of Woman's Club Meets Next Friday

The Literary Department of the American Woman's Club will meet at the Club rooms, 66 Szechuen Road, on Friday, Nov. 2, at 4:30 p.m. Mrs. M. C. Guss will give a talk on current events, to be followed by a 15-minute general discussion. Mrs. C. F. McRae will then give a talk on "Standard Fiction versus the Modern Novel," with general discussion following.

All members and friends of the club are invited to be present and to take part in the discussions.

A. W. C. Ladies To Give A Tea

The Art Department of the American Woman's Club will be hostesses at an artistic tea to be given at the Club rooms on November 12, from 4 to 7 p.m. The nature of the entertainment and of the decorations will be something novel, but it is only known now that bridge and mah jongg tables will be provided. Application for reservations, which are $1.50 each, may be made to Mrs. Warren Manley, secretary of the Department, Tel. W. 651. The funds from this entertainment are to be used in enlarging the Department as it is planned to undertake the study of some craft and also the art of interior decorating.

Weather Report

Oct. 26.—The barometric maximum of China has passed to the South of the Yangtsze; the depression shown in Liaotung moves eastwards and crosses Korea; more marked fall of pressure at the Carolines. Westerly winds on the Yellow Sea and in the North; normal monsoon in the Formosa Strait. Fine and mild day in our Valley; overcast weather in the south. Snow at Irkutsk.

Oct. 27.—Overcast and damp weather. Light breezes from East and southeastern. Pressure steady, a little below the normal level.

Helps Over Hard Places

Diluted with a little sweetened water, Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy is easy to take and almost instantly eases sudden and intense stomach pains, cramps and intestinal disorders. A mother is perfectly safe in giving it for those stomach aches so inseparable from childhood. Sold and recommended everywhere.

EAST AND WEST IN THOUGHT IS LECTURE THEME

An interesting address was given on Thursday evening by Mme. de Manziarly, before a large gathering at the Theosophical Hall.

"In spite of all attempts to overthrow the belief in the existence of God," Mme. de Manziarly began, "the search for God is still going on in men's hearts. I was present at a scientific lecture in Paris a while ago, where 24 proofs were given in support of the non-existence of God. Yet these 'proofs' failed to convince. God exists, and men are still searching for Him."

Now what is God? the speaker continued. A gulf seems to exist between two opposing factions, the spiritual and the materialistic, one declaring that God is Spirit while the other vehemently denouncing this belief as scientifically unfounded, and insisting that there is nothing outside the physical universe and physical laws and phenomena.

Now the truth is, the speaker said, that these are but two different attempts to solve the same problem, for the scientist, though he often is not aware of it, is just as surely searching for God as the spiritual thinker. Some day the two, beginning their quest from two opposite ends of a tunnel, will meet at the center and find, perhaps to their surprise, that they have both found God, each in his own way. They will have discovered Him to be at once Spirit and Matter. The true view of the universe comprises a unity—not Spirit only, with Matter as non-existent; not Matter only, with Spirit as non-existent—but a universe that is both Spirit and Matter. Views of the universe that uphold the one and reject the other are incomplete. In Theosophy, Matter, when viewed in its essence, is as sacred, as divine, as Spirit. Both are eternal, and if you go deep enough you will find that both are one. Ask a scientist what is Matter and he begins to dig into the nature of things till he finds Force, then he goes still deeper to something beyond, something still less material.

"I think it was Sir Ernest Rutherford, the famous scientist, who said that 'the atom is nothing materal.'"

"Now the East and the West are typical examples of the mystic and the scientific type of mind. Which brings me to the second part of my topic. Easterners are essentially spiritual, and live in a world of spiritual ideas, while we Westerners place our whole reliance on material forms. This is perhaps one of the reasons that these two groups of humanity are estranged from each other, and cannot understand or sympathise with each other's views. Now the Theosophical Society was formed by two Westerners going to the East, and one of its founders, H. P. Blavatzky, continually laid emphasis on the point that the two races were mutually complementary; that both had sterling qualities, and that each had very much to gain from intercourse with the other. Mankind would not reach its perfect development till these two halves had been united by thought and feeling into one whole.

Speaking of the Shanghai Lodge as an example, the speaker concluded; "its duty is clear. It is to promote mutual understanding between East and West. And if 20 years from now the question should be raised as to what the Society had accomplished in that time, none will be able to say that 'East is East and West is West And never the twain shall meet.'—For they will have met."

LAST TIME at the **Victoria Theatre**

Presents

POLA NEGRI

in

MAD LOVE

Crammed with the kind of action that tugs at the heart strings and runs the gamut of the human emotions.

SPECIAL MUSIC

Admission $1.50 and $1.00

Sunday Matinee: $0.80 and $0.60 $0.40 and $0.30

MATINEE

Today

POLA NEGRI in MAD LOVE

and "TOKGADUR"

Comedy in parts

Shantung Will Celebrate New Dykes Turn-Over

The Civil Governor of Shantung has issued invitations to prominent Chinese officials and others to attend a celebration at Tsinanfu on October 31 when the new Yellow River dyke project, recently completed by the Asia Development Company, will be officially turned over to the province of Shantung by the American concern.

The project has actually been turned over to Shantung already but the official celebration has been set for the end of the month. Mr. Paul Page Whitham, president of the company, and Mrs. Whitham, who are now in Tsinanfu will remain there until after the celebration. Others from Shanghai are also expected to attend.

Round-The-World Liners Can Take Many Third Class

The Robert Dollar Company received word yesterday that several of the new vessels they have just purchased from the United States Shipping Board for their round-the world passenger and freight service have accommodations for 350 third class passengers. The third class have a deck all their own with saloon, smoking rooms and other conveniences similar to the first and second class.

ISIS THEATRE

To-day Only, At 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

The most beloved play of a generation

LAURETTE TAYLOR

in

PEG O' MY HEART

Adapted by Mary O'Hara

by J. Hartley Manners

Directed by King Vidor

Miss Taylor created the role of Peg in the original stage play, which has been performed more than 15,000 times.

A bit of a miss, a bit of a brogue, and a bit of the sunshine of Ireland

Box Seat $1.50, Dress Circle $1, Stall 60 cts.

Matinee Prices: $1, 60 cts. & 40 cts.

ALWAYS THE BEST SHOW

EVERY NIGHT 9.15 **CARLTON THEATRE** PHONE WEST 3641

3 NIGHTS ONLY — SUNDAY MONDAY TUESDAY — MATINEE TODAY 3 p.m.

A Real Clever Comedy Screen Production

From the Stage Play by Rachel Barton Butler.

Be in on the joy when this scandal bursts!
JOSEPH M. SCHENCK presents
Constance Talmadge
"Mamma's Affair"
A John Emerson Anita Loos Production
A FIRST NATIONAL ATTRACTION

A Modern Example from Eve.

Something new, something different, a Constance Talmadge comedy along another fresh line.

BUSTER KEATON

in his big comedy hit.

"MY WIFE'S RELATIONS"

A Riot of Fun, A Laugh in Every Scene.

NEW TOWN TOPICS — Opening of the new Navy Y.M.C.A. Cathedral School Sports. Train Wreck, Tientsin-Pukow Line. Chinese Company S.V.C. Camp.

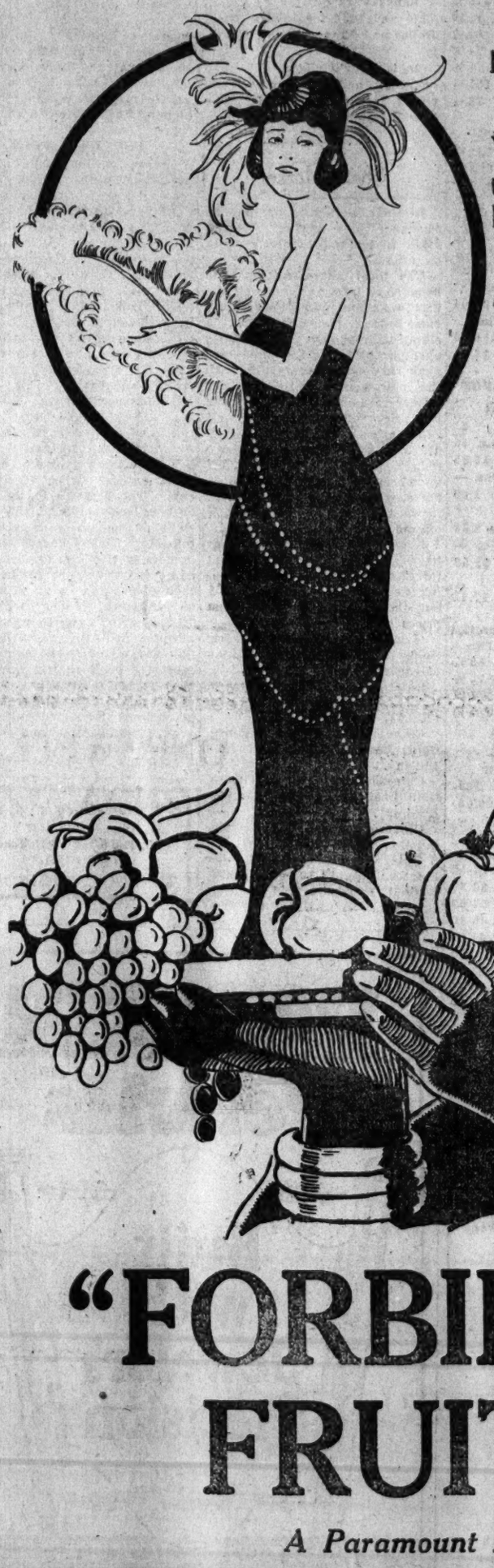
ISIS THEATRE

Commencing Monday, For One Solid Week

THE MOST LAVISHLY BEAUTIFUL DRAMA OF MARRIED LIFE EVER PRODUCED

CECIL B. DeMILLE'S

Supreme Screen Success



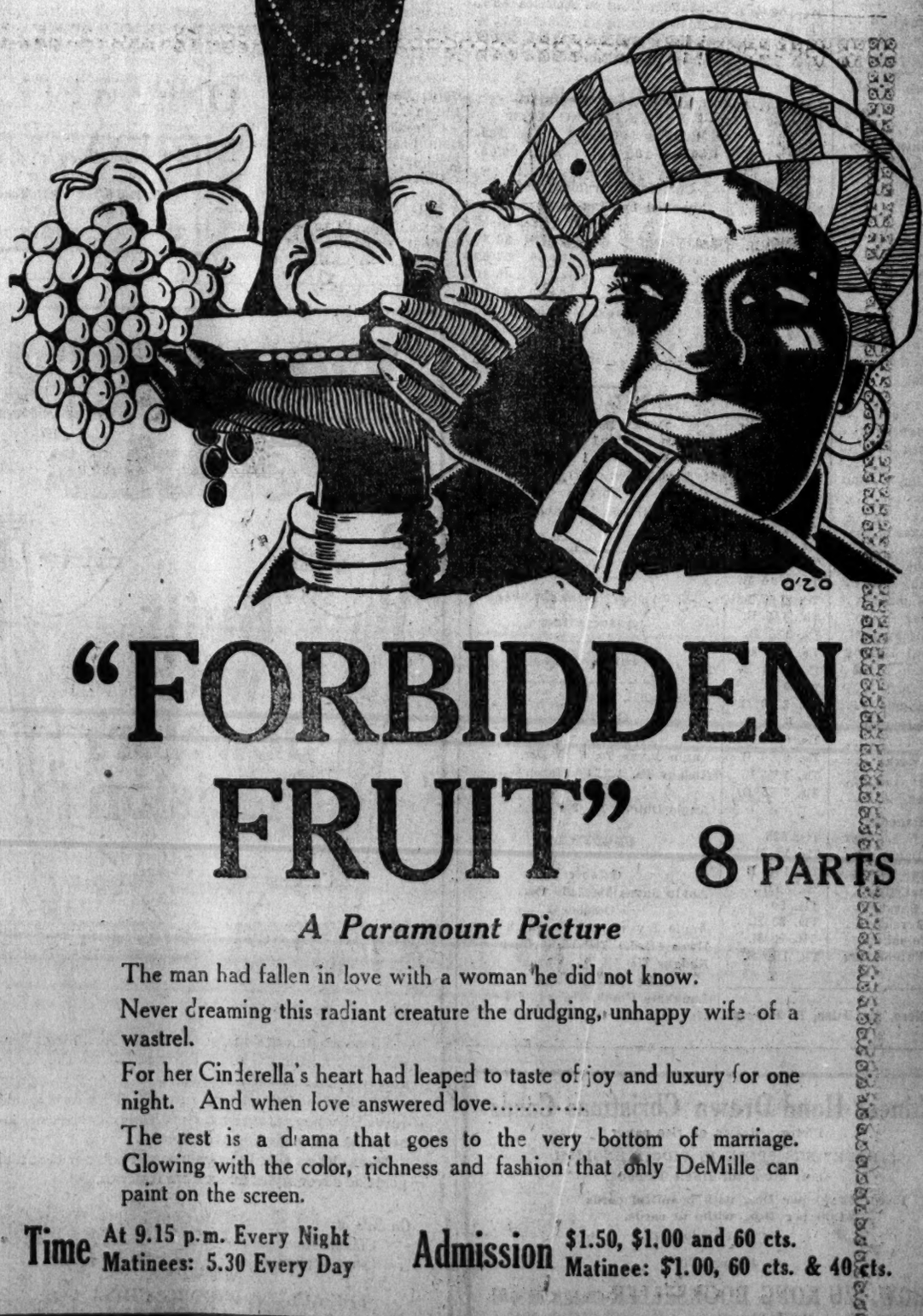
By JEANIE MacPHERSON

What are the duties of a wife to a husband who steadily drags her downward?

What shall she do when another offers a fine, true love that would lift her up?

These are the questions asked and answered in "Forbidden Fruit." A drama warm with the flesh and blood of living men and women.

Dressed in all the glowing color and luxury that DeMille weaves like a cloth of gold.



"FORBIDDEN FRUIT" 8 PARTS

A Paramount Picture

The man had fallen in love with a woman he did not know.

Never dreaming this radiant creature the drudging, unhappy wife of a wastrel.

For her Cinderella's heart had leaped to taste of joy and luxury for one night. And when love answered love.....

The rest is a drama that goes to the very bottom of marriage. Glowing with the color, richness and fashion that only DeMille can paint on the screen.

Time At 9.15 p.m. Every Night. Matinees: 5.30 Every Day

Admission $1.50, $1.00 and 60 cts. Matinee: $1.00, 60 cts. & 40 cts.

Confiscation Of Lands To Swell War-Chest Of Sun Yat-sen Continues

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Canton, Oct. 21.—Thousands of families in the Wongsha, Paktze-kiao, Lungmeitao, and other precincts within the city of Canton will face possible eviction, unless they are able to verify their property-holdings with Imperial deeds, issued several generations ago, or to redeem them through a new purchase, in which they will undoubtedly be accorded preference. Military confiscation of temples, monasteries, nunneries, and their endowed and attached movable or immovable belongings for sale to swell the war chest of Dr. Sun Yat-sen's mercenary army has been proceeding in many parts of Kwangtung for the last nine months, but the proposed confiscation of business and residential sections, involving 75 to 130 streets and many thousand homes and shops, is unprecedented. The property owners concerned are vigorously protesting against the threatened action, and they have the support of the Federated Chambers of Commerce of the province and the sympathy of all neutral and non-combatant Cantonese, though the latter dare not express it.

COMMON PROPERTY

Upon the return of Dr. Sun to power in Canton early in 1923 an enormous sum of money was required for the upkeep of his military and civilian followers, and in order to raise the funds he was forced to sanction the nationalisation of all Cantonese temples and allied institutions. The ground for the action was that these institutions of the people were often constructed by popular subscriptions or on appropriations of the Government and that they were, therefore, common property; and that to utilise the proceeds from common property for conducting a war against the common enemy was altogether reasonable and legitimate. The priests, monks, nuns and all those occupying the confiscated lands and buildings were then granted the preferential right of reclaiming their former holdings within fourteen days by a payment of sums of from $120 a cheng upward. As it was impossible for the police and the municipal authorities to detect and report on all properties which was available for nationalisation, commissions of from eight to twenty percent of the sale proceeds were offered to informers.

It has been through the careless, and in some cases malicious, information of the professional informers that sometimes a whole block of a whole precinct has been subject to requisition, making it necessary for hundreds and often thousands of property-owners to appear before the clerks of the municipal department of public finance, to have their deeds examined. To avoid having their deeds lost or defaced by the clerks, the owners now simply show the originals and leave a photographed copy with the municipality.

PEOPLE HELPLESS

According to a recent police report, there were before the confiscation some 37 monasteries, 105 nunneries, 706 temples, or a total of 848 religious houses, in Canton city alone subject to government or military action. In some instances in which the monasteries were in the hands of an influential few the Civil Governor succeeded during the inquiry in withholding them from sale. The Mohammedan Temple and another monastery of local fame, the Six Banyans, were thus saved.

The people of Canton, especially the poor and the work, are practically without a friend, except the General Chamber of Commerce, when dealing with the officials. The former ward and street unions are disorganised owing to lack of a public place for meeting. Their temples, formerly town-halls and political and social as well as religious centers, are now no more.

For reasons known best to themselves the present regime does not recognise the previous Republican administrations. Only deeds certified as proper by officials of the Tsing dynasty are now accepted as evidence of property ownership, and temples and other public places granted by Republican officials in the last twelve years to educational institutions are being withdrawn.

NOW'S THE TIME TO BE THINKING OF CHRISTMAS MAIL

Post Office Gives Schedule For Sending YuleHde Matter

Now is the time to be thinking about Christmas mail for the various homelands and the Chinese Post Office has drawn up a schedule calculated to help the China resident in getting off parcels, cards and letters which should reach their destinations at the Christmas and New Year season.

Christmas mail for cities in America, as will be seen in the schedule following, should be sent from Shanghai not later than by the steamers President McKinley, for Seattle, on December 3, and Empress of Russia, for Vancouver, on December 1. For London, the P. and O. steamer Nyanza, leaving here November 20, will land her consignment on December 23. The latest Australian mail to reach Sydney before Christmas day will go from here on November 27, arriving on December 31.

FOR AMERICA

Following is the list of departures for America: and Europe across the Pacific:

President Pierce, leave Shanghai November 10, arrive at San Francisco November 29, arrive at London December 10.

President Lincoln, leave Shanghai November 24, arrive at San Francisco December 13, arrive at London December 24.

(These ships arrive at San Francisco).

Empress of Canada on November 19, December 3 and 17.

Empress of Russia on December 1, 17 and 31.

(Arriving at Vancouver):

President Madison on November 21, December 12 and 18.

President McKinley on December 3, 19 and 30.

President Jackson on December 15 and 31.

(Arriving at Seattle).

MAIL VIA SUEZ

The following ships will take mails via Suez:

Steamers	Leave Shanghai	Letters will arrive in London
Caledonia	Oct. 30	Dec. 2
Tiresias	Nov. 1	,, 4
Nellore	,, 2	,, 5
Chili	,, 9	,, 18
Malwa	,, 13	,, 16
Nyanza	,, 20	,, 23
Porthos	,, 23	,, 30
Kalyan	,, 27	,, 30

FOR AUSTRALIA

Following is the Australian schedule.

Leaves Shanghai on	Letters & Parcels arrive Sydney
Nov. 9	Dec. 3
,, 17	,, 11
,, 23	,, 17
,, 27	,, 21
Dec. 5	,, 29
,, 11	Jan. 4, 1924

YOUR SUIT IS READY

Call HENRY the TAILOR

7-9 Seward Road.

America Too Full Of Pep

Providence, October 10.—Secretary of State Hughes speaking at a dinner given to president Angell of Yale, said the public officials of today are forced to give fully one-half of their time to unnecessary contacts.

The secretary said considerable of the national energy is wasted by the dominant trait of the American, a fleeting vision, a thirst for sensation and a reckless need for more.

He said we find ourselves in the age of the motor, the movie and the radio, which, with the freedom of locomotion, novels, easy intimacies and the ever present and constantly expanding enterprise of the press, give us the delusive facility in acquiring information. In this day of fleeting visions, he said, quiet reflection that ripens judgment are more difficult than ever.

He said the primary need of the university is to inculcate the desire for serenity, reflection, sobriety of reason and calmness of judgment.

Philippines Outfit Tut

Annarbor, Michigan, October 9.—The University of Michigan received a report today from Dr. Carl E. Guthe, head of the archeological expedition in the Philippines, showing a large number of pre-historic discoveries rivalling those in the tomb of Tutankhamen.

The report hints that Chinese formerly inhabited the islands, as hundreds of samples of potteries of the Ming, Tang and Sung periods were unearthed, together with human bones, chipped implements, weapons of iron and copper, gold ornaments and other ornaments and articles to be valued at many thousand dollars and of great scientific value.

EMPIRE Theatre

TONIGHT TONIGHT

at 7:15 p.m.

SEE THIS STUPENDOUS SERIAL.

"THE MIRACLE OF THE JUNGLE"

Episodes 9 and 10 in 4 Parts.

At 9.15 p.m.

A BRIDE'S CONFESSION

7 reels.

MATINEE

Today, at 3:15 p.m.

"A BRIDE'S CONFESSION"

C 2240

UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE

Serves U Right—Day & Night

$1 First 20 Min. $3 per Hr.

APOLLO THEATRE

TONIGHT Oct. 28th

AT 9.15 P.M. ONLY

LON CHANEY

and

VIRGINIA VALLY

in

THE SHOCK

A THRILLING, ROMANTIC, SPECTACULAR STORY IN

EIGHT TREMENDOUS REELS

Today, Oct. 28th, at 3 p.m.

The Beautiful

May McAvoy

in

"Through A Glass Window"

"The Mechanical Doll" etc.

SHOWING AT THE

OLYMPIC THEATRE

Tonight at 9.15 p.m.

A SUPERB PROGRAMME PRESENTING

MIA MAY in "A TRAGEDY OF LOVE"

A vivid panorama of life, telling a mighty human interest story.

MIA MAY, the star who always shines in a wonder picture where she rises to supreme heights of artistry.

ADMISSION: $1.50 and $1.00 SPECIAL MUSIC

MATINEE Today

"A TRAGEDY OF LOVE" and "The Great London Mystery"

APOLLO THEATRE

NEVER SHOWN HERE BEFORE

ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, OCTOBER 29th

THE DRAMA MAGNIFICENT

SPECIAL MATINEES: WEDNESDAY THURSDAY FRIDAY SATURDAY

APOLLO THEATRE

NEVER SHOWN HERE BEFORE

ONE ARABIAN NIGHT

PRESENTED BY BELL'S FILM EXCHANGE

THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE! A WONDER CITY!

The Master Work of LUBITSCH

Creator of "Passion" and Deception"

ACTION! THRILLS!

DRAMA! LOVE!

IRRESISTIBLE!

This wonder picture will transport you back through the ages to the wonder night of Araby. Arabia, land of the powerful Caliphs, land where beauty is the only "open Sesame" to Harems of the Magnificent. Land where love means intrigue, and intrigue flaunts death with a smile.

Admission:

$1.00 and $1.50

WITH

POLA NEGRI

As the Wild Nymph of the Desert More Beautiful Madcap Ne'er Threw Careless Kiss

Scoffer of all Men's Love-Yet Sings at Last to Her Own

EIGHT EXTRAVAGANTLY MAGNIFICENT REELS

Read what the Highest Authority on Motion Picture Production said about it.

The Committee on Critique of the National Board of Review said in

OFFICIAL REPORT

"This vivid, swift moving picture is the peer of Oriental dramas on the screen. It has the true atmosphere of an Arabian Nights' tale and must rank as one of the exceptiona photoplays of the year. It has both dramatic intensity and comic relief of an unusual order. The acting of Pola Negri may be said to be the finest and most convincing of her career before the American public and the supporting cast is one of great ability."

ERNST LUBITSCH THE WORLD FAMOUS DIRECTOR PLAYS AN IMPORTONT PART IN "ONE ARABIAN NIGHT"

SEATS NOW SELLING AT ROBINSON'S

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. KIANGYUNG, Capt. Smith, will leave on Sunday, October 28, at midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. KIANGAN, Captain Ross, will leave on Monday, Oct. 29, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S. S. KUTWO 2,664 Tons, Captain Dowson, will sail for the above mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, October 29, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. LOONGWO, 3,925 Tons, Captain Holmwood, will sail for the above mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, October 30, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S LUENHO, 2,868 tons, Captain Woodget, will sail for the above mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Thursday, November 1, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone: Central 241. Extensions for Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. KUNGWO, 4,635 Tons, Captain Gibb, will sail for the above Wharf on Friday, November 2, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone: Central 241. Extensions for Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. SUIWO, 2,671 Tons, Captain Jackson, will sail for the above mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, November 5, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241 Extensions for Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S TUCKWO, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, November 6, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

For Southern Ports

FOOCHOW.—The Str. HSIN-CHI, Capt. Hansen, will leave on Sunday morning, Oct. 28. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NINGPO.—The steamer HSIN KIANGTEEN, Captain Randbye, will leave on Tuesday, Oct. 30, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW AND KEELUNG.—The O.S.K.'s Cargo and Passenger Steamer SEIKYO MARU, 5,000 tons, Captain J. Nishiwaki, will be despatched from the O. S. K. Wharf on Friday, November 2, at ——. For Freight or Passage, apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 2 Canton Road. Phone C. 4234.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Str. HSINWAH, Capt. Newbury, will leave on Tuesday morning, October 30. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

For Japan Ports

KOBE.—The Hugo Stinnes-Linien's Steamer "Adolf von Baeyer" will leave from the South Manchuira Railway's Whangpoo Wharf on the 29th, October 23. First Class Passage to Kobe $60. For Freight and Passage please apply to Hugo Stinnes-Linien, 58 Kiangse Road. (Ground Floor). Telephone C. 6556.

For Foreign Ports

VANCOUVER, B.C., via NAGASAKI, KOBE & VICTORIA, B.C.—The Canadian Pacific Steamships, Limited s.s. EMPRESS OF ASIA will leave Woosung on Sunday, October 28. The tender will leave the Customs Jetty with Passengers and Hand Baggge only at 7:30 a.m. Sunday. For Passage or Freight, apply to the Agent, 12 The Bund, Hongkong Bank Building, Phone C. 5581.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, B. C., SEATTLE, TACOMA, WASH., Via KOBE, YOKKAISHI, SHIMIDZU AND YOKOHAMA.—The O.S.K.'s Cargo and Passenger Steamer AFRICA MARU, 20,000 tons, Captain K. Komiya, will be despatched from O.S.K. Wharf on November 4, at ——. For Freight or Passage, apply to THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 2, Canton Road. Phone C. 4234.

Shipping Items

RIVER PORTS

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangteen left Hankow on Friday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow on Friday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangshun left Hankow yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I-C. s.s. Luenho will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Thursday.

The I-C. s.s. Kungwo will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo will leave Hankow on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai next Friday.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi will leave Hankow on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai next Friday.

SOUTHERN PORTS

The C.N. s.s. Luchow left Hongkong on Thursday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Tingsang is due in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow tomorrow morning.

The C.M. s.s. Haean will leave Foochow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Szechuen will leave Hongkong today and is due in Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang will leave Hongkong on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai next Saturday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwanglee left Hongkon gon Friday and is due in Shanghai next Tuesday.

NORTHERN PORTS

The I-C. s.s. Esang is due in Shanghai from Antung and Tsingtao this morning.

The C.N. s.s. Fengtien left Tientsin on Thursday and is due in Shanghai via Chefoo and Weihaiwei today.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchang left Tientsin for Lungkow, Hongkong and Canton yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Tungshing is due in Shanghai from Tsingtao tomorrow morning.

The I-C. s.s. Wosang is du in Shanghai from Tientsin, Chefoo and Weihaiwei tomorrow afternoon.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien will leave Tientsin today, and is due in Shanghai via Chefoo and Weihaiwei on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Hangchow will leave Tsingtao on Tuesday and is due in Shanghai next Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung left Chefoo for Tientsin on Friday.

JAPAN PORTS

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru is due in Shanghai from Osaka, Kobe, Moji and Nagasaki tomorrow and berthing at the N.Y.K. Mail Wharf.

INDIAN LINES

The P. and O. s.s. Sicilia, from Bombay on October 16, was expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai yesterday.

The B.I. s.s. Japan left Calcutta on October 24 and is due in Shanghai via Rangoon and ports about November 16.

EUROPEAN LINES

The P. and O. s.s. Kaiser-I-Hind left London at 2 p.m. on October 13, and is expected to arrive in Shanghai about November 21.

The N.D.L. s.s. Holstein left Port Said on October 17, and is expected to arrive in Shanghai on November 18.

The S.E. s.s. Benares, from Gothenburg, left Suez on October 7 and is expected to arrive in Shanghai on November 5.

The Norwegian, Africa and Australia Line s.s. Tana, from Christiania via ports, left Southampton on October 12, and is due in Shanghai about November 30.

The P. and O. s.s. Khiva is due to leave London on Friday, and is expected to arrive in Shanghai about December 5.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Glaucus left Singapore on October 21, and is expected to arrive in Shanghai via Hongkong next Tuesday.

The P. and O. s.s. Devanha, from London on September 28, is expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai today.

The Glen Line m.v. Glengarry is due in Shanghai from London via ports on November 8.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Teucre left Kobe on Wednesday and is due in Shanghai via Yokkachi and Moji next Tuesday.

The P. and O. s.s. Caledonia will leave Shanghai for London next Tuesday, and the tender with passengers for the vessel is to leave the Customs jetty at 12.30 p.m. Heavy baggage should be delivered to the lighter alongside the Customs jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. tomorrow.

The Glen Line m.v. Glenamoy, from London, left Hongkong on Friday morning, and is due in Shanghai tomorrow evening, docking at the China Merchants' Lower Wharf.

The P. and O. s.s. Nyanza, from London on September 15, left Hongkong on Friday at noon, and is expected to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow afternoon.

The M.M. s.s. Porthos arrived in Shanghai from Marseilles yesterday afternoon, and docked at the S.M.R. Whangpoo Wharf.

AMERICAN LINES

The Columbia Pacific s.s. West Niger is due in Shanghai from Portland tomorrow and will sail for the same port via Hongkong and Manila on October 31.

The Columbia Pacific s.s. West Jester is due in Shanghai from Portland, Oregon, on November 3 and will sail for the same port via Tsingtao, Taku Bar and Dairen on November 7.

The P.M. s.s. President Lincoln, from San Francisco on October 18, was to leave Honolulu on Wednesday and is expected in Shanghai via Kobe on November 6.

The Adl. O. Line s.s. President Madison, from Seattle on October 18, should dock at Yokohama tomorrow, and is expected in Shanghai via Kobe on November 3.

The Adl. O. Line s.s. President McKinley is due to leave Seattle tomorrow, and arriving in Shanghai via Japan ports on November 15.

The C.P.S. s.s. Empress of Canada, from Vancouver on October 18, is due at Yokohama tomorrow, and docking at Woosung on November 2.

The P.M. s.s. Persident Cleveland left Shanghai for San Francisco via Kobe and Honolulu late yesterday morning.

The P.M. s.s. President Wilson is due to leave San Francisco next Thursday, and is expected in Shanghai via Honolulu and Kobe on November 20.

The C.P.S. s.s. Empress of Russia is due to leave Vancouver next Thursday, and is expected in Shanghai via Japan ports on November 16.

The C.P.S. s.s. Empress of Australia is due at Woosung from Vancouver at 2 p.m. Tuesday sails for Hongkong at 10 p.m. the same day. The tender bringing inbound passengers is expected at the Customs jetty about 9.30 a.m., and the outbound tender with passengers and baggage for Woosung will leave at 5 p.m. Tuesday.

The C.P.S. s.s. Empress of Asia arrived at Woosung yesterday and will sail for Vancouver via Japan ports this morning. The tender with passengers for the steamer will leave the Customs jetty at 7.30 o'clock.

The Adl. O. Line s.s. President Jefferson arrived in Shanghai from Hongkong yesterday afternoon, and docked at the China Merchants Lower Wharf. The liner will sail for Seattle via Japan ports at noon today.

Vessels Due

Africa Maru, *Hongkong*	Nov. 3
Amur Maru, *Europe*	Oct. 29
Benvorlich, *London*	Oct. 29
Benares, *Gothenburg*	Nov. 5
Bolton Castle, *New York*	Oct. 31
Changon, *Hankow*	Oct. 28
Chengtu, *Hongkong*	Oct. 31
E. of Australia, *Vancouver*	Oct. 30
E. of Canada, *Vancouver*	Nov. 2
Ermland, *Hamburg*	Nov. 4
Esang, *Antung*	Oct. 28
Fengtien, *Tientsin*	Oct. 28
Fiume L., *Trieste*	Nov. 2
Glaucus, *Liverpool*	Oct. 30
Glenamoy, *London*	Oct. 29
Haean, *Foochow*	Oct. 31
Hakuai Maru, *Kobe*	Nov. 1
Haruna Maru, *Kobe*	Nov. 1
Hsin Kiangteen, *Ningpo*	Oct. 30
Hsin Ningshao, *Ningpo*	Oct. 28
Hsin Peking, *Ningpo*	Oct. 28
Kanchow, *Hongkong*	Nov. 5
Kiangfoo, *Hankow*	Nov. 2
Kianghsin, *Hankow*	Oct. 28
Kiangshun, *Hankow*	Oct. 30
Kiangyung, *Hankow*	Nov. 5
Kiangyu, *Hankow*	Nov. 3
Kungwo, *Hankow*	Nov. 1
Kumano Maru, *Osaka*	Oct. 29
Kwanglee, *Hongkong*	Oct. 30
L. St. L. Bie, *Europe*	Oct. 31
Liangchow, *Tsingtao*	Nov. 1
Loongwo, *Hankow*	Oct. 28
Luchow, *Hongkong*	Oct. 29
Luenho, *Hankow*	Oct. 31
Luenyi, *Hankow*	Nov. 2
Nanning, *Hongkong*	Oct. 30
Nyanza, *London*	Oct. 29
Omi Maru, *Osaka*	Nov. 5
Poyang, *Hankow*	Oct. 31
Pres. Madison, *Seattle*	Nov. 3
Sakaki Maru, *Dairen*	Oct. 29
Shinyo Maru, *S. Francisco*	Nov. 4
Shengking, *Hankow*	Oct. 28
Shuntien, *Tientsin*	Oct. 31
Sinkiang, *Hongkong*	Oct. 31
Suiwo, *Hankow*	Nov. 3
Suiyang, *Hongkong*	Nov. 3
Szechuen, *Hongkong*	Nov. 1
Tatung, *Hongkong*	Nov. 5
Tenyo Maru, *Hongkong*	Oct. 30
Teucer, *Kobe*	Oct. 30
Tingsang, *Hongkong*	Oct. 29
Tjikembang, *Batavia*	Nov. 3
Tuckwo, *Hankow*	Nov. 4
Tungshing, *Tsingtao*	Oct. 29
Tungchow, *Tientsin*	Nov. 4
Tungting, *Hankow*	Nov. 4
Woosung, *Hankow*	Oct. 29
Wosang, *Tientsin*	Oct. 29
Wuchang, *Hankow*	Nov. 1
West Jester, *Portland*	Nov. 3
West Niger, *Portland*	Oct. 29
Whangpu, *Hankow*	Nov. 3
Yungshin, *Ningpo*	Oct. 30

Sailed from Shanghai

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

President Taft	Oct. 13
Yankee Arrow	Oct. 19
President Wilson	Oct. 20
President Cleveland	Oct. 27

FOR VANCOUVER

Empress of Canada	Sept. 25
Grace Dollar	Sept. 28
Canadian Freighter	Oct. 4
Empress of Russia	Oct. 6

FOR SEATTLE

President Madison	Sept. 22
President McKinley	Oct. 4
West Ison	Oct. 6
Arabia Maru	Oct. 7
President Jackson	Oct. 16
Kaga Maru	Oct. 20
Eldridge	Oct. 23
Manila Maru	Oct. 23

FOR PORTLAND, ORE.

Montague	Oct. 5
Elkridge	Oct. 12
West Jena	Oct. 14
Storviken	Oct. 17
Alcinous	Oct. 21
West Cayote	Oct. 27

FOR NEW YORK

Celtic Prince	Sept. 29
Perseus	Sept. 29
Karonga	Oct. 10
Archer	Oct. 16
Patrick Henry	Oct. 18
Hague Maru	Oct. 27

FOR UNITED KINGDOM

City of Norwich	Sept. 25
Pembrokeshire	Sept. 28
Phemius	Oct. 2
Mantua	Oct. 2
Agrapenor	Oct. 4
Telamon	Oct. 4
Hakozaki Maru	Oct. 5
City of Lincoln	Oct. 8
Elpenor	Oct. 13
Karmala	Oct. 16
Glenluce	Oct. 19
Hakusan Maru	Oct. 19
Atreus	Oct. 25
Kitano Maru	Oct. 27

FOR HAMBURG

London Maru	Sept. 28
Tsushima Maru	Oct. 3
Carl Legien	Oct. 5
Oldenburg	Oct. 9
Weser	Oct. 21
Paris Maru	Oct. 21
London Maru	Oct. 27

FOR ROTTERDAM

Kertosono	Oct. 8

FOR COPENHAGEN

Java	Sept. 24
Chile	Oct. 13

FOR BARCELONA

Legazpi	Oct. 20

FOR TRIESTE

Rosandra	Sept. 30

FOR MARSEILLES

Amboise	Sept. 28
Cordillere	Oct. 12
C. P. Lecocq	Oct. 14
Angers	Oct. 26

FOR ODESSA

Lenin	Oct. 19

FOR INDIA

Takada	Oct. 4
Soudan	Oct. 12
Torilla	Oct. 17

ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE

Passenger and Freight Service
TRANS-PACIFIC
Seattle —— Victoria

Through Bills of Lading are issued to all points in the United States and Canada.

SEATTLE VIA KOBE AND YOKOHAMA

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Seattle
"PRESIDENT JEFFERSON"	Oct. 28	Nov. 13
"PRESIDENT GRANT"	Nov. 9	Nov. 25
"PRESIDENT MADISON"	Nov. 21	Dec. 7
"PRESIDENT McKINLEY"	Dec. 3	Dec. 19
"PRESIDENT JACKSON"	Dec. 15	Dec. 31

Thru Connections to Europe
Across United States or Canada
Your Choice Atlantic Lines

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA

"PRESIDENT MADISON"	Nov. 5
"PRESIDENT McKINLEY"	Nov. 17
"PRESIDENT JACKSON"	Nov. 29
"PRESIDENT JEFFERSON"	Dec. 11
"PRESIDENT GRANT"	Dec. 23

ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE
Managing Agents, U. S. Shipping Board, Corner Nanking Road. Kiangse Road.

O. S. K.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR EUROPE. For Marseilles, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam, and Antwerp.

S.S. "AMAZON MARU"	Nov. 7
S.S. "AMUR MARU"	Dec. 9

FOR NEW YORK. Via Japan Ports, San Francisco and Panama

S.S. "HAVANA MARU"	Nov. 14

FOR TACOMA AND SEATTLE. Via Japan Ports, Victoria and Vancouver.

S.S. "AFRICA MARU"	Nov. 4
S.S. "HAWAII MARU"	Nov. 14

FOR HONGKONG (DIRECT)

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS. Tientsin and Dairen

S.S. "KOHOKU MARU" (Via Tsingtao)	Nov. 4
S.S. "SEIKYO MARU" (Via Tsingtao)	Nov. 20

FOR FORMOSA. For Keelung and Takao via Foochow.

S.S. "SEIKYO MARU"	Nov. 2
S.S. "KOHOKU MARU"	Nov. 19

FOR Japan. For Kobe direct.

S.S. "AMUR MARU"	Oct. 31
S.S. "AFRICA MARU"	Nov. 4

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Shipping Office, 3 Canton Road ..... Phone Central 4234
Wharf Office, 26 Yangtzepoo Road ..... Phone East 308 and 313.

NEW YORK-BOSTON
via PANAMA CANAL
Fast Freight Service
S.S. "Elkton" ..... Loading Dec.
For Rates and Particulars apply to
THE BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.
Managing agents U. S. Shipping Board
Admiral Oriental Line, Agents.
Corner Nanking and Kiangse Roads. Tel. C. 5971-2

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA sails for Hongkong Tuesday, Oct. 30. Tender ALEXANDRA with outgoing passengers and all baggage leaves Customs Jetty 5 p.m.

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive Vancouver
Empress of Canada	Nov. 19	Dec. 3
Empress of Russia	Dec. 1	Dec. 17
Empress of Australia	Dec. 24	Jan. 9
Empress of Asia	Jan. 12	Jan. 28

Fine steamers on the Atlantic, connecting with Pacific Steamers

TO HONGKONG DIRECT

EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA	Oct. 30
EMPRESS OF CANADA	Nov. 2
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	Nov. 16

Offices All Departments: Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building (Entrance next the Custom House) 12 THE BUND: Tel. C. 5581.

PACIFIC MAIL
Steamship Co
"Sunshine Belt"

TRANS-PACIFIC PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
(Via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu)

S.S. President Cleveland	Oct. 27
S.S. President Pierce	Nov. 10
S.S. President Lincoln	Nov. 24
S.S. President Taft	Dec. 22
S.S. President Wilson	Jan. 3

FOR HONGKONG and MANILA

S.S. President Pierce	Oct. 26
S.S. President Lincoln	Nov. 9
S.S. President Wilson	Nov. 23
S.S. President Taft	Dec. 7
S.S. President Cleveland	Dec. 19

Through tickets and Bills of Lading issued to all points in United States, Mexico, Central America, South America and Cuba.

TO EUROPE
TRAVEL THROUGH AMERICA
Via Honolulu and California
£120—£112—£110

Shanghai to San Francisco First Class
San Francisco to New York First Class
New York to Europe
First Class, Cabin Class, or Second Class

With Choice of Rail Route San Francisco to New York and of Steamship Line New York to Europe

ATCHISON, TOPEKA and SANTA FE RAILWAY: Yosemite Valley, Southern California, Grand Canon.
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY: Yosemite Valley, Southern California, Texas, New Orleans.
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY: Central California, Lake Tahoe, Salt Lake.
WESTERN PACIFIC RAILWAY: Feather River Salt Lake and Rocky Mountains.

Railway representatives meet all steamers to arrange tickets, routing, sleeping accommodations and all necessary details. Atlantic reservations made here for all European Ports and all steamship lines. Apply to

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Managing Agents U. S. Shipping Board
B. C. Haile, General Agent
1B Nanking Road Telephones: Central 5056 and 5057
Cable Address: "SOLANO"

STRUTHERS & BARRY
OPERATING U.S. GOVERNMENT SHIPS. CARGO ONLY
From San Francisco And Los Angeles via Japan Ports:

U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST SEQUANA"	Nov. 13
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST PROSPECT"	Nov. 24

For Manila Direct:

U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST SEQUANA"	Nov. 14

For Hongkong, and Singapore

U.S.S.B. S.S "WEST PROSPECT"	Nov. 26

L. EVERETT, GENERAL AGENT, Japan, China, Philippine Islands, Indo China, Straits Settlements.
SHANGHAI OFFICE: H. E. CASE, AGENT, No. 16 Jinkee Road. TEL: C. 5017
TELEGRAMS-"DIXSTRUTH"

TOYO KISEN KAISHA
T. K. K.
Along The Pathway Of The Sun.
SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

Tenyo Maru, via Nagasaki	Oct. 30
Korea Maru, via Nagasaki	Nov. 9
Shinyo Maru via Nagasaki	Nov. 23

SAILINGS FOR HONGKONG AND MANILA

Shinyo Maru Manila via Hongkong	Nov. 6
Siberia Maru, Hongkong only	Nov. 13
Taiyo Maru, Hongkong only	Dec. 5

Frequent sailings thereafter.

Representatives of American Railroads meet our steamers in San Francisco Bay and exchange Rail orders, make sleeping car reservations, transfer baggage, etc.
Through Bills of Lading issued to all points in the United States, Honolulu, Hilo, Mexico, Central America and the West Coast of South America.

Phones Central 3339 and 3380. 71, Szechuen Road.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

NYK

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR JAPAN
Kumano Maru .....Oct. 31
Hakuai Maru .....Nov. 3
Omi Maru .....Nov. 7
Kosai Maru .....Nov. 10

FOR SEATTLE VIA VICTORIA, B. C.
Iyo Maru .....Nov. 8
Shidzuoka Maru .....Nov. 24

FOR SOUTH AMERICA VIA Cape Town From Kobe.
Yokohama Maru .....Dec. 1

FOR EUROPE
Haruna Maru .....Nov. 3
Kamo Maru .....Nov. 17
Katoni Maru .....Dec. 1
Atsuta Maru .....Dec. 15

FOR AUSTRALIA, from Hongkong.
Aki Maru .....Nov. 14
Tango Maru .....Dec. 19

FOR NEW YORK via PANAMA
*Taketoyo Maru .....Nov. 7

FOR HONGKONG AND MANILA
Shidzuoka Maru .....Nov. 11

†Nagasaki Shanghai Express Service

*For Cargo only

Through Bs/L issued to Bombay & Calcutta with transhipment at Japan or Hongkong.

NIPPON YUS EN KAISHA.

Phone North 1155 (Private Exchange) Telegraphic Address "Yusen Shanghai".

M. M.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES SERVICES CONTRACTUELS.

Mail Steamers	Next sailing from Marseilles	Probable sailing for Kobe	Probable sailing for Marseilles
CHILI		28th Oct.	9th Nov.
PORTHOS	21st Sept.	11th Nov.	23rd Nov.
ANGKOR	5th Oct.	25th Nov.	7th Dec.
CHAMBORD	19th Oct.	9th Dec.	21st Dec.
PAUL LECAT	2nd Nov.	23rd Dec.	4th Jan.
ANDRE LEBON	16th Nov.	6th Dec.	18th Jan.

NEW REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE
(including table wine and free Doctor's attendance)

	1st CLASS	2nd CLASS
MARSEILLES	A. $. 95 B. $. 89	A. $. 68 B. $. 62
LONDON	A. $. 101 B. $. 95	A. $. 73 B. $. 66

Through tickets to PARIS and leading towns of Europe. Rebooking abatements of 25% and 15% for return within 12 or 24 months. Special reductions to families and missionaries.

LIGNES COMMERCIALES (Cargo-Boats)
LIEUTENANT ST.-LOUBERT BIE expected Shanghai about Nov. 5.

Steamers and dates subject to alteration without notice
Tel. 3289 Shipping Dep. Tel. 937 Passenger Dep
Offices: 9 French Bund
CONSIGNATION TRANSIT REPRESENTATION.

North and South China Line

For Portland, via Tsingtao, Taku Bar and Dairen

U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST CAYOTE"	Oct. 26
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST NIGER"	Oct. 31
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST JESTER"	Nov. 7

From Portland, Ore. U. S. A.

U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST NIGER"	Oct. 29
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST JESTER"	Nov. 3
U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST JESSUP"	Nov. 10

For Portland, via Hongkong and Manila

U.S.S.B. S.S. "WEST JESSUP"	Nov. 12

For Portland, via Taku Bar and Dairen

Through Bills of Lading issued to New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Carleston, and Boston in connection with fast Intercoastal Liners.

For information as to Freight Rates, etc., apply to

C. L. Seitz, Attorney — L. R. Schinasi, Freight Agent

COLUMBIA PACIFIC SHIPPING CO.

(Operating United States Government Ships.)

The China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd., Agents.

Tel. C. 1464, 1465, 1466.
No. 6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, (4th Floor).

Hugo Stinnes-Linien

OSTASIEN-FAHRT
Conference Line

Regular Monthly Freight and Passenger Service between Japan, China, Hongkong, Manila, Straits,
And
Hamburg and other North Continental Ports.

Steamers due to arrive at Shanghai from Hamburg:

S.S. "HINDENBURG"	12,000	tons d.w. about 20th Nov.
*S.S. "EMIL KIRDORF"	9,000	tons d.w. about 15th Dec.
S.S. "SCHEER"	13,000	tons d.w. about 12th Jan.
*S.S. "ALBERT VOEGLER"	9,000	tons d.w. about 10th Feb.

Steamers due to leave Shanghai for Hamburg:—

*S.S. "ADOLF VON BAEYER"	9,000	tons d.w. about 20th Nov.
S.S. "HINDENBURG"	12,000	tons d.w. about 18th Dec.
*S.S. "EMIL KIRDORF"	9,000	tons d.w. about 15th Jan.
S.S. "SCHEER"	13,000	tons d.w. about 12th Feb.
*S.S. "ALBERT VOEGLER"	9,000	tons d.w. about 10th Mar.

*These steamers are fitted with all comfort for the convenience of about 60 first class passengers.

For further particulars as to Freight and Passage apply to the HUGO STINNES LINIEN, 58, Kiangse Road, Shanghai.
Telegrams: STINNSEE. Telephone: C. 6556

Men-Of-War In Port

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
S P	Oct. 21	Algol	Fr. Gun-boat
1 C	Oct. 9	Calabria	Ital. Gun-boat
FNB	Oct. 27	Colmar	Fr. Cruiser
1 C	Aug. 3	E. Carlotto	Ital. Gun-boat
1 C	Sep. 25	Gen. Alava	Am. Gun-boat
U. S. N. B.	Sep. 25	Huron	Am. Cruiser
Me W	Mar. 23	Mantis	Br. Gun-boat
1 C	Oct. 22	Sacramento	Am. Gun-boat
H E W		Sumida	Jap. Gun-boat
MeW	Oct. 25	Woodlark	Br. Gun-boat

P. & O., British India, Apcar and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES Incorporated in ENGLAND)

to Hongkong, Straits, Java, Burma, Ceylon, India, Persian Gulf West Indies, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Australasia (including New Zealand and Queensland Ports,) Red Sea, Egypt, Europe, etc.

P. & O., FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
(Under contract with H. M. Government)

Marseilles, London, Antwerp—via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon, Egypt

*Caledonia	Oct. 30	Devanha	Dec. 11
*Malwa	Nov. 13	Kaisar-I-Hind	Dec. 25
Kalyan	Nov. 27	Khiva	Jan. 8
*Macedonia	Jan. 22		
Kashgar	Feb. 5		
Morea	Feb. 19		

*Also calls at Bombay

P. & O. to Bombay—via Hongkong, Straits & Colombo.	Caledonia .. Oct. 30 Sicilia .... Nov. 10
B. I. to Calcutta—from Hongkong via Singapore & Penang	Torilla .... Nov. 4
B. I. to Calcutta—from Shanghai via Hongkong & Straits.	
P. & O. and B. I. Co.'s tickets interchangeable under certain conditions	
E. & A. to Sydney and Melbourne—from Hongkong via Manila, Townsville & Brisbane	St. Albans .. Nov. 3 Eastern .... Dec. 1 Arafura .... Jan. 5

All sailings and dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice. WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

For Passage Rates, Handbook, Freights, etc., apply to
1 CANTON ROAD
Phones: General C. 169. Passage C. 2310. Freight C. 2069.
Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.
AGENTS.

DOLLAR LINE

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC AND NEW YORK FREIGHT SERVICE

FOR NEW YORK via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE and SUEZ CANAL

S.S. M. S. DOLLAR — about end Nov.
S.S. "ROBERT DOLLAR" — January.

FOR LOS ANGELES HARBOR, SAN FRANCISCO, PUGET SOUND, SEATTLE AND VANCOUVER

S.S. "GRACE DOLLAR" — Dec.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES HARBOR, NEW YORK and BOSTON via PANAMA CANAL.

S.S. "STANLEY DOLLAR" — end Dec./early Jan.
S.S. "STUART DOLLAR" Late January/early February

Cargo accepted for local ports of call
Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

The Robert Dollar Co.

ROBERT DOLLAR BUILDING
3 Canton Road. Telephone Central Nos. 6371, 6372, 6373 and 6374.

Travel-

AN IDEAL JOURNEY

Through the wonderful lands of Canada with its wealth of splendor and countless attractions, via

THE NEW ROUTE

(Separate and distinct from the C. P. R.)

which provides travellers with coaches and through trains of latest design and unexcelled cuisine. Through bookings in connection with any Steamship Line.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

THE "NATIONAL WAY"

Serves principal cities in Canada and many in the U.S.A.

TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT
GLEN LINE BUILDING
Shanghai Tel. C. 6973

The China Press Mail Schedule

TO THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE

DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DUE AT	DATE
Today	10 a.m.	P. Jefferson	Seattle	Nov. 13
Oct. 30	2 p.m.	Tenyo M.	S Francisco	Nov. 23

TO SOUTHERN PORTS, INDIA AND EUROPE VIA SUEZ

DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DUE AT	DATE
Oct. 30	10.30 a.m.	Caledonia	Marseilles	Dec. 1
Oct. 31	8 p.m.	Teiresias	London	Dec. 11

TO NORTHERN PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Vladivostok	Daily	11 a.m.	via Harbin
Siberia	Daily	11 a.m.	via Chita
W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Today	7.30 a.m.	Fausang
Chefoo and Tientsin	Oct. 29	9 p.m.	Hsinwah
Tsingtao	Oct. 30	9 p.m.	Esang
W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Oct. 30	9 p.m.	Wosang
Tsingtao & Antung,	Oct. 30	9 p.m.	Tingsang
W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Oct. 30	1.30 p.m.	Fengtien
Tsingtao & Dairy	Oct. 30	12.30 p.m.	Sakaki M.
Newchwang	Oct. 31	11.30 a.m.	Kansu
Chefoo and Tientsin	Nov. 1	11.30 a.m.	Nanning

TO SOUTHERN PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Swatow	Today	10.30 a.m.	Shantung
Swatow	Oct. 30	9 p.m.	Tungshing
Hongkong & Canton	Oct. 30	3 p.m.	E. of Australia
Swatow	Oct. 30	11.30 a.m.	Sunning
Hongkong & Canton	Oct. 30	10.30 a.m.	Caledonia
Amoy	Oct. 31	9 p.m.	Luchow

MISCELLANOUS PORTS

TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Russia and Europe	Daily	11 a.m.	via Train
River ports	Daily	9 p.m.	via Train
Manila, Australia and N. Zealand	Oct. 30	3 p.m.	E. of Australia
Japan ports	Oct. 31	11.30 a.m.	Kumano Maru
Manila, Australia & N. Zealand	Nov. 2	4 p.m.	E. of Canada

Correspondence marked "via Siberia" and posted before 11 a.m. Monday which is to be dispatched at 12.30 p.m., will connect with the Weekly Siberian Express at Harbin.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Oct. 28 7.30 *Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br. C.P.S.
Oct. 28 noon Seattle	†P. Jefferson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Oct. 30 — San Francisco	Tenyo M.	Jap. T.K.K.
Oct. 30 — New York via Suez	C. of Oran	Br. J.M. & Co.
Oct. 31 — Portland, Ore.	W. Niger	Am. Lumber Co.
Nov. 1 — New York	Bolton Castle	Br. Dod. & Co.
Nov. 4 — Tacoma, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Nov. 7 — New York	Taketoyo Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Nov. 7 — Porland, Ore.	W. Jester	Am. Lumber Co.
Nov. 8 — Seattle	Iyo Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov. 9 — San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap. T. K. K.
Nov. 9 — Seattle	†P. Grant	Am. Adl. O. Line
Nov. 10 — New York via Suez	Teucer	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 10 — San Francisco	†P. Pierce	Am. P.M.S.S. Co
Nov. 12 — Portland, Ore.	W. Jessup	Am. Lumber Co.
Nov. 14 — Tacoma, etc.	Hawaii M.	Jap. O.S.K.
Nov. 14 — New York	Havana Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Nov. 18 — Vancouver	†E. of Canada	Br. C.P.S.
Nov. 21 — Seattle	†P. Madison	Am. Adl. O. Line
Nov. 23 — San Francisco	†Shinyo Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Nov. 24 — San Francisco	†P. Lincoln	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov. 24 — Seattle	Shidzuoka M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Dec. 1 — Vancouver	†E. of Russia	Br. C.P.S.
Dec. 3 — Seattle	†P. McKinley	Am. Adl. O. Line
Dec. 15 — Seattle	†P. Jackson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Dec. 22 — San Francisco	†Pres. Taft	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Oct. 27 — N. M. Kobe, Osaka	Yamashiro M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Oct. 28 — Kobe	Chili	Fr. M.M. Cie
Oct. 29 — Kobe	A. von Baeyer	Ger. H. S. Linie
Oct. 31 — Kobe	Amur Marru	Jap. O.S.K.
Oct. 31 — N. M. Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Oct. 31 — Moji, Kobe	Nyanza	Br. M.M. & Co.
Nov. 3 — N.M. Kobe, Osaka	Hakuai Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov. 7 — N.M. Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Nov. 10 — N.M. Kobe, Osaka	Kosai Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC

Oct. 30 12.30 London	†Caledonia	Br. M.M. & Co.
Nov. 1 — London	Teiresias	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 2 — Hamburg, etc.	Glenogle	Br. G.L.E.A.
Nov. 2 — London	†Nellore	Br. M.M. & Co.
Nov. 3 — Scandinavia	Chile	Dan. E. A. Co
Nov. 3 — London	Haruna Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Nov. 7 — Hamburg, etc.	Amazon Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Nov. 7 — Hamburg, etc.	C. of Hankow	Br. J. M. & Co.
Nov. 8 — Rotterdam	Oostkerk	Dut. H.C.T. Co
Nov. 8 — Rotterdam, etc.	Adrastus	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 9 10.00 *Marseilles	†Chili	Fr. M. M. Cie
Nov. 10 — Bombay	Sicilia	Br. M.M. & Co.
Nov. 10 — Scandinavia	Peru	Dan. E. A. Co.
Nov. 13 — London	†Malwa	Br. M.M. & Co.
Nov. 15 — Liverpool	Oanfa	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 15 — Hamburg, etc.	Machaon	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 17 London, etc.	Kamo Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Nov. 20 — Hamburg	A. von Raeyer	Ger. H. S. Line
Nov. 21 — Rotterdam	Ouderkerk	Dut. H. O. T. Co.
Nov. 22 — Hamburg, etc.	Glaucus	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 23 — Marseilles	†Porthos	Fr. M.M. Cie
Nov. 26 — Singapore	W. Prospect	Am. S. & B.
Nov. 27 London	†Kalyan	Br. M.M. & Co.
Nov. 27 — Liverpool	Keemun	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 1 — London	†Katori Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Dec. 3 — Hamburg, etc.	Glengarry	Br. G. L. E. A.
Dec. 6 — London	Sarpedon	Br. B. & S.
Dec. 7 — Marseilles	†Angkor	Fr. M. M Cie
Dec. 9 — Hamburg, etc.	Amur Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Dec. 11 — London	†Devanha	Br. M.M. & Co.
Dec. 15 — London	Atsuta M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Dec. 18 — Hamburg	Hindenburg	Ger. H. S. Line
Dec. 21 — Marseilles	†Chambord	Fr. M.M. Cie
Dec. 25 — London	†Kaisar-I-Hind	Br. M.M. & Co.
Jan. 4 — Marseilles	†Paul Lecat	Fr. M. M. Cie
Jan. 8 — London	†Khiva	Br. M.M. & Co.
Jan. 18 — Marseilles	A. Lebon	Fr. M. M. Cie
Jan. 22 — London	†Macedonia	Br. M.M. & Co.
Feb. 19 — London	†Morea	Br. M.M. & Co.

FOR AUSTRALIA FROM HONGKONG

Nov. 3 — Melbourne, etc.	†St. Albans	Br. M.M. & Co.
Nov. 14 — Melbourne, etc.	†Aki Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Dec. 1 — Melbourne, etc.	†Eastern	Br. M.M. & Co.
Dec. 19 — Melbourne, etc.	†Tango Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Jan. 5 — Melbourne, etc.	†Arafura	Br. M.M. & Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Oct. 28 — Foochow	Haichi	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct. 28 noon S. H'kong C'ton	Shantung	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 29 — Hongkong	E. of Australia	Br. C. P. S.
Oct. 29 5.00 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br. C.P.S.
Oct. 29 5.00 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 30 1.00 S. H'kong, C'ton	Sunning	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 30 5.00 Ningpo	Yungshin	Chi. N. S. S. N.
Oct. 30 5.0 Ningpo	Hsin Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co
Oct. 31 D.L. S. H'kong, C'ton	Tungshing	Br. J. M. & Co
Nov. 1 D.L. A. H'kong, C'ton	Luchow	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 2 — Keelung	Heikyo Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Nov. 2 — Hongkong	E. of Canada	Br. C.P.S.
Nov. 3 7.00 *S. H'kong, C'ton	Liangchow	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 4 — Hongkong, Manila	Shinyo Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Nov. 5 — Hongkong, Manila	P. Madison	Am. Adl. O. Line
Nov. 9 — Hongkong, Manila	P. Lincoln	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov. 9 — Hongkong	Hawaii Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Nov. 12 — Hongkong, Manila	W. Jessup	Am. Lumber Co.
Nov. 13 — Manila, Hongkong	Shidzuoka Mar	Jap. N.Y.K.
Nov. 14 — Manila	W. Sequana	Am. S. & B.
Nov. 16 — Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br. C.P.S.
Nov. 17 — Hongkong, Manila	P. McKinley	Am. Adl. O. Line
Nov. 18 — Hongkong	Siberia M.	Jap. T.K.K.
Nov. 23 — Hongkong, Manila	P. Wilson	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov. 29 — Hongkong, Manila	P. Jackson	Am. Adl. O. Line

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Oct. 28 10.00 *W. C'foo T'tsin	Fausang	Br. J.M. & Co.
Oct. 30 3.00 W. C'foo, T'tsin	Fengtien	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 30 2.00 Tsingtao, Dairen	Sakaki M.	Jap. D.K.K.
Oct. 30 — Chefoo, Tientsin	Hsinwah	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct. 31 D.L. Antung	Esang	Br. J. M. & Co.
Oct. 31 D.L. Tsingtao, Antung	Tingsang	Br. J. M. & Co.
Oct. 31 D.L. W. C'foo, T'tsin	Wosang	Br. J.M. & Co.
Oct. 31 — Dairen, etc.	W. Niger	Am. Lumber Co.
Oct. 31 1.00 Newchwang	Kansu	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 1 1.00 Chefoo, Tientsin	Nanning	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 4 — Dairen, etc.	Kohoku Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Nov. 7 — Dairen, etc.	W. Jester	Am. Lumber Co.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Oct. 28 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct. 29 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangan	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct. 29 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kuiwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Oct. 29 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 29 D.L. Pukow	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 30 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Changon	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Oct. 30 1.00 Wuhu	Shansi	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 30 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct. 30 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Oct. 30 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wenchow	Br. B. & S.
Oct. 31 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct. 31 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Changsha	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 1 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br. J. M. & Co.
Nov. 1 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangshun	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 1 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 2 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kungwo	Br. J.M. & Co.
Nov. 2 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 3 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 3 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Lueny i	Br. B. & S.
Nov. 5 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br. J. M. & Co.

M. N.—MIDNIGHT. D. L.—DAYLIGHT.
†CARRYING MAIL

Information For Mariners

SUNDAY, OCT. 28, 1923

The evening tide are higher than the morning tides, they are about equal at 10 and 11 o'clock.

Approximate rise, at spring 4½ h; at neaps, 3 h.
fall, at spring 3¼ h; at neaps, 7½ h.

Time	Range	Time	Range
1h. 59m.	7ft. 11in.	2h. 15m.	9ft. 4in.

High Water at Tungsha Lightship
(The evening tides are higher than the morning tides.)
Approximate rise, 5½ h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M. H.	A.M. M.	P.M. H.	P.M. M.
1	0	1	16

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset.

Moon Rises	Moon Sets	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Daylight	Dark
7.46 p.m.	8.55 a.m.	6h. 11m.	5h. 17m.	5h. 26m.	6h. 2m.

Mean Barometric Pressure October 30.08 in. 764.1 mm.

Meteorological Reports

October 28, 1923.
Sun rises today at 6.13
Sun sets today at 17.16

	SICCAWEI Oct. 26.		Oct. 27.	
(Inches)	39.94	30.00	29.96	29.99
Barometer (variation for 24 hrs.	−0.05	−0.01	†0.01	−0.02
at 32° F. (variation for 12 hrs.	−0.01	−0.01	†0.02	−0.01
Wind—direction	W	SE	ESE	ESE
Wind—miles per hour	4.3	7.5	9.3	8.7
Temperature (Fahr.)	71°8	60°1	58°3	66°9
Humidity %	46	92	98	90
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	8	10	10	10
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	—	—	—	—

SICCAWEI ABRIDGED REPORT

October 26.	Mean 1922	24 hrs. Variation	Previous average same period
Total rainfall since Jan. 1 to midnight before last (inches)	29.98	−0.09	30.17
Temperature (Max. 57°0) (Fahr.) (Min. 77°9)	67°5	−10°6	60°3
Rainfall (inches)	37.05	0.00	41.75

Steamers Departed

Oct. 26, H.M.S. Bee for Cruise
Oct. 26, Rokko M. for Japan
Oct. 26, Harunasan M. for Wuhu
Oct. 27, Tuckwo for Hankow
Oct. 27, Tungting for Hankow
Oct. 27, Tehhsing for Hankow
Oct. 27, Tafoo M. for Hankow
Oct. 27, Katori M. for Japan
Oct. 27, President Cleveland for San Francisco
Oct. 27, Kitano M. for Europe
Oct. 27, Tjitarcem for Java
Oct. 27, Taishin M. for T. Dairen
Oct. 27, Hague M. for New York
Oct. 27, Tsaangtah 2 for Hankow
Oct. 27, Yamashiro M. for Japan
Oct. 27, Kaiping for Chingwangtao
Oct. 27, Tungchow for W. C. T.
Oct. 27, London M. for Europe
Oct. 27, Chokai M. for C'tao
Oct. 27, Yatshing for S. H. C'ton
Oct. 27, Yekishin M. for T'tao
Oct. 27, Ryusho M. for Wuhu
Oct. 27, Fusan M. for Keelung
Oct. 27, Soochow for A. H. C'ton
Oct. 27, Liangchow for Tsingtao
Oct. 27, R. C. Rickmers for Chemulpo.
Oct. 27, West Cayote for Portland
Oct. 27, Kaiko M. for Wakamatsu
Oct. 27, Yungshin for Ningpo
Oct. 27, H. K'tsen for Ningpo

AUCTION SALES

"MOORE" Shanghai — ESTABLISHED 1874 — Codes A1. ABC 5th Ed. & Bentley

L. MOORE & Co. LIMITED

Auctioneers, Valuers, Land-Brokers
45 Kiangse Road Shanghai
42-44 Bristow Road, Tientsin

Phone { Fire Loss Adjusting Dept. Cent. 153 / Auction Dept. Cent. 6123 / Chinese Department Cent 6126

AUCTIONS

Favored with instructions from T. WEBSTER Esq.
will sell by Public Auction within the premises

No. 7 Washing Rd. (Cor. Yangtszepoo Rd.)
On Monday, October 29th, 1923,
Commencing at 10 a.m. and continuing at 2.30 p.m.
the whole of the Excellent

Household Furniture and Sundries

Special attention is drawn to the excellence of the furniture included in the sale, which is of the highest grade and workmanship and mostly manufactured by Arts and Crafts Ltd.

HALL—Oak stained glass door bookcase, copper top oblong table, Blackwood flower stands,
Leather upholstered spring Couch, arm chairs and side chairs, blackwood clothes stand, curtains, etc., etc.

DRESSING ROOM—White enamelled wardrobe, dressing table, chest of drawers, fancy wall clock, table, etc., etc.

DRAWING ROOM—Axminster carpet, cuckoo clock, Teak tapestry covered and cane back Couch, 7easy chairs, Lady's chairs and stool with cushions, silk and satin covered cushions, teak and blackwood flower stands, mahogany stained book case, bronze figure with clock, oil painting, marble statues, Bronze figure with light, centre table, glass door bookcase, curtains, pictures, Bronze statue "Melodie," blackwood stool, etc., etc.

DINING ROOM—Axminster carpet, fire screen, copper fire brasses, coal bucket, Carved teak sideboard, dinner wagon, extension dining table, leather seated chairs, silver ware cabinet, Peking glass panel screen, teapoys, fancy dinner service, canteen set, silver ware, E. P. and glass ware, crockery, cut-glass ware, wall clock, flower stands, curtains, pictures, copper vases, etc., wicker and rattan ware on verandah.

SITTING ROOM: Axminster carpet, Teak satin covered suite (7 pieces), folding card table, floor lamp, oak desk and cupboard combined, oval table, Japanese tea and coffee set, E. P. ink stand, curtains, etc., etc.,

CONTENTS OF TWO BEDROOMS: Axminster carpets, Imported Suite of Grey veneered walnut furniture comprising oval bevelled mirror door wardrobe, oval bevelled mirror back dressing table, chest of drawers, marble top washstand, double bedstead with Simmon's mattress and 2 chairs, pedestal, small table, Grey enamelled Lady's desk and stool, silk tapestry covered easy chairs with covers, Cream enamelled Wardrobe, dressing table with 3 bevelled mirrors, chest of drawers pedestals, chairs, folding desk, flower stand, cloth stand, table, Black and white bedsteads with Simmon's mattress, stool, vases, cushions, curtains, bed linen, etc., etc.

BATH ROOM: White enamelled mirror back cabinets, trousers press, chairs, basket, etc.,

DRESSING ROOM: Red axminster carpet, cream enamelled mirror door wardrobe, mirror back chiffonier, cane back and seated Couch, arm chairs, side chairs, stool with cushions, round table, cloth stand, curtains, etc.,

ATTIC: Carpets, mahogany stained bevelled mirror door wardrobe, dressing table, glass door book case, oil stoves, ice cream freezer carpet sweeper, etc.,

Pantry and Kitchen as usual
also
Fine-Toned Upright Grand Piano, by Moutrie.
Oscillating Table Fans.
"Victor" Victrola and records.
Grandfather Clock
Plants, Iron Garden Roller, Garden Hose
On view Saturday and Sunday the 27th and 28th, October.

Favored with instructions from Mrs. R. A. Harder
will sell by Public Auction within the premises

at No. 48 Range Road
On Tuesday, October 30th, 1923,
Commencing at 10 a.m.
the whole of the
Excellent
Household Furniture and Sundries
Comprising

HALL & LANDING—Mirror back hat stand, earthenware flower stands, Axminster stair carpet and brass rods, teak book shelf & Books linen cupboard, bamboo chairs, cloth stand, pictures, vases, etc.

SITTING ROOM—Matting, Carved blackwood tables, marble top stool, inlaid chair, black stained curio cabinet, wall mirror, pictures, vases, ornaments, etc.

DINING ROOM—Axminster carpet, rugs, copper coal scuttle, overmantle, Japanese inlaid fire screen and panel, double spring Couch, Bevelled mirror back sideboard, silver ware cabinet, extension dining table, chairs, small cabinet, flower stand, center tables, Ningpo inlaid teapoy, E. P. and Glass ware, crockery, brass and porcelain vases, ornaments, Wall clock, electric table fan, pictures, curtains, etc., etc.

CONTENTS OF FIVE BEDROOMS—Axminster carpets, rugs, skin rugs, overmantle, brass fender, fire brasses, Oak and mahogany stained bedroom suites comprising Bevelled mirror door wardrobes, bevelled mirror back dressing tables, chest of drawers pedestals, commodes, towels, 2 camphor wood chest of drawers and desk combined, camphor wood bevelled mirror door wardrobe, Teak Wardrobe, dressing table, chest of drawers, twin Simmon's bedsteads single and double bedsteads, elder-down quilt, feather pillows, bed linens, curtains, rocking chair, easy chairs, flat top desk, screens, electric reading lamps, soft, tin lined sofa, brass and porcelain Vases, ornaments, pictures, shells, etc.

BATHROOM—Porcelain lavatory Basin with taps, cloth basket, cloth stand, chairs, commodes, etc., etc.

Pantry and Kitchen as usual
also
1 Wooden Gold inlaid Westminster Chime Clock
On View Sunday and Monday 28th and 29th

Favored with instructions from the Concerned,
will sell by Public Auction within the premises

at No 1229 Route Lafayette (off Ave. du Roi Albert)
On Tuesday, October 30th, 1923,
Commencing at 2.30 p.m.
the whole of the

Excellent Household Furniture and Sundries

comprising

HALL—Axminster carpets, mirror back hat and umbrellas stands, Pictures, curtains, table, drop light, etc

DRAWING ROOM—Book cases, Salamandre stove, overmantle, teak folding card table, table, set of Teak teapoys, teak chairs, flower stands, pictures, Valvet curtains, brass and porcelain vases and ornaments, gramophone records, baby's chairs, etc., etc.

DINING ROOM—Japanese fire screen, overmantle, Teak bevelled mirror back sideboard, teak bevelled mirror back cellarette, extension dining table and chairs, Book case, cupboard, E. P. and glass ware, crockery, teak, flower stands, pictures vases, ornaments, curtains, wall clock, black stained sideboard and dinner wagon, rattan table and chairs, etc., etc.

CONTENTS OF THREE BEDROOM—Carpets, rugs, arm chairs, white enamelled wardrobes, dressing tables, washstand, Teak chest of drawers, twin bedsteads, oak dressing table, book case, double wooden bedsteads, cupboard, wardrobe, pedestals, towel rack, blackwood chairs, cupboards, mirror door medicine cabinet, bed linen, pictures, vases, ornaments, wall clock electric irons.

BATHROOM—White enamelled pier-glass, glass filter, cabinet, tables, enamelled jugs, shelves, chairs, etc., etc.

Pantry and Kitchen as usual
also
OLIVER TYPEWRITER
GRAMOPHONE WITH RECORDS AND CABINET
4-BLADE CEILING FAN fitted with 2 lights
On view Monday and Tuesday

IN FRONT SALESROOM
On Tuesday, October 30th, 1923, Commencing at 10 a.m.

Excellent Household Furniture and Sundries

Comprising:—

Solid teak dining table with 4 leaves, Good pictures, Porcelain wash basin, Mahogany, stained bevelled mirror door wardrobe, Bevelled mirror back dressing table, chest of drawers, Night table Commode, Bedroom chairs, Rattan furniture, Chinese brass stove, Office desk, Sofa, Arm chairs, Double wooden & iron bedsteads with wire & other mattresses, Mahogany stained inlaid Escritoire, White enamel bevelled mirror back hat & umbrella stand, Double high desks, Ice chest, E. P. Ware, Chinese Bronze & Porcelain Curios German square heating stove Salamandre stoves, Tientsin carpet, Electric table fan, Crockery, Glass ware, Books, Cooking utensils, Flower stand Mirror back sideboard, Dinner wagon, Cloth stand, Leather suit case and sundries, etc., etc.

ALSO

Columbia Grafonola
Billiard table with balls and cues
Fine toned Organ,

NOW ON VIEW

IN FRONT SALESROOM
On Wednesday, October 31st, 1923 Commencing at 10 a.m.

New Carpets and Superior New Household Furniture

Comprising:—

A Nice Selection of New Axminster, Velvet Pile, Brussels and TAPESTRY CARPETS IN ASSORTED COLOURS AND DIFERENT SIZES, 30 PAIRS FINE WHITE WOOLLEN BLANKETS, Axminster Hearth Rugs, Stair Carpets, EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE Comprising:—

Teak, Oak and Blackwood, AMERICAN DESIGN DARKSTAINED SMOKING ROOM FURNITURE.

HALL.—Oak Hat & Umbrella Stand, Table, Settee, etc.

DRAWING ROOM.—SILK TAPESTRY COVERED TEAK MAHOGANY SUITE, Silver ware cabinet with silk tapestry lining, Bevelled mirror back Chiffonier, Music cabinet, Lady's escritoire, 3 fold Screen, Teapoy, centre table, blackwood carved side table, column stand, Morris Rocking chair with tapestry cushion, Tapestry Double spring couch, arm chairs, Brass Fender, Fire Brasses Coal Box, Ornaments etc.

DINING ROOM.—Darkstained carved suite comprising:—mirror back sideboard, cellarette, Extension Oval Dining table, Dining chairs, Silver ware cabinet, screen in one pattern, E. P. Crockery & Glass ware, Damask Table Cloth, Napkins, etc.

DINING ROOM.—Darkstained carved suite comprising:—mirror back sideboard, cellarette, Extension Oval Dining table, Dining chairs, Silver ware cabinet, screen in one patern, E. P. Crockery and Glass ware, Damask Table Cloth, Napkins, etc.

BEDROOM.—One Oak Suite (Medium Size) One Mahogany Suite (Small) all fitted with Oval Bevelled Mirrors, Double and Single Wooden Bedsteads, Cretonne covered Couch and Arm chairs, Elder down quilts, etc.

also

40 GILT FRAMED AND MAHOGANY OIL PAINTINGS,
1 NEW GRAMOPHONE WITH RECORD CABINET COMBINED,
1 CANTEEN SET IN CASE.

On View on 29th and 30th October 1923
Monday and Tuesday

CARGO AUCTION
On Wednesday, Oct. 31st 1923 at 2.30 p m.

15 Cases Rubber Ware, 150 Dozen Half Hose, All Wool Scarves, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Soft Collers, Gloves, Hats, Caps, Razors, Hair Clippers, Straps, Rubber Heels, Naphtaline Powder and Balls, Type Writers, Buttons, Advertising Blocks, Glass Beads, Tumblers, Silk Chains, Mantles, Cigar Cutters, Photo Lens, Trusses, 5 Bales Matting, 3 Bales Leaf Tobacco, Cigars, Tobacco Pipes, Playing Cards, Intona Self-Toning P.O.P., Caramel Coloring, Aluminium Galv. Paint, Sole Protectors, Axes, Files, Hinges, Levels, Glass Shades, Soap Powder, Intercommunication Telephone With Cable, 6 Cases Wool, Etc.,

also

4 Motor Car Tyres 875 x 105 (New Stock)
10 Bales Army Blankets,
1,000 Drums Paint, (White Composition)
1 Loose Reed Overpick Power Loom 42" (Complete)
9 Cases Substantive Violet (German Aniline Dyes)

Now on View

L. MOORE & CO., LTD.
No. 45 Kiangse Road

NOTICE

The Undersigned has purchased all interest in the American Auction & Sales Company, of Tientsin from Mr. Joseph Altshuler, and is now the Sole owner of the American Auction & Sales Company.

The Public is also informed that the American Auction & Sales Company has no other Branches or Representatives than the Undersigned.

CHARLES LIEBGOLD.

American Auction & Sales Co.

Tientsin, Oct. 13th, 1923.

W. Funder & Co.

Auctioneers, Real Estate Agents, Adjusters, Appraisers, & Coal Merchants

Having been favoured with instructions from The Concerned

Will sell by Public Auction At The Portland Restaurant No. 13 Nanzing Road (Corner of Seward Road)

On
Monday, October 29th, 1923.
At 10 a.m. (Forenoon)
Useful Household Furniture & Sundries, etc.,
Comprising:—

HALL:—Signboards, linoleum, hat and umbrella stands, wall mirrors, hall table and chairs, stoves, mantle pieces, 4-blade electric ceiling fan, curtains, pictures, etc.,

DINING ROOM:—Linoleum on floor, mantle mirrors, tapestry covered easy chairs, sofa, mirror back sideboard, extension dining table and chairs, brass and porcelain ornaments, etc.,

3 BED ROOMS:—Matting on floor, wicker table and chairs, sofa, arm chairs mantle mirrors, mirror door wardrobe, dressing table, chest of drawers, washstands, brass mounted single iron bedsteads, pictures curtains, sundries, etc.,

Pantry and Kitchen as usual. Electric fittings throughout.
also
A quantity of High-class Champagne, vermouth, and liqueur, etc,

Now on view.

W. Funder & Co.

Auctioneers, Real Estate Agents, Adjusters, Appraisers, and Coal Merchants

will sell by Public Auction within their Godown
No. 40 A Kiangse Road
On
Tuesday, October 30th, 1923
At 10 a.m. (Forenoon)
Superior Wines, Spirits, Liqueurs, Liquors, Sunday Cargo, etc.,
Comprising:—

20 Cases Champagne
15 Cases Vermouth (Italian and French)
20 Cases Scotch Whisky
50 Cases Brandy (Old)
5 Cases Port Wine
15 Cases Hock
10 Cases Liqueurs
10 Cases Stout
and
100 Cases Jeffrey's British Pilsener Beer and Stout
also
20 Cases Imperial Photo Plates and Extra Rapid Plates
Sizes 6½ x 4¾ inches
6½ x 3½ inches
9 x 12 C. M.
10 x 12 inches
56 Rolls gaslight Photo Paper (Palobrom) 10 foot x 25 inches
20 Rolls gaslight Photo Paper (Palobrom) 10 foot x 20 inches
8 Boxes photo paper in sheets, 4¾ inches x 6½ inches
All sound and in good condition.
10 Kegs wire nails, 29 cases patent medicines, 6 cases glass lantern globes, 5 bales Woodfree printing paper, 5 pieces oval ham boilers, 40 sets fancy baskets, 100 boxes cigars, and a quantity of provisions including a quantity of Italian tomato sauce in tins, etc.,
Now on View

W. Funder & Co.

Auctioneers, Real Estate Agents, Adjusters, Appraisers, and Coal Merchants

will sell by Public Auction within their Saleroom
No. 40 A Kiangse Road
On
Wednesday, October 31, 1923
At 10 a.m. (Forenoon)
Useful Household Furniture and Sundries, etc.,
Comprising:—

Mirror back overmantle, tapestry and cloth covered double spring couches and easy chairs, oakwood dining room suit, silver ware cabinet, white painted mirror back bedroom furniture, wooden and iron bedsteads, bookcase, center table, glass door showcases, rattan chairs, perambulators, gramophone and records, lacquered table, carpets, matting, porcelain vases, pictures, raincoats, gent's and ladies' clothing, sundries, etc.

also
One Eveready Auto-ped in good condition
One "Remington" typewriter
One "Oliver" typewriter
One rubber tyred ricshaw
A Quantity of Walk Over high-class gent's and ladies' boots and shoes

Now on view

C 2240

UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE
Serves U Right—Day & Night
$1 First 20 Min. $3 per Hr.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Hsin Klangteen from Ningpo: Mrs. Stenshalt, Mr. H. W. Sicke.

Per I-C. s.s. Kutwo from Hankow and ports: Mrs. Tolson, Messrs. W. L. Sanders, J. Bristow, Humphreys, Alberte, Vogel, Mr. and Mrs. Vanderstegen, Mr. and Mrs. Chapple.

Per M.M. s.s. Porthos from Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. Lo and four children, Mme Bee, Mme Fernusa and infant, Miss Druilhon, Mr. and Mrs. Lupunt, Mr. and Mrs. Weis and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Gills, Mr. and Mrs. Laffargue, Mr. and Mrs. Sarton Hubert and infant, Miss O'Neill, Misses Bidwell, Mr. and Mrs. Carl, Mr. and Mrs. Doudoux and infant, Messrs. Hubert, Van Wylich, Hourcade, Turnbull, Rustad, Jugo, Mr. and Mrs. Cochet, Mr. and Mrs. Neut, Miss Van Lipperelde, Mrs. Gidcon and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Rydgard and two children, Miss Gab, Van dun Bos, Mrs. Mergot and child, Mr. and Mrs. Marion, Miss Marartic, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Bibe Montier, Mr. and Mrs. Lemoing and child, Mr. and Mrs. Fournier and child, Messrs. Walch, Cambeigh, Valran, Jacquelin, Oserberger, Marrais; from Port Said: Mr. and Mrs. Simon Malkassian; from Singapore: Messrs. J. A. Pearson, J. X. Pearson; from Saigon: Mr. and Mrs. Malton, Mr. Richer, Messrs. Herouedan, Lambert, Le Coat, Mrs. Matsu Sameshima; from Hongkong: Mr. and Mrs. Bidwell, Mr. G. S. Bidwell, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Cang, Miss M. Milne, Mme Duffield and two children, Mrs. T. J. Elias and child, Mrs. Elias, Mrs. L. B. Santos and infant, Mrs. H. Barros, Mrs. E. Cuno and two children, Mr. Mayo, Mr. D. S. Levy.

Per C.P.S. s.s. Empress of Asia from Hongkong: Mr. and Mrs. S. Berg, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Childe, Mrs. W. B. and Master Cornaby, Mrs. Chao Po-yew, Messrs. Chan Poon, H. Drever, Miss V. Danenberg, Col. C. W. Davy, Messrs. C. Easler, G. Earnshaw, Major Gen. Sir and Lady J. Fowler, Messrs. Fung Tat-hang, A. G. Groves, C. S. Gubbay, B. C. Guy, Major W. J. Holdich, Mr. and Mrs. Ho Shai-kit, Mr. Hung Chee Wing, Mrs. Ho Kom Tong, Sir James Jamieson, Messrs. P. A. Jehl, Kwok Tam-wan, K. K. Kwok, Mr. and Mrs. Kwok Young, Mr. and Mrs. and Master Kong U Ping, Mrs. Lau, Mr. and Mrs. Lam Woo, Messrs. S. Leung, D. C. Logan, J. B. de H. Moore, H. C. MacNamara, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Moltzer, Messrs. L. Pollock, B. Rasmussen, H. Razavett, A. W. Robson, M. A. Razack, M. B. Shroff, E. Sadick, I. D. R. Sparks, Mrs. She, Mr. and Mrs. J. Treyer-Smith, Messrs. H. Tejumal, P. K. Wong, Wong Po-koung, Wong Wing-tak, Wong Kon, Wong Chong-yuen, P. K. Yeung, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Weymss, Miss P. T. Wong, Mrs. T. R. Crank and three children, Mr. M. A. Goan, Miss A. Hancock, Mrs. A. B. Kal, Mr. U. T. Thadami; through for Vancouver: Major and Mrs. E. P. Brown, Mr. E. Schweninger, Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Van Riper, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Wilson, Mr. W. Watkinson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Anthony and three children, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Cowles and seven children, Miss L. T. Horst, Mr. E. Knight, M. T. Maynard, Mrs. L. Nelson; for Kobe: Mr. F. Metharam.

Per Adl. O. Line s.s. President Jefferson from Manila and Hongkong: Mr. and Mrs. Mok Konsang, Messrs. E. H. Hall, P. L. Gillett, L. Freeman, H. Cooper, R. and Mrs. Dora Frasch, Andrew Kan, H. R. Remington, G. H. G. Caulton, G. Gassoun, J. Nieuwenhugo and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Lau Tak-po, Miss Lau Mo-yi, Capt. W. I. Eisler, Messrs. A. J. Allen, E. W. Petitt, W. R. Stewart, D. L. Kelsey, Miss V. Capell, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Hauss, Mr. and Mrs. Chan Sui-ki, Mrs. Chau Tsun Nip, Mrs. Chau Chak-wen, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Stearns, Mrs. F. W. Geisler, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Kotewall, Gen. T. L. Hartigan, Messrs. A. H. Carroll, K. W. Chan, K. M. Leon, McHoy, Yung Hin-kwan, F. J. McMullen, O. R. Magill, W. P. Mills, A. G. Robinson, C. W. Harvey, A. M. Beaven, E. M. Hayes, L. N. Hayes, B. Y. Chu, H. Evangelista, Geo. Findlay, L. S. Moon, Lee Yee, Li Liong, Li Pok-lee, Y. T. Tai, Mr. and Mrs. A. and Miss E. Rasmussen, Miss Pon, Mr. and Mrs. Chung Hi Wan, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. de Touche, Gen. Tang Kwan-shan, Miss Tang, Miss Lucia Luciano, Mrs. Lau Kwai-po, Miss Dorothy Ulbrick, Mr. H. W. Jollup; through for Seattle: Mr. Crocker; for Victoria: Mr. and Mrs. A. Brostedt.

KLIM BRAND **POWDERED MILK**
Recommended for Infant Food. Fresh Pure Whole Rich Liquid Milk made as wanted.
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS

We are the exclusive agents for Vermifuge the 150 year-old remedy which cures all diseases due to the presence of parasites.
PHARMACIE MODERNE
Open Day and Night
286-288 Ave. Joffre Tel. W. 3974

CHINESE ORIENTAL RUGS
GREAT AUTUMN SALE
We offer 20% to 30% Cash discount for three weeks only commencing October 12th to November 1st, on all goods sold.
The Great Northern Carpet Co., Ltd.
362, Nanking Road. Tel. C. 1731
62672

HIRE CARS
WESTERN STATION CENTRAL STATION
Phone West {3533 3534 North {1463 3063
QUICK & EFFICIENT SERVICE
Great Northern Garage Co. Asiatic Motors Inc.,
General Managers.

The
JADE TREE
Studios
Special Showing of Blackwood and Carpets
64 Route Ghisi
(Phone-West 1440)

Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking for Ningpo: Mr. J. C. Dowling.

Per C.N. s.s. Tungting for Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Moncrieff and child.

Per C.N. s.s. Soochow for Amoy: Mr. and Mrs. A. L. John; for Hongkongp Messrs. Spicer, H. Saulais; for Canton: Mrs. E. T. Pollax and child, Mrs. O. T. Stoyanovitch and two children.

Per P.M. s.s. President Cleveland for San Francisco: Mrs. M. C. and Miss L. Sanders, Mr. and Mrs. M. Olsufieff, Mrs. J. H. Reed and infant, Miss Grace Anderson, Dr. and Mrs. T. Stearns and infant, Miss H. Watson, Mrs. M. H. Houghton, Mme. Schwetzoff, Master A. Momber, Mrs. W. F. de Buywenniger, Messrs. A. T. Newman, O. A. Paole, E. M. Toulmin, F. Harrop, R. E. Smith, Dan Davidson.

Per C.N. s.s. Shantung for Canton: Mr. W. O. Law.

Per C.P.S. s.s. Erpress of Asia for Vancouver: Mrs. F. H. Bugbird, Mrs. Carl Crow, Mrs. A. Covell, Messrs. P. E. Cadman, H. de Hesselle, F. de M. Gherini, Miss E. C. Huneker, Mr. J. Klubien, Mr. and Mrs. G. and Miss McGarva, Mrs. A. and Master E. Paul, Miss E. A. Shaw, Mr. H. Anderson, Miss L. C. Anderson, Mrs. G. and Master Archer, Messrs. W. F. Bogert, T. De Grauw, Ch. T. Denis, Mrs. E. H. Heath, Mr. F. Knauf, Mrs. H. G. MacKenzie, Messrs. C. X. Shluger, M. I. Savelson, J. L. Spoelstra, A. Turetsky, Tsui Tsung-tung, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. and Miss Mabel Welch.

THE ACME OF PERFECTION
Argenta
PHILIPS ARGENTA
A PIPLESS BULB OF OPAL GLASS
PHILIPS CHINA COMPANY, 41, Szechuen Road, (Brunner Mond Bldg.) SHANGHAI